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Workforce Management Supervisor Help

Workforce Management 8.5.2

8/28/2024

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Workforce Management 8.5 Supervisor Help

Welcome to the Workforce Management (WFM) Supervisor Help. Use this page to go directly to the information you need, or use the Table of Contents to take a step-by-step tour of all the features and functions in WFM Supervisor interface.

Tip

This Help describes the latest UI for the Workforce Management (WFM) Forecast, Performance, and Calendar modules (introduced in 8.5.2). If you are using the classic Supervisor interface and have landed on this page by accident, see *Workforce Management Web for Supervisors (Classic) Help*, which describes the classic Forecast module, Calendar module, Performance module, and all other modules in WFM Web.

Getting Started

Learn how to navigate WFM Web, logging in/out, and about its controls and settings.

- WFM Web: What you should know
- Logging in and out
- Common controls in the UI

Tour the latest WFM Forecast Interface

Link to video

Take a video tour of the features and controls of the latest WFM Forecast interface.

Forecast Scenarios

Create forecast scenarios, build volumes, staff, and publish forecasts.

Forecast Overlays, Events, and Templates

Create overlays, overlay events, and templates in forecasts.

About Forecast scenarios Volumes in scenarios Staffing in scenarios Shrinkage in scenarios Master Forecasts View Master Forecast volumes, staffing, and shrinkage data. About Master Forecasts Volumes in the Master Forecast Staffing in the Master Forecast

Calendar Items

Create and manage calendar items.

About Calendar Items

Add Calendar Items

Edit Calendar Items

Update Schedule

Time-Off Limits

Set time-off limits

About Time-Off Limits Set Values Dialog Set Time-Off Limits Wizard

Learn about the latest WFM Performance Interface

Performance views

View performance statistics for business units, sites, and activities:

About Performance views

Monitor view

Intra-Day table view

Alerts view

Overview

Тір

This page is an overview of the latest UI for the Workforce Management (WFM) Forecast, Performance, and Calendar modules (introduced in 8.5.2). If you are using the classic Supervisor interface and have landed on this page by accident, see the Overview page in the *Workforce Management Web for Supervisors Help (Classic)*, which describes all modules , including the classic Forecast module, classic Performance module and classic Calendar module.

This Help provides a comprehensive guide to the features and functions of the latest UI of WFM Supervisor Forecast, Performance, and Calendar modules. In addition, it offers some general guidance on using web browsers. If you require more assistance on using your web browser, refer to the browser's help system.

Supervisor Help Topics

The red underlined links below will take you directly to a topic. Links are available throughout the Supervisor Help to give you easy access to information.

Getting Started	Explains some WFM Web basics such as security features, accessibility, limitations in browsers, setting the clock, where to find a Glossary of Terms, and links to information about other WFM Supervisors modules. Sub topics include logging in and out of WFM and a description of common controls in the interface.
Forecast Module	Explains how to make workload and staffing forecasts or predictions for one or more sites.
Performance Module	Allows you to view performance statistics for business units, sites, and activities.
Calendar Module	Explains how to view, add, edit, and delete preplanned items, such as exceptions and preferences; how to grant or decline these items; and how to set time-off limits.

Printing this online Help



If you prefer to print the Help rather than use it online, complete the following steps:

- 1. In the upper-right section of the page, click **Download a PDF**.
- 2. In the drop-down menu, select one of two options:
 - PDF this manual
 - PDF this page
- 3. When the dialog open, select of the following:
 - **Open with** to select the application, with which you want to view and print the Help (Adobe Acrobat v9 is recommended).
 - Save File to save the Help to a folder on your computer.
- 4. When the download is complete, open and view the file on your computer offline, or navigate to the

folder where you saved the .pdf file and use the **Print** function in your application to print the file.

Getting started

Tip

This page is an overview of the latest UI for the Workforce Management (WFM) Forecast, Performance, and Calendar modules (introduced in 8.5.2). If you are using the classic Supervisor interface and have landed on this page by accident, see the Overview page in the *Workforce Management Web for Supervisors Help (Classic)*, which describes all modules , including the classic Forecast module, classic Performance module and classic Calendar module.

Site supervisors can use a web browser to log in to WFM Web for Supervisors and perform the following tasks:

- Add availability, days off, exceptions, shifts, time off, and working hours.
- Edit agent exceptions, preferences, and time off.
- Review rotating patterns.
- Forecast staffing requirements, based on service objectives and historical data.
- View performance statistics for business units, sites, and activities.

Security features

WFM Web includes security features that prevent unauthorized access to information. You can view and make changes only to those modules and objects (such as business units or sites) for which you have security access. You cannot access other modules or objects.

Using multiple browser windows

If you are using Mozilla Firefox, Genesys recommends that you not run WFM Web in more than one browser window on the same workstation, because doing so can cause the application to behave in unexpected ways.

If you are using Internet Explorer, Genesys recommends (for the same reason) that you not open a second browser window on the same WFM Web session by selecting **File** > **New** or pressing **Ctrl+N**. However, starting a separate WFM Web session by launching a separate Internet Explorer browser thread does not appear to cause this problem.

Setting the clock

WFM Web for Supervisors picks up the regional settings or locale from the browser language settings. You may wish to change this if, for example, WFM Web appears in a 12-hour format and you want to view a 24-hour format.

Glossary of Terms

The terms and acronyms that are used throughout the WFM documentation appear as links that reference a glossary containing their definitions. You can view these definitions by clicking the link, which opens in a pop-up window on the page you are viewing. For example, average handle time.

Also, see the entire Genesys Glossary.

Links to more information

The new Supervisor interface currently contains the Performance, Forecast, and Calendar modules only. Other modules are currently under development.

Logging in and out	Explains how to start your WFM Web session.
Common controls	Explains the layout and functions of the WFM Web controls in the new Supervisor interface.
Forecasts	Explains how to forecast staffing requirements based on projected interaction volumes and service objectives.
Performance	Allows you to view performance statistics for business units, sites, and activities.
Calendar	Explains how to view, add, edit, and delete preplanned items, such as exceptions and preferences; how to grant or decline these items; and how to set time-off limits.

Logging in and out

Tip

This page is an overview of the latest UI for the Workforce Management (WFM) Forecast, Performance, and Calendar modules (introduced in 8.5.2). If you are using the classic Supervisor interface and have landed on this page by accident, see the Overview page in the *Workforce Management Web for Supervisors Help (Classic)*, which describes all modules , including the classic Forecast module, classic Performance module and classic Calendar module.

Before you can log in to WFM, you must have the WFM Web URL (address). In some contact centers, the Log in page might be set up and ready for you to enter your username and password. If this is not the case, ask your administrator for the WFM Web URL. After typing it into your browser, WFM displays the splash screen for the Log in user interface (UI).

Tip

WFM has a new Supervisor interface that you can access after logging in to Web for Supervisors (if you have the appropriate access rights). To use the new interface, see Opening the new Supervisor UI.

Logging in to WFM

ļ	sername	
P		
	assword	
	Log in	The WFM Home
	Version 8.5.212.04	view opens.
GENESYS	Configurati	on Policies Calendar Forecast Schedule Trading Performance Averence R
Home >		
CONFIGURATION	E POLICIES	CALENDAR
Notifications	Exception Types	Calendar Items
Colors	Time-Off Types	Time-Off Limits
Shared Transport	Time-Off Rules	TRADING
Agents	Meetings	Ust of trades
Organization	Marked Times	III REPORTS
Time-Off Bidding Periods	Shifts	Reports Scheduler
Schedule State Groups	Contracts	Generated Reports
Activities	Rotating Patterns	Configuration Reports
Users	SCHEDULE	Policies Reports
Roles	Scenarios	Calendar Reports
FORECAST	Master Schedule Coverage	Forecast Reports
Scenarios	Master Schedule Weekly	Performance Reports
Templates	Master Schedule Intra-Day	Schedule Reports
Overlays	Master Schedule Agent-Extended	Adherence Reports
Import	Master Schedule Summary	Audit Reports
Master Forecast Volumes	Master Schedule State Group Totals	
Master Porecast Staming	Master Schedule Overtime Requirement	
Master Forecast Overheads	Master Schedule Changes Approval	
Master Porecast Graphs	III ADMERENCE	
Historical Data Volumes	Details	

To start using WFM:

- 1. Obtain the URL (address) for the WFM application from your administrator.
- 2. Open a web browser.
- 3. Copy and paste or type the URL into your browser's address bar and press **Enter**. **The Log in window appears.**
- 4. Enter your user name and password.
- 5. Click **OK**.

If WFM Web validates your user name and password, the Supervisors (Classic) **Home** view opens. If WFM cannot log you in, it displays an error message indicating the problem. Either click **Login** to try again (for example, if you think that you typed an incorrect user name or password), or click **Show**

error details.

Important

When using the Firefox web browser, ensure multiple supervisors are not logged in to the same host at the same time.

Opening the latest Forecast UI

Depending on how WFM Web is set up in your contact center, you might or might not see the option to open the New UI. If you do not see this option and require access permission, contact your administrator.



To open the new Forecast UI:

- 1. First, log in to the Supervisors (Classic) interface. See the procedure above.
- 2. In the top-right corner of the classic **Home** view (or any view), click **New UI**. **The new UI for all available modules are displayed.**
- 3. Click the **Forecast** drop-down menu to select and open any view in the **Forecast** module.

Tip

You can switch to the classic Supervisor UI at anytime by clicking the **Log in/Log out** drop-down menu and selecting **Switch to classic UI**.

Opening the latest Performance UI

Depending on how WFM Web is set up in your contact center, you might or might not see the option to open the New UI. If you do not see this option and require access permission, contact your administrator.



To open the new Performance UI:

- 1. First, log in to the Supervisors (Classic) interface. See the procedure above.
- 2. In the top-right corner of the classic **Home** view (or any view), click **New UI**. **The new UI for all available modules are displayed.**
- 3. Click the **Performance** drop-down menu to select and open any view in the **Performance** module.

Tip

You can switch to the classic Supervisor UI at anytime by clicking the Log in/Log out

drop-down menu and selecting **Switch to classic UI**.

Opening the latest Calendar UI

Depending on how WFM Web is set up in your contact center, you might or might not see the option to open the New UI. If you do not see this option and require access permission, contact your administrator.



To open the new Calendar UI:

1. First, log in to the Supervisors (Classic) interface. See the procedure above.

- 2. In the top-right corner of the classic **Home** view (or any view), click **New UI**. **The new UI for all available modules are displayed.**
- 3. Click the **Calendar** drop-down menu to select and open any view in the **Calendar** module.

Tip

You can switch to the classic Supervisor UI at anytime by clicking the **Log in/Log out** drop-down menu and selecting **Switch to classic UI**.

Changing the local timezone

WFM enables you to view your user settings and change your timezone in the **User Settings** dialog by clicking the **Log in/Log out** drop down menu.



To change your timezone:

- 1. In the upper-right corner of any view, click the down arrow beside your username.
- 2. Select User settings... The User Settings dialog opens.
- 3. Click the **Time Zone** drop-down menu and select your timezone.
- 4. Click Save.

You can also view your first name, last name, email address, and WFM security role in this dialog,

although you cannot change these settings.

Logging out

Always log out when you have finished using WFM. If you do not log out, other users of your workstation might be able to view your account information.



To log out of WFM:

- 1. Click the down arrow beside your name to open the drop-down menu.
- 2. Select Log out. WFM Web logs you out and the Login screen appears.

Another user can now log in or you can close the browser.

Common controls in the UI

Tip

This page is an overview of the latest UI for the Workforce Management (WFM) Forecast, Performance, and Calendar modules (introduced in 8.5.2). If you are using the classic Supervisor interface and have landed on this page by accident, see the Overview page in the *Workforce Management Web for Supervisors Help (Classic)*, which describes all modules , including the classic Forecast module, classic Performance module and classic Calendar module.

The views and panes in the WFM Supervisor interface display some combination of the controls described below, depending upon selections that you make in the Objects pane.

Buttons and icons	The following buttons and icons appear at the WFM interface:
Log Out	Log Out closes WFM Web, without confirming your choice if there are no changes to save.
:	Option menu enables you to select from a list of view-specific commands. This menu's contents change as you move among modules and views, and often match the command icons that appear on the toolbar.
?	Help icon opens WFM Web Help at the view-level topic. For example, if you open Forecast > Scenarios and click this icon, the Help topic opens, describing the Scenarios view.
Help	Contextual Help button opens WFM Web Help at the wizard or dialog topic. For example, if you click this button in a wizard or dialog, the Help topic opens, describing the wizard or dialog.
٩	Search icon enables you to enter search criteria to quickly find the object you are looking for. The criteria you enter will depend on which pane you have open. Result that are found to match the search criteria are highlighted.
	Sort button enables you to sort lists to easily find the items you are looking for. The sorting criteria will vary, depending on which pane you have open.
< 7/1/18 🛗 to 7/7/18 >	Date selectors enable you to change the date or date range in a view. See more below.
<pre></pre>	Paging controls enable you to browse the previous and next pages or navigate to the first and last items in the data set (start and end of the

	list), by clicking the appropriate arrow button in the view. To navigate between pages, you can use the Up , Down , Page Up , and Page Down keys on the keyboard.
1 - 25 of 121 25 Y per page	Rows per page selector enables you to choose the number of table rows you want to see on a page. Use the drop-down menu to select 5, 25, 50, and 100 rows per page.
	Click to open a drop-down list of views in the WFM module: Forecast . The views include:
	Forecast Scenarios
	 Master Forecast > Volumes
	 Master Forecast > Staffing
	 Master Forecast > Shrinkage
	Templates
	• Overlays
Modules and Views	Click to open a drop-down list of views in the WFM module: Performance . The views include:
	• Monitor
	• Intra-Day
	• Alerts
	Click to open a drop-down list of views in the WFM module: Calendar . The views include:
	Calendar Items
	Time-Off Limits
Actions Toolbar	The buttons on the toolbar (often, not always) correspond to the commands on the Option menu. Hover your mouse pointer over a toolbar button to see a tool tip that displays the button's name. See an example.
	This pane offers several different display schemes, depending on the current selection of tab and menu item:
Objects Pane	Tabs: module-specific item trees under separate tabs One tree: Business Units (BUs) > Sites One tree: BUs > Sites> Activities Upper tree: BUs > Sites> Teams > Agents Lower tree: BUs > Multi-site Activities > Activity Groups > Sites > Activities
	When there are two selecting items in either of these two trees, it triggers an automatic selection of corresponding items in the other tree.
	At the site level, you may see a team in the tree labeled <none>. This node lists any agents that are assigned to the site,</none>

	but not assigned to a team. If all agents in that site are assigned to a team, then the <none> team is empty. The only exceptions to this hierarchy are when Scenarios is selected or when you use the Configuration or Reports modules.</none>
	Clicking an object in a tree (or clicking its expand/collapse control) displays the object's contents below it, indented slightly. When you have displayed the desired object, double-click it (or click it once, and then click Get data) to open the selected view for that object.
	Where the Objects tree displays check boxes, you can usually
	select / deselect multiple objects by selecting () / clearing () their check boxes, respectively. Certain views do not display check boxes; in this case, you can select multiple objects by clicking the group of objects while pressing the SHIFT or CTRL key. Some views and windows allow you to select only a single object.
Expand/Collapse Controls	Wherever you see the icon in a tree or other
	the adjacent item's contents or details. The \checkmark icon indicates an expanded item. Click it once to collapse the item's contents and see more parallel items.
Action Buttons	View-level action buttons within the working pane provide controls that are specific to particular views (for example, apply or cancel).
	The Get data button Get data, when present at the lower left below the Objects tree, refreshes the display with current data from the database.
	Tip Not all modules use the Get data button. If there is no Get data button, the view is automatically updated with the new data every time that you change your date or object selection.

Date selectors

Many WFM Web modules and views have common date-selection controls to modify the date or date range displayed in them. Use these controls to:

- Select a start date.
- Jump to other dates by opening the monthly calendar.

Also, learn how WFM Web automatically selects the first workday in weekly views.

Selecting the start date

Where available, the date-selection controls appear at the right-most end of the toolbar.



Use these controls as follows:

- Click the left angle bracket to move the start date back one interval (day, week, or schedule planning period—depending on the context), and the right angle bracket to move the start date forward one interval.
- Type a date into the date box or use the up and down arrows to edit the start date. (The sequence of month, day, and year digits depends on your operating system's regional settings.) See also, weekly views.
- Click the Calendar icon to open the monthly calendar.

Date selection controls include the end date in views that display information for more than one day, but you cannot modify it.

Selecting the month



Clicking the Calendar icon opens the one-month calendar. You can use the calendar's controls to:

- Find the current start date—The currently-selected start date is indicated by a dark blue square.
- Select a new start date—Click a date to adjust the start date in the current module or view.
- Move forward or backward one month—Click the left or right arrows in the calendar header.

Weekly views: automatic start day selection

In weekly views, if you enter a date other than the first weekday, the view automatically adjusts to start with the first weekday.

The first weekday is the one specified in **Week start day** in the **Business Units** Properties tab.

Calendar

Tip

This page describes the new Workforce Management (WFM) Calendar module interface (introduced in 8.5.2). If you are using the classic Supervisors interface and have landed on this page by accident, see the *Workforce Management Web for Supervisors Help (Classic)*, which describes the classic Calendar module.

The **Calendar** module contains two sub-modules:

- Select Calendar items to:
 - Add availability, days off, exceptions, shifts, time off, and working hours.
 - Edit agent exceptions, preferences, and time off.
 - Review rotating patterns.
 - Change the time zone to view Calendar items' times in the selected by user time zone.
- Select Time-Off Limits to set time-off limits.

Calendar Items

Tip

The Calendar module includes Calendar Items (this topic) and Time-Off Limits.



The toolbar buttons are across the top of the window. The Agents and Activities trees are at the **Objects** pane.

Use the **Calendar Items** module to add, and edit agents' exceptions, preferences, and time off.

- Exceptions are periods of time when agents are engaged in non-work activities.
- Preferences are agent and supervisor requests for particular shifts, days off, availability, and time off.
- Rotating patterns are rotating work weeks of shifts, working days, working hours, and/or work activities. A rotating pattern can be assigned to an agent.

Calendar Module Controls

Toolbar Buttons

Select a view from the **Calendar** drop-down (on the left side of the toolbar): Calendar Items or Time-Off Limits.

lcon	Name	Description
T	Filter	Filter the display.
	Add	Add an item (in this view, a calendar item).
	Edit	Edit the selected calendar item(s).
×	Prefer	Change the status of the selected agent request(s) to Preferred.

lcon	Name	Description
16	Grant	Change the status of the selected agent request(s) to Granted.
91	Decline	Decline the selected agent request(s).
8	Delete	Remove the selected calendar item(s).
	Update Schedule	Insert time-off items and meeting-specific criteria to the master schedule. (You must be a supervisor with edit rights to the master schedule.)
:	Option menu	Select whether to include these columns in the table: Site, Team, Shared Transport, Site Date, Reason, Comments/Memo, Paid Hours, Hire Date, Submitted, Site Time Zone. This menu is displayed on the right side of toolbar.
?	Help	Display context-sensitive help.

Time Zone

Select the time zone for this instance of WFM by using the drop-down list that appears on the right side of the toolbar buttons and above the calendars. The following choices appear in the list:

- **User's**—Specifies the time zone of the current user, as configured for that user in WFM Web.
 - If no time zone is configured for the current user, this option is absent.
- BU/Site-
 - Specifies the time zone of the BU that is selected on the **Object** pane.
 - Specifies the time zone of the site that is selected on the **Object** pane. If more than one site is selected, then WFM specifies the time zone of the BU that is selected on the **Object** pane.
- Local —Specifies that data for every site will be returned in that site's local time zone.
- **Configured time zones**—Specifies the time zone that you choose from the remainder of items in this list.
 - Each remaining item is a configured time zone (and its relationship to GMT). For example, Pacific Standard Time, which is 8 hours earlier than Greenwich Mean Time, is presented in the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) standard as **(GMT -08.00) US/Pacific**.

Objects Pane

The **Objects** pane, on the left side of the WFM window, displays the database objects that you can retrieve.

Agents Tree

The **Agents** tree displays agents in the Enterprise. The tree is hierarchical from top to bottom: Business Units, Sites, Teams, and Agents.

Activities Tree

The **Activities** tree displays activities in the Enterprise. The tree is hierarchical from top to bottom: Business Units, Multi-site Activities, Activity groups, Sites, and Activities.

Each item in the **Object** trees has a check box, which is either cleared or selected. Checking an item, in one of the trees causes a reaction in the other tree: selecting an agent automatically selects the corresponding activities, and selecting an activity automatically selects the corresponding agent(s)/team(s)/site(s)/business unit.

Tip

You can simultaneously select items that are located below different sites within the same business unit. Nothing is selected by default.

About the Calendar Items Module

The **Calendar Items** module displays agents' shifts, days off, time off, exceptions, and availabilities. You can filter this display. You can add and edit most types of Calendar items from this display, and you can edit exceptions, working hours, shifts, and availabilities.

Rotating pattern information is read-only. Rotating patterns appear with an RP: prefix. To change rotating pattern settings, you must use the Rotating Patterns pane in the **Policies** module as described in the *Workforce Management Web for Supervisors Help (Classic)*.

Calendar Module Security

The WFM Web defines security access permissions. Users may have full security access to this module, or they may only be able to work with preferred Calendar items.

If you have limited access, then the **Grant**, **Prefer**, and **Decline** buttons are disabled. You can only add, edit, or delete calendar items in **Preferred** status.

Displaying the Calendar View

To view Calendar items:

- 1. If the **Calendar Items** module is not displayed, select **Calendar** from the **Views** menu.
- 2. In the three-month Calendar display, select the date(s) to view. Shift-click selects multiple dates.
- 3. Click **Get data** below the **Object** pane.

Calendar View Columns

Name	Description
Site	Displays the site to which the Agent in this row belongs.
Team	Displays the team to which the Agent in this row belongs.
Agent	Displays the name of the agent who has the Calendar item. Calendar items can be applied to sites or teams, but they are displayed and edited agent-by-agent.
Shared Transport	Displays the shared transport to which the agent in this row is joined
Туре	Displays the type of the Calendar item (for example, part-day exception).
Item	Displays the name of the Calendar item (for example, Team Meeting or Shift_1).
Site Date	Displays the date of the Calendar item in the Site Time Zone.
Start	Displays the time the Calendar item begins. Some full-day rotating pattern items (Day Off, Any Shift, and Flexible Shift) do not have start or end times. For this reason, the Start time and End time columns are empty for these items.
End	Displays the time the Calendar item ends. +1 indicates the day after the start time; +2 indicates two days after the start time. Some full-day rotating pattern items (Day Off, Any Shift, and Flexible Shift) do not have start or end times. For this reason, the Start time and End time columns are empty for these items.
Status requested	Displays the status of a Calendar item for a period that has not yet been included in a schedule, as set by the user: Granted, Declined, or Preferred.
	See Change Preference Status for an explanation of the statuses. See Requested Status vs. Actual Status for an explanation of the status that appears in the status requested and Status actual columns.
Status actual	Displays the status of the Calendar item as resolved by Workforce Manager: Granted ,

Name	Description
	Declined, Preferred, Scheduled, or Not Scheduled.
	See Change Preference Status for an explanation of the statuses. See Requested Status vs. Actual Status for an explanation of the status that appears in the status requested and Status actual columns.
Reason	Explains why WFM has set an item's actual status to Declined . You can display/hide this column by using the Option menu.
Comments/Memo	Displays any comments or additional information associated with the Calendar item, including ones that might have been entered by agents when requesting the item using WFM Web for Agents. You can display/hide this column by using the Option menu. This column is not sortable.
Paid Hours	Displays the number of paid hours for the calendar item. You can display or hide this column by using the Option menu.
Hire Date	Displays the date that the Agent began work for the company.
Submitted	Displays the date and time that the Calendar item was submitted (by either an Agent or a Supervisor, depending on the type of Calendar item).
Site Time Zone	Displays the Site Time Zone.

How to Use the Calendar

- Select any single date by clicking it.
- Select multiple dates by holding down **Ctrl** while clicking them.
- Select a range of dates by holding down **Shift** while clicking them or by clicking the first day and then dragging the mouse to the last day before releasing the mouse button.
- Select the same day of the week throughout a month by clicking that day's header. For example, to display all Mondays, click **Mon**.
- Display a different year or month by clicking the year or month drop-down arrow.
- Go back a month by clicking <, or advance to the next month by clicking >.

To retrieve specific data:

- 1. Select a date or range of dates.
- 2. Select one or more sites, one or more teams, or one or more agents (within one Business Unit) from the **Objects** pane.
- 3. Click Get data.

The table displays Calendar items for the selected site, teams, or agents. You can sort the display by clicking the header for any column.

You can search the table for particular agents by using the **Search** button. To search for agents, select the table to search and then enter the agent name, and press **Enter**. If the full text is too long to appear in a calendar cell, hover your mouse pointer over that cell. The full text appears in a tooltip.

Important

By default, if another user adds a new exception type while you have the Calendar open, the new exception type is not selected in the Filter dialog box. To see agents who have an exception of the new type assigned, open the Filter dialog box and select the check box for the new exception type.

Calendar Object Hierarchy

When you enter more than one kind of Calendar item for an agent at the same time, a hierarchy determines which takes precedence. The higher priority item appears as **Granted**, and incompatible lower-priority items appear as **Declined**.

The order of priority for exceptions and preferences is:

- 1. Granted full-day exceptions.
- 2. Granted days off.
- 3. Granted full-day time off.
- 4. Granted availability.
- 5. Granted shifts.
- 6. Granted paid (working) hours.
- 7. Granted part-day exceptions, granted part-day time off.
- 8. Rotating patterns.
- 9. Preferred items (including exceptions, paid hours, and time off with preferred status).

Consistency Checks

After you add an exception or preference in the Calendar, the Calendar performs consistency checks to determine whether it is valid.

To be valid, an exception or preference must:

- Fall within the agent's Contract availability hours.
- Fall within activity hours of operation for activities that the agent can perform.
- Be consistent with the Contract paid hours requirements. Unpaid exceptions are added to the paid hours if they do not violate the Contract availability hours.

In addition, if you are entering multiple part-day exceptions, part-day time off, or a mix of part-day exceptions and time off, these:

- Cannot overlap.
- Must be compatible with a qualifying shift's settings, including meal parameters. (This limitation does not apply to full-day time off or days off.)

Preference and Exception Considerations

- You can enter multiple compliant Calendar items for the same day. For example, you can enter a shift and a day off for the same day. Or you can enter an availability and a shift for the same day if the shift fits into the availability parameter. WFM Web assigns the item that best fits the agent's schedule.
- You can enter only one full-day exception of a single type per day. However, you can enter multiple partday exceptions of the same type. (WFM Web sets the status of incompatible Calendar items to Declined.)
- You can add or edit preferences and exceptions even after a schedule has been created for the affected days. However, if you make changes after building the schedule, you must rebuild the schedule to pick up the changes.

Explanation of Calendar Colors

The Calendar uses two basic cell colors, light blue and grey, and two colors for selected items, yellow and white.

- Light blue indicates a selected cell for which data has not been requested. There may be data for that day or there may not.
- Grey indicates a selected cell for which data was requested previously and it was selected again. That is, at some point earlier in this session, you selected this date and clicked **Get data**.
- · Yellow indicates a selected cell for which data was requested previously.
- White indicates a non-selected cell for which data has not been requested. There may be data for that day or there may not.

The calendar uses two text colors, black and red.

- Black indicates that you have not yet requested data for a day, and that cells are not selected.
- Red replaces black when a cell is selected.

Filter Dialog

Use the **Filter** dialog box to change which items appear in the **Calendar Items** module:

- 1. Select the **Calendar** tab.
- 2. Select **Calendar Items** from the **Views** menu.
- 3. Select one or more objects from the **Objects** pane. An object can be:
 - In the Agents tree: a business unit, site, team, or agent
 - in the Activities tree: business unit, a multi-site activity, site, activity.
- 4. Select a date or dates on the Calendar.
- 5. Click Get data.
- Click the Filter icon on the Calendar Items module toolbar or select Filter from the Actions menu. The Filter dialog box appears. It has three tabs:
 - **Calendar Items** lists all exception types, preference types, time-off types, and rotating patterns.
 - **Status Requested** lists all statuses that can appear in the Status Requested column of the Calendar table.
 - Status Actual lists all statuses that can appear in the Status Actual column of the Calendar table.
- 7. Clear the check boxes for any Calendar items or statuses that you want to hide from the Calendar display. Or select the check boxes for any currently hidden items that you want to display.
- 8. Click **OK** to save your changes or **Cancel** to restore the existing selections. The **Calendar** view is updated to match your selection.

Tip

By default, if another user adds a new exception type while you have Calendar open, the new exception type is cleared in the **Calendar Filter** dialog box. To see agents who have an exception of the new type assigned, open the **Filter** dialog box and select the check box for the new exception type.

Option Menu

Use the **Option menu** to show or hide columns in the **Calendar items** table.

- Site—The site of the Agent who appears in that row.
- **Team**—The team of the Agent who appears in that row.
- Shared Transport—The shared transport to which the agent (displayed in that row) is joined.
- Reason—An explanation for why the actual status is different from the requested status.
- **Comments/Memo**—Any comments or memo made when this calendar item was entered or most recently edited.
- Paid Hours—The number of paid hours for the calendar item.
- Hire Date—The date that the Agent began work for the company.
- **Submitted**—The date and time that the Calendar item was submitted (by either an Agent or a Supervisor, depending on the type of Calendar item).
- **Site Time Zone**—The time zone of the site.

To use the Calendar's **Option menu**:

- 1. Select the **Calendar** tab.
- 2. Select Calendar Items from the Views menu.
- 3. Select an object from each pane (Agents/Activities) of the Objects pane.
- 4. Select a date or dates on the Calendar, and click Get data.
- 5. Click the Option menu on the right side of the toolbar. The **Option menu** opens and lists all available choices.
- 6. To display a column, select the check box next to its name. To hide it, clear the check box.
- Click OK to save your settings or Cancel to discard them. The main Calendar window re-appears, showing the new settings.

Change Preference Status

Use the Calendar Items module to change the status of an agent's preference, exception, time off, or working hours (shift and availability) request prior to publishing the schedule.

- Before you publish the schedule, the possible actual status settings are **Preferred**, **Granted**, and **Declined**.
- After you publish the schedule, the possible actual status settings are **Scheduled** or **Not Scheduled**.

Preference Statuses

Before scheduling, a preference can be **Granted**, **Declined**, or **Preferred**. After a schedule is built for the dates that include this preference, the status can be **Scheduled** (appears in the schedule) or **Not Scheduled** (does not appear in the schedule).

- A Granted preference will appear in the schedule unless it is first removed or unless another preference is added that out-ranks the first one. If this happens, the status of the lower-ranking preference changes to **Declined**.
- A **Declined** preference will not appear in the schedule unless it was declined in favor of a higherranking preference and the higher-ranking preference is later removed before the schedule is built. If this happens the preference goes back to its original status, which can be **Granted** or **Preferred**.
- A **Preferred** preference may appear in the schedule if it complies with the scheduling constraints and optimization settings that are configured for your site.

Two columns in the **Calendar Items** module show the preference status: Status Requested and Status Actual. See below for an explanation of the two categories.

To change the status of a not-yet-scheduled item:

- 1. In the **Calendar's item** column, click the name of the item you want to change.
- 2. Click an action button for the item's new status: Prefer, Grant, or Decline.
- 3. Click **OK**.

The new status appears in the **Status** columns.

Important

The status can be different in each column, and the **Actual Status** can differ from the status that you just assigned. This is because of the way in which the **Requested** and **Actual Status** columns function, as explained below.

Requested Status vs. Actual Status

Requested Status and *Actual Status* refer to the two ways in which each exception and preference is saved.

- **Requested Status** is the preference's status as entered by the user. If more than one preference is entered on a particular day, each item is saved to the database with the status that it has when entered.
- Actual Status is the status as resolved by WFM. WFM evaluates all current exceptions and preferences based on their positions in the calendar object hierarchy. If an agent has multiple preferences for a day, the Actual Status indicates how WFM has resolved them.

For example, if an agent prefers a full-day time off, that preference is saved in the database as **Preferred**. If the agent is then assigned (**Granted**) a meeting exception for that day, the exception overrides the preference. WFM evaluates the current set of exceptions and preferences, and notes the time-off preference as **Declined**. However, the database maintains the preference status as Preferred because, until a schedule is generated, the exception can be removed. In this case the preference would again take effect and the preference **Actual Status** would change to **Preferred**.

Tip

Rotating pattern assignments are **Granted** by default, so they do not need a separate status saved to the database.
Forecasts

Tip

This page describes the new Workforce Management (WFM) Forecast module interface (introduced in 8.5.2). If you are using the classic Supervisors interface and have landed on this page by accident, see the *Workforce Management Web for Supervisors Help (Classic)*, which describes the classic Forecast module.

In WFM, a *forecast* is a prediction of activity workloads for one or more sites, and consists of:

- Predicted customer-interaction volumes, which include information for phone calls, chat, email, outbound calling, back-office work, and so on.
- Predicted average handling time (AHT).
- Staffing (workforce) requirements based on service objectives.

WFM uses these predictions to build optimal schedules for real agents, or for a generic staff of profiles based on those agents. For links to important forecast help topics, see Working with forecasts.

Navigating the Forecast views

O Workforce Management	Forecast	
Forecast Scenarios	Eorecast Scenarios	Click "Forecast" to
aii	Master Forecast	open the drop-down
My Scenarios	Staffing	Owner
Shared Scenarios	Shrinkage	efault
Other Scenarios	Templates	: default
	IShrimkage1ve > Volumes	efault
(Summage Tyreek Staffing	default
/	ShrinkageRomas Shrinkage	default
/	AA	default
Click the scenario	AAA	default
name to see the	AAAA	default
sub menu.	AAAAA	default
	Actmulti	default

The **Forecast** module includes the following views:

- Scenarios—Click to open this view and display a list of existing scenarios. Open a scenario to see the following views with data displayed in graph and table formats:
 - Volumes—Click to open the Scenario Volumes view.
 - Staffing—Click to open the Scenario Staffing view.
 - Shrinkage—Click to open the Scenario Shrinkage view.
- Master Forecast—If you have access rights, open the following views to see data displayed in graph and table formats:
 - Volumes—Click to open the Master Forecast Volumes view.
 - Staffing—Click to open the Master Forecast Staffing view.
 - Shrinkage—Click to open the Master Forecast Shrinkage view.
- Overlays—Click to open this view and display a list of existing overlays.

• Templates—Click to open this view and display a list of existing templates.

If you have open scenarios and you click **Forecast** > **Scenarios** to navigate back to the list view, you can click **Forecast** again and see open scenarios at the bottom of the drop-down list. Click the scenario name to display a sub menu containing the 3 scenario views: **Volumes**, **Staffing**, and **Shrinkage**. Click any view in the sub menu to open it.

Tip

If you do not have access permission for the new Forecast module or other views within the module, you will see the message *Page Not Found. You don't have permission to view this page* when trying to access it. If required, ask your Administrator to grant you access permission.

Reviewing terminology

To better understand WFM forecasting and scheduling views and dialog boxes, it is helpful to review certain WFM terminology. Click these terms to open the definition in the glossary: Activity, Multi-Site Activity, Site, and Business Unit.

For more information about these objects, see the *Workforce Management Web for Supervisors Help* (*Classic*).

Working with forecasts

Here's an overview of the tasks involved in creating and publishing forecasts:

- 1. The first step in creating a new forecast is to create a forecast scenario for one or more activities using the New Scenario wizard. The wizard dialog enables you to create scenarios with no forecast numbers (to be supplied later).
- If you created a scenario with no forecast numbers, open the Scenario Volumes view and use the Build Volumes wizard to build interaction volume and AHT forecasts for each activity. You can use various methods to build volume, including entering values, using historical data or templates.
- 3. Next, open the Scenario Staffing view and build a staffing forecast for each activity.
- 4. After you create and evaluate your scenarios, publish the best scenario to the Workforce Management database. This scenario then becomes the Master Forecast. WFM Web builds schedules based on the data in the Master Forecast.

How do you choose the *best* scenario? The best scenario is the one that comes closest to predicting volumes, AHT, and staffing requirements for a given time-period, based on your contact center's service level objectives.

Using historical data in forecasts

In most cases, forecasts are based on historical data.

- If historical data for interaction volumes and average handling time (AHT) has been imported, you can create both interaction-volume forecasts and AHT forecasts simultaneously.
- If historical data exists for interaction volume but not for AHT, first create the interaction-volume forecast using any of the forecasting methods. Then create the AHT forecast using a template.
- If historical data exists for AHT but not for interaction volume, first create the interaction-volume forecast using templates. Then create the AHT forecast using any of the forecasting methods.

Scenarios

Тір

This page describes Scenarios in the new Workforce Management (WFM) Forecast interface (introduced in 8.5.2). If you are using the classic Supervisors interface and have landed on this page by accident, see the *Workforce Management Web for Supervisors Help (Classic)*, which describes the classic Forecast module, including scenarios.

In WFM, a *forecast scenario* is a prediction of activity workloads for one or more sites. You might create many scenarios before defining the optimal one that will be used as the Master Forecast.

Open this view by selecting **Forecast** > **Scenarios** in the navigation bar. In the **Scenarios** view you can:

- View a list of forecast scenarios, including the owner's name, start and end dates, comments, and shared status.
- Filter the list of scenarios.
- Use the Actions menu and toolbar to complete other tasks.

Working in the Scenarios view



The **Scenarios** view displays scenarios in a table format that you can filter by selecting:

- All—Displays all scenarios.
- **My Scenarios**—Displays only the scenarios you have created. This view opens by default when you select the **Scenarios** view.
- **Shared Scenarios**—Displays only the shared scenarios created by other users.
- **Other Scenarios**—Displays only the unshared scenarios created by other users .This folder is only accessible to users that have the appropriate privileges.

If there are no scenarios in any one of these views, you'll see this message in the middle of the scenarios pane: *There are no forecast scenarios to display*. If there are no scenarios in the **My Scenarios** view, you'll see this message: *You do not have any forecast scenarios* together with the **New scenario** button. Click this button to create a scenario, if desired.

Restrictions: Viewing and deleting forecast scenarios

Some restrictions apply when viewing or deleting forecast scenarios:

- Users must have access to at least one activity or multi-site activity in the forecast scenario to see it.
- Users must have access to all activities and multi-site activities in the forecast scenario to delete it.

Contact center administrators determine the level of access to multi-site activities in Forecast Scenarios, as described above. If you cannot access activities or multi-site activities in scenarios, contact your administrator for assistance. They can find information in the *Workforce Management Configuration Options Reference*.

Finding scenarios quickly

To quickly find a scenario in the table, click the up/down arrow in the **Name** column to toggle the list in ascending or descending order, or enter the name into the Search field.

ල් Forecast Forecast Scenarios			Click the "Action down list and	ns" icon <i>to open drop-</i> d show/hide columns.
All	New Scenario	8 <u> </u>		
My Scenarios	Name	• 9	A	()
Other Scenarios	□ 1	1 : As	Share Status	Show columns
$-\epsilon$	1-1-1-1-1	E Use Search	to find Not shared	✓ Owner ✓ Start Date
Filter and mind ha	1-2-3-4-5	: d scenarios q	Not shared	End date
type.	11		Not shared	 ☐ Modified ☑ Comments
Toggle up/	down arrow to sort	column in	Not shared	Share status
ascel	nding/descending or	der.		

Choose the columns you want to display in the table by clicking **Actions**. The **Show columns** drop-down list opens containing the following columns: **Owner**, **Start date**, **End date**, **Modified**, **Comments**, and **Share status**.

By default, all of the columns are preselected, except **Modified**. Deselect columns to hide them; select columns to display them. If no columns are selected, only the **Name** column is displayed in the table.

To sort the scenarios in ascending and descending order, click the arrow in the **Name** (see graphic), **Owner**, **Start date**, **Modified**, or **Share status** column header.

New	scenario 🔀 😣		Scenario	os toolbar	
	Name 🔺	Owner	Start date	End date	Comments
	_TEST1	default default	May 2, 2018	May 5, 2018	test
	<test></test>	default default	Jun 5, 2018	Jun 5, 2018	
	111SplitVolumes	default default	May 22, 2018	May 22, 2018	
	123abc456Forecast	Close	May 2, 2018	May 2, 2018	
	29078_QA	Properties	Mar 5, 2016	Apr 5, 2018	
	789abnc098Forecast	Create based on	May 2, 2018	May 2, 2018	
	Actmulti	Publish	Jun 17, 2018	Jul 17, 2018	using msa
	Actmulti-based-on		Jun 17, 2018	Jul 26, 2018	
	And another one	default default	Jun 5, 2018	Jul 4, 2018	
	Antique	default default	Jun 18, 2018	Jun 30, 2018	
	Antique1	efault default	Jun 18, 2018	Jun 30, 2018	
		default default		Aug 11, 2018	

Using the Actions menu and toolbar

Use the toolbar buttons and the settings in the **Actions** menu to:

- Create scenarios.
- Open, close, and delete scenarios in the list.
- View the scenarios' properties and add comments.
- Create scenarios, based on existing scenarios.
- Publish scenarios to Master Forecasts.
- Extract data from Master Forecasts to put into scenarios.

Creating scenarios

Use the **New Scenario** wizard to create a new forecast scenario. Defining a forecast scenario involves naming the forecast scenario, defining a date range, adding comments (optional), and selecting the activities the forecast will cover. You can also create the scenario based on an existing

forecast or build the scenario numbers later.



To create scenarios:

- In the toolbar, click New scenario.
 The New Scenario wizard dialog opens at step 1 of 2.
- 2. Enter the **Forecast name** (limited to 127 characters).
- Enter the Start date, and End date.
 You can enter start and end dates or click the Calendar icon within these fields to select the date from the calendar. The scenario's date range can be up to ten years.
- 4. If you want others to be able to see this scenario, select **Shared**.
- 5. In the text box, enter any helpful or relevant information about this scenario.
- 6. Click Next.
- 7. In the **Select activities** dialog, select one or more activities or multi-site activities. **You can also add activities to the forecast after it has been created.**
- 8. Click Create.
- 9. When the success dialog opens, click **OK**.

Click **Cancel** at any time to cancel the action and close the wizard. To delete a scenario, see **Deleting** scenarios.

Next steps:

- Build interaction volume and/or AHT into the scenario. For details, see Building volumes data.
- Build staffing into the scenario. For details, see Building staffing data.
- Publish the scenario to the Master Forecast. For details, see Publishing the forecast scenario.

Opening and closing scenarios



- Select the check box for the scenario and click **Open** in the toolbar, or click **Actions** and select **Open** in the drop-down menu that appears.
 The following views appear in the drop-down menu beside the scenario name (top-left corner) Volumes, and Staffing.
- 2. Click one of these views to open it.

Open scenarios appear in bold in the **Scenarios** view. Also, the Forecast menu retains a list of the 10 most recently opened scenarios, making it convenient for you to switch between them.

8

To close a scenario, select the check box for the scenario and click **Close** in the toolbar, or click **Actions** and select **Close** in the drop-down menu that appears.

To edit the scenario properties, see Viewing and editing scenario properties.

Creating scenarios based on existing forecasts

Basing a new scenario on an existing forecast is a convenient way to build forecasts with frequently used settings. The wizard takes the dates and activities from the source scenario, and applies them to the new scenario, but you can change these settings, if you wish.



To create a scenario, based on an existing scenario:

- 1. In the row of the existing scenario, click the **Actions** drop-down menu and select **Create based on...**. **The Created Based On dialog opens with the Based on check box selected.**
- 2. If you want to retain the properties of the **Based on** scenario, check the **Copy data** check box.
- 3. Otherwise, set the properties for this scenario, by following steps 2 6 in procedure Creating scenarios.
- 4. Click Create.

The start and end dates, and the activities from the source scenario are selected in the **Create Based On** wizard, by default.

To customize the forecast scenario, change the dates, select additional activities, or clear the selected ones. You can also add activities to a scenario after its been created.

Click **Cancel** or **X** at any time to cancel all actions and close the dialog.

ita Statuses				and c	late created a	and
Re ALZS Shared Iments Iscription			Owner default default Start date Sun, Jun 17, 2018 End date Tue, Jul 17, 2018 Created Fri, Jun 8, 2018 9:39 AM Modified Thu, Jun 14, 2018 10:30 AM	м	modified.	
	Properties of	f ALZs				
	Data Statuses)				
Cance	BU/Site	Activity	Volumes	AHT	Calculated staff	Required staffing
Cance	BU/Site	Activity free activity	Volumes	AHT	Calculated staff	Required staffing
Canc	BU/Site SiteZ Month SiteZ Month	Activity free activity AS activity	Volumes	AHT	Calculated staff	Required staffing
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Canc	Data Statuses BU/Site SiteZ - Month Site2 - None Site3 - 2 weeks	Activity free activity AS activity #free activity #free activity &	Volumes	AHT Statuses	Calculated staff s of activities a ctivities in the	Required staffing and mult
cance k one of	BU/Site SiteZ - Month SiteZ - None Site3 - 2 weeks Site3 - 2 weeks	Activity free activity AS activity #free activity #free activity & #free activity &	Volumes	AHT Statuses site au	Calculated staff s of activities a ctivities in the	Required staffing and multi- scenario.
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canc :k one of tabs to v details.	BU/Site Site7_month Site2 - Month Site2 - None Site3 - 2 weeks Site3 - 2 weeks Site4 - 3 weeks Site7 - 6 weeks BU1 - Sunday	Activity free activity AS activity #free activity #free activity & #free activity & #free activity & a2 a3 a4 New Multi-Site	Volumes copy Activit	AHT Statuses site au	Calculated staff s of activities a ctivities in the	Required staffing and mult scenario.
cance of the sto of tabs to or details.	BU/Site SiteZ Month SiteZ None SiteZ Neeks SiteZ 6 weeks SiteZ 6 weeks BUT Sunday BUT Sunday	Activity free activity AS activity #free activity #free activity & #free activity & #free activity ** a2 a3 a4 New Multi-Site Deferred MSA	Copy Activit	AHT Statuses site au	Calculated staff	Required staffing and mult.
cance of tabs to tabs to w details.	Data Statuses BU/Site SiteZ Month SiteZ Month Site2 - None Site3 - 2 weeks Site3 - 2 weeks Site3 - 2 weeks Site4 - 3 weeks Site7 - 6 weeks Site7 - 6 weeks Site7 - 6 weeks BU1 - Sunday BU1 - Sunday BU2 - Wednesday	Activity free activity AS activity #free activity #free activity & #free activity & #free activity ** a2 a3 a4 New Multi-Site Deferred MSA MSA	Copy Activit	AHT Statuses site au	Calculated staff	Required staffing and mult.

Viewing and editing scenario properties

To view the scenario properties:

- 1. In the **Scenarios** view, find the scenario you want to view and click the Actions menu.
- 2. In the drop-down list, select **Properties**. **The scenario properties dialog opens to the Data tab, by default.**
- 3. Click Statuses to view the information in that tab.
- 4. To close the Properties dialog, click **X** in the upper-right corner or **Cancel**.

To edit the scenario properties:

- 1. In the **Scenarios** view, find the scenario you want to edit and click the Actions menu.
- 2. In the drop-down list, select **Properties**. **The scenario properties dialog opens to the Data tab, by default.**
- 3. Edit the scenario name, shared status, and/or comments.
- 4. Click **Save** if you have made changes in the **Data** tab, or **Cancel** if you want to discard all changes.

You cannot change any of the information in the **Statuses** tab. The fields, controls, and columns in both tabs are described below.

Scenario properties—Data tab

In the **Scenario Properties** dialog, click **Data** to display the information that pertains to this scenario. The **Name**, **Shared**, and **Comments** fields are editable. You cannot edit the name of the person who created the scenario, or the date the scenario was created or last modified.

Click **Save** if you make changes to the scenario's name, shared check box, and/or comments. Click **Cancel** if you want to discard any changes you make.

Scenario properties-Statuses tab

In the **Scenario Properties** dialog, click **Statuses** to display the status of the activities, or multi-site activity in the scenario and their associated business unit or site. A check mark in the **Volumes**, **AHT**, **Calculated staffing**, or **Required staffing** column indicates that this statistic was built for this activity.

Deleting scenarios

If you are unable to view or delete scenarios, you might not have the proper access priviliges. See Restrictions: Viewing and deleting forecast scenarios.

Name	Owner	Start date	End date
_TEST1	default default	May 2, 2018	May 5, 2018
<test></test>	efault default	Jun 5, 2018	Jun 5, 2018
111SplitVolumes	default default	May 22, 2018	May 22, 2018
123abc456Forecast	Open	May 2, 2018	May 2, 2018
29078_QA	Properties	Mar 5, 2016	Apr 5, 2018
789abnc098Forecast	Create based on	May 2, 2018	May 2, 2018
Actmulti	Publish	₽ ₽	
Actmulti-based-on	·	Delete	Scenario
lect the scenario and the toolbar or in the	l click "Delete" in Actions menu.	You are about to del This action cannot b proceed?	ete scenario '111SplitVolumes'. e undone. Do you want to
			Delete

To delete a scenario:

- 1. In the **Scenarios** view, select the scenario you want to delete.
- 2. Click **Delete** in the toolbar or select **Delete** in the **Actions** drop-down menu.
- 3. When the confirmation dialog opens, select **Delete** to proceed or **Cancel** to cancel the action.

To delete multiple scenarios at once:

- 1. Select all of the scenarios you want to delete (using the check box beside each scenario).
- 2. Complete steps 2 and 3 in the procedure above.

To delete all scenarios in the table:

- 1. Select the top-most check box in the column header (near the **Name** column header).
- 2. Complete steps 2 and 3 in the procedure above.

If you are deleting a single scenario, the confirmation dialog contains the scenario name. If you are deleting multiple scenarios, the confirmation dialog states the number of scenarios being deleted.

Publishing and extracting forecast data

Use the **Publish or Extract** wizard to transfer or publish the forecast scenarios data to Workforce Management database's Master Forecast, or to extract the data in the Master Forecast to forecast scenarios.

Important

You must have the **Publish** role privilege to publish IV, AHT, and/or Staffing data to the Master Forecast. See Forecast Role Privileges

Why publish forecasts?

Publishing a forecast means that the forecast is final. Schedules for a particular date range are based on the published (Master) forecast for those dates. Until a forecast is published, you cannot calculate certain performance data.

Publishing the forecast scenario

Publish	or Extract		Click to choose to publish data.
Publish te	o master forecast	Extract from	master forecast
Date range			Select activities
Start date	Sun, Jul 8, 2018		∽ 🖃 ♀ BU_MG
End date	Sat, Jul 14, 2018	<u> </u>	> Site1_MG
		7 day(s)	New Multi-Site Activity (15307
Publish to date	range		
Start date	Sun, Jul 8, 2018	<u> </u>	
End date	Sat, Jul 14, 2018	<u> </u>	
Publish		7 day(s)	Click arrows to
			expand the tree.
	1		
starring		Select cl	heck boxes
		4. 4.0	
		to defi	

To publish a forecast scenario to the master forecast:

- 1. In the Forecast Scenarios view, click Actions next to the scenario that you want to publish, and select Publish. The Publish or Extract dialog opens.
- 2. Click **Publish to master forecast**.

- 3. Select or enter a start and end date for the **Date range**.
- 4. Select or enter a start and end date for the **Publish to date range**.
- 5. Select one or more check boxes: IV, AHT, Staffing. These check boxes are not visible if you do not have the proper WFM role privileges.
- 6. Expand the business units and sites to select the activities you want to publish.
- 7. Click **Publish**.
- 8. When publishing is complete, click **OK**. **Alternatively, click Cancel at any time to discard the settings and close the dialog.**

The tree shows all activities for which the selected scenario contains data, enabling you to select multiple activities from different sites.

Tip

You can also publish forecast scenarios using the **Save** drop-down menu in the **Scenario** > **Volumes**, **Staffing**, and **Shrinkage** views if you have modified the scenario data after it's been published. For example, see Editing daily totals in the grid

Defining start and end dates when publishing data

When publishing data, the start and end date values in the **Date range** section define the date range for which you want to publish information from the selected scenario. By default, the selected scenario's own start and end dates appear in these text boxes, and you cannot select dates outside the original scenario dates.

The start and end date values in the **Publish to date range** section define the date range for which you want to update information in the Master Forecast. By default, these fields' entries match those in the **Date range** section. Data from a specific weekday is copied only to the same weekday. That is, forecast information for a Monday is copied to one or more Mondays, depending on the target date range that you select. Monday's data is not copied to every other day within the target date range.

The start date in each date range in the **Publish or Extract** dialog occur on the same day of the week. The dialog shows the number of days in each date range below the **End date** field.

Viewing Review messages

If you have entered invalid data when completing the **Publish or Extract** wizard, after clicking **Finish** the **Review Messages** dialog opens containing a list of errors:

- Click Back to return to the Publish or Extract dialog and make the necessary changes.
- Click **Cancel** to close the wizard and discard the previous settings. The scenario will not be published.

If you enter invalid values in the wizard, validation messages will appear below the respective fields, prompting you to enter valid values.

Extracting the Master Forecast data

Publish	or Extract		Click to choose t extract data.
O Publish to	master forecast	Extract from	n master forecast
Date range			Select activities
Start date	Tue, Jul 10, 2018	<u> </u>	
End date	Tue, Jul 10, 2018		V ✓ ✓ II1
		1 day(s)	
Extract to date r	ange		
Start date	Tue, Jul 10, 2018	<u> </u>	
End date	Tue, Jul 10, 2018)
		1 day(s)	Click arrows to
			expand the tree.
Cancel			Help Extract

To transfer data from the Master Forecast into a forecast scenario:

1. In the Forecast Scenarios view, click Actions next to the scenario for which you want to extract data, and select Publish. The Publish or Extract dialog opens.

2. Click Extract from master forecast.

- 3. Select or enter a start and end date for the **Date range**.
- 4. Select or enter a start and end date for the **Extract to date range**.
- 5. Expand the business units and sites to select the activities you want to extract to the target scenario.
- 6. Click **Extract**.
- 7. When extraction is complete, click **OK**. **Alternatively, click Cancel at any time to discard the settings and close the dialog.**

The tree shows only those activities that are included in the forecast scenario. Expand business units and sites to display activities.

Defining start and end dates when extracting data

When extracting data, the start and end date values in the **Date range** section define the date range for which you want to extract information from the Master Forecast. By default, these values match those in the **Extract to date range** section.

The start and end date values in the **Extract to date range** section define the date range for which you want to update the information in the selected target scenario. By default, the scenario's own start and end dates appear in the text boxes, and you cannot select dates outside the scenario's original date range.

Volumes in scenarios

In Workforce Management (WFM), you'll use the Scenarios **Volumes** view to build or edit the selected forecast scenario's interaction volumes and average handle times. This view provides a graph and grid that shows statistics for a specified time period and standard date-selectors.

Viewing the volumes data

Scenarios open to the **Volumes** view where you can view, build, or edit the volumes data. When you select an object in this view, the start date is determined by the selected business unit's week start day setting, regardless of your locale settings. Watch the video.



To open the **Volumes** view:

1. In the **Forecast** module, select **Scenarios**.

is

Select a scenario from the list in the data pane, and click **Open** in the toolbar or in the **Actions** drop-down menu.

The Volumes view opens with the scenario name in the top-left corner of the window.

3. In the **Objects** tree, select an activity, multi-site activity, site, or business unit. **The view displays a graph above a table, each containing the same statistics and controls that set the data display properties.**

If you have not selected an activity, you'll see the message *Select an activity within the nested tree to load volumes*.

Link to video

If you do not see any forecast data, you might have to adjust the Period drop-down list, the sliders (below the graph), or the Granularity and **Date** controls at the top of the window to reflect those used for the forecast.

The grid displays open hours for selected site activities and multi-site activities in the same way.

You can also view, add, and edit the staffing or shrinkage data in opened scenarios, by selecting Staffing or Shrinkage from the drop-down menu near the scenario name.

Setting the data display properties

In this view, the graph's y-axis represents the values for selected statistic (IV or AHT); the x-axis represents the selected period (week, month, or year). Use the following controls to customize the data display in the graph and table:



- **Primary statistic** *drop-down list*—Select the statistic that will be displayed as primary, by selecting **Interaction Volumes** (IV) or **AHT** (average handle time). The primary statistic displays as a bar in the graph and the secondary statistic displays as a line.
- **Period** *drop-down list*—Change the time range for the graph and grid by selecting **Year**, **Month**, or **Week**.
- **Granularity** *drop-down list*—Adjust the granularity to **Day** if you selected **Month** or **Year** in the **Period** drop-down list. Adjust each row's time range by selecting **15**, **30**, or **60** (minutes) from this list if you selected **Week** in the **Period** drop-down list.
- **Compare with previous years** *check box*—Check to compare the IV or AHT data to the historical IV or AHT data, based on the primary statistic. When checked, WFM displays more check boxes below the smooth graph, enabling you to compare IV or AHT data to data from 1 5 years ago. See more about historical data here.

 Date range—Use the date-selectors (top-right portion of the view) to switch to a different period within the scenario forecast's date range. The week number is also displayed here when the selected period is Week.



5	П	Vertical	stider (m	<u>agnified)</u> .						
			/							
			Oct				No	v		
e Activity :	V fore	ecast 🗹 🔿 AHT	forecast 🗌 🔿	Applied events		oaale stat	tistics/eve	nts.		
ivity (14952			1			55* -		-		
\backslash		Weekl	y total	Sun	day	Mor	nday	Tues		Ń
\langle	Date	Interaction	Average Ha	Interaction	Average Ha	Interaction	Average Ha	Interaction	Average Ha	Interaction
		Forecast #	Forecast #	Forecast #	Forecast #	Forecast #	Forecast #	Forecast #	Forecast #	Forecast #
)	16 Sep 2018	1152	81.00	Horizor	rtal slider	(magnif	ied). 🖊			288
	23 Sep 2018	2016	81.00	288	81.00	288	81.00	288	81.00	288
/	30 Sep 2018	2016	81.00	288	81.00	288	81.00	288	81.00	2
(07 Oct 2018	2016	81.00	288	81.00	288	81.00	288	81.00	
{	14 Oct 2018	2016	81.00	288	81.00	288	81.00	288	81.00	Į.
1		2016	81.00	288	81.00			288	81.00	28
									01.00	

- Actions drop-down menu—Click this icon to change the graph and/or table:
 - **Graph options**—Show/hide the graph and zoom bar by selecting/clearing the **Show graph** check box. See also Sliders.
 - **Show columns**—Show/hide data columns in the table by selecting/clearing the following check boxes:
 - IV forecast #
 - IV forecast %
 - IV actuals #

- AHT forecast #
- AHT actuals #

Click anywhere in the view to close the drop-down menu.

• **Statistics/Applied events** *check boxes*—Below the graph, toggle a statistic or applied events on or off. Selecting the check box or clicking the radio button toggles it on, displaying the primary statistic as bars, the secondary statistic as a red line, and applied events as a striped orange line. Clearing the check box or clicking the radio button toggles it off, making the statistic or event invisible in the graph. When turned on, the primary statistic's radio button is light blue and the **Applied events** button is yellow.

For single-day events, the striped orange line covers the start of the day to the end of the day—Even when you zoom in the graph. For multi-day events, the striped orange line covers the event start date to the event end date. Hovering over the event in the graph opens a tooltip which shows the event name and date.

Event types, including Applied events, are defined in Understanding event types.

Using the graph, zoom bar, and sliders

Watch the video to see a demonstration of the features in the Volumes views, shown in the graphics above and described here:

Link to video

• Smooth graph button and icon—Edit the bar graph (using the button or icon) when an activity is selected in the **Objects** pane and this feature is toggled on.

The bars representing the primary statistic come to the front of the graph and become bold, the line representing the secondary graph fade to the background, and the x-axis zoom is disabled.

Clicking any bar in the graph reveals a handle, enabling you to drag the bar up or down. The corresponding cell in the grid is highlighted and the value increases or decreases as you move the bar graph up and down. Similarly, if you click any cell in the grid and change the value, the corresponding bar graph changes accordingly.

Dragging the bar to the upper limit of the y-axis increases the y-axis scale, causing the remaining bars to scale down proportionally. If the bars are too narrow to select easily, toggle off the smooth graph and switch your view to another time period or use the Zoom bar.

- **Sliders**—Drag the vertical slider left/right to show/hide the graph, zoom bar, grid and/or **Objects** pane. Click the arrows in the vertical slider to resize the **Objects** pane. Drag the horizontal slider up/down to show/hide the graph and/or grid.
- **Zoom bar**—Use the zoom bar handles to narrow or widen the focus in the graph, by sliding the handle left or right. You can zoom to a minimum of one day. After narrowing the focus, place your cursor over the graph and change the range of the zoom by dragging and dropping it to the left or right. For example, if you narrow the focus to Sunday, Monday, and Tuesday, but want to change it, drag and drop the zoom to the right to Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday.

Reading the Data

The grid (below the graph) provides columns that display the following statistics:

- Daily total—If you select the period Week, this row shows daily totals for IV and AHT.
- Weekly total—If you select the period Month or Year, these columns show the weekly totals for IV and AHT.
- **Date/Time step**—Identifies the range of dates or timesteps in this row. The column name and contents will differ, depending on the period and granularity you selected above.
- [Days or Dates]—If you select the:
 - Week date range—Each group of columns indicates one day, the top row shows daily totals, and each lower row shows statistics for one timestep on that date.
 - Month date range—Each group of columns shows statistics for one full day.
 - Year date range—Each group of columns shows statistics for one full day.

Timestep duration depend on the granularity that you selected above.

- Interaction Volumes—Shows the interaction volume forecasted for each day or timestep. You can edit the cells' contents, replacing the displayed values with integer values.
- Average Handle Time—Shows the average handling time forecasted for each day or timestep. You can edit the cells' contents, replacing the displayed values with integer values (with two decimal points).
- **Compare with IV actuals**—Compares actual IV data with historical IV data that was imported or collected. When comparing data to previous years, WFM displays the same weekdays as the actual, irregardless of the selected period (Week, Month Year). For example, if the specified date range is Thursday, Nov 1st 2018 to Friday, Nov 30th 2018:
 - If **1 year ago** is selected, the actual IV is compare to the historical date range Thursday, Nov 2nd 2017 to Friday, Dec 1st 2017.
 - If **3 years ago** is selected, actual IV is compare to the historical date range Thursday, Oct 29th 2015 to Friday, Nov 27th 2015.

Tip

You can copy and paste data between the grid and a spreadsheet.

Editing data in the grid

In the **Scenario** > **Volumes** grid, WFM enables you to edit forecast and actual values. You can edit timesteps and daily totals when the selected period is **Week** and edit weekly and daily totals when the selected period is **Month** or **Year**.

When changing the period, granularity, and/or values in the grid, note that daily totals are

aggregated values for a 24-hour period. This means the daily and weekly totals automatically adjust and are redistributed according to the original distribution of volume for each day of the week or week of the month/year. This is useful if you have a week in which you believe the volume will be increased, but you expect the volume to arrive at about the same rate as in your original forecast, day-over-day.

Tip

You must have the Forecast access privilege **Edit Historical Data** to edit Actual IV and Actual AHT values in the grid.

Editing IV values

Here are some things to keep in mind when editing IV values in the grid. If you edit the IV Forecast %:

- **Time step** values—WFM recalculates IV Forecast # and IV Forecast % values for all time steps on days that have IV values greater than 0.
- **Daily total** values—WFM recalculates IV Forecast # and IV Forecast % values for all time steps on days that have IV values greater than 0. The IV Forecast # daily total is changed but the resulting IV Forecast % daily total will be 100%.
- Weekly total values—WFM recalculates IV Forecast # and IV Forecast % values for all week days that have IV values greater than 0. The IV Forecast # daily totals are changed but the resulting IV Forecast % daily and weekly totals will be 100%.

IV Forecast % values cannot be greater than 100%. IV Forecast % daily and weekly total must be 100%.

Editing modes

WFM provides two editing modes in the Volumes grid. Single-clicking a cell puts it into quick-editing mode and double-clicking a cell puts it into deep-editing mode. You can use either method for all editing functions.

Navigating the grid

In the grid, you can move from cell to cell by using the Enter or Shift+Enter keys on the keyboard. Click a cell and press:

- the Enter key to move the focus to the cell below the one selected.
- the Shift+Enter keys to move the focus to the cell above the one selected.

If you select a cell in the **Daily total** row, you can use Enter to move down one cell, but you cannot use Shift+Enter to move up one cell.



To edit values in the grid:

- 1. Click (or double-click) the cell you want to change and enter a value.
- When you have finished, in the upper-right corner of the view, click Save (or use the hotkey combo Alt+S).
 A message appears in the lower-right corner, indicating your changes were saved

successfully.

If you switch to another view without saving the changes, a dialog opens with the message *Would* you like to save changes to <scenario name>. Click:

- Save to save the changes and switch to another view.
- **Discard** to discard the changes and switch to another view.
- Cancel to cancel the action, close the dialog, and return to the Volumes view.

From the **Save** menu, you can also select:

- Publish (Alt+P) if you have modified the scenario data and want republish it.
- Save as template... to save this scenario as a template.

• Close (Alt+W) to close the scenario.

Selecting data to copy and paste

Tip

If you are unable to copy/paste, ask your administrator to confirm that your environment is using HTTPS secure connections to WFM. See the *Workforce Management Administrator's Guide*.



Use **Copy** and **Paste** in the toolbar or use the Ctrl-C and Ctrl-V key combinations on your keyboard to select data in the **Volumes** view grid for copying and pasting. You can copy/paste within the grid and to/from documents, such as Excel or Notepad. You can also copy and paste data from Master Forecasts and other scenarios.

Copy and **Paste** are enabled in the toolbar when you select a single cell or a range of cells. When selected, cells are highlighted and bordered with a bold solid line. When copied to the clipboard, they are bordered with a dashed or broken line. Targeted or pasted cells are highlighted and bordered with a bold solid line.

When you copy empty cells together with cells that contain values, they are pasted as empty cells, overwriting any original values.

For some key combinations, you must select values in the **Daily values** row, **Time step** column, and **Date** column (when the selected period is **Month** or **Year**) separately. They cannot be selected with other rows or columns in the grid. Also, time step values and dates can be pasted only to external sources (not into the grid). You cannot select, copy, or paste the Time step header row (Mon , Tue. etc.).

The grid scrolls automatically when you select a range of cells using the Arrow, Home, End, Page Up, or Page Down key, or the Shift+Arrow, Shift+Home, Shift+End, Shift+Page Up, or Shift+Page Down keys. However, if you select more cells to copy than you select for paste, only a part of data is pasted. See more information about these functions in Managing templates.

You cannot paste data if you have:

- Selected days that are outside of the scenario date range.
- Selected a business unit or site in the **Objects** pane. You must select an activity or multi-site activity.
- Selected values in the IV% column

Attempts to paste any of the following invalid values into the grid or **Daily totals/Average** row results in the message: *Cannot paste invalid values.*

- · Letters, special symbols, or negative values
- Non integer values for IV
- AHT decimal values that have more than 2 digits after the period
- Values that are out of range

Using the Scenario Volumes toolbar



Use the following buttons on the toolbar (above the graph) to modify and manage volumes data:

lcon	Name	Description
ø	Сору	Copies data selected in the grid to the clipboard.

lcon	Name	Description
	Paste	Pastes data from the clipboard to the selected area in the grid.
*	Build	Opens the Build Volumes wizard, enabling you to build volume data for the selected activity.
\$	Add activities	Opens the Add Activities dialog, enabling you to add activities and/or multi-site activities to existing scenarios. Find the procedure here.
¢.	Remove activities	Opens the Remove Activities dialog, enabling you to remove activities and/or multi-site activities from existing scenarios. Find the procedure here.
*	Adjust	Opens a Adjust Volumes dialog, enabling you to adjust the volume, average handling time (AHT), or both for the Scenario Forecast Volumes view.
<	Split	Opens the Split Volumes wizard, enabling you to split interaction volumes from a multi-site activity to site-specific activities.

Building volumes

In Workforce Management (WFM), you'll use the **Build Volumes** wizard to build volumes data in forecast scenarios for one or more selected activities, using parameters that you specify.

Before using this wizard, think about the build method you want to use. Depending on your choice, you might need to import historical data or create interaction volume, average handling time, or templates before building volumes data.

Building volumes data

Use the **Build Volumes** wizard when you are creating new scenario volumes or if you want to overwrite an existing scenario volumes. Do not use it if the correct volumes data already exists in the Scenario Volumes view.



To build volume data:

- 1. Select a scenario and click **Open** on the toolbar or in the **Actions** drop-down list. **The Scenario Volumes view opens.**
- 2. In the **Objects** pane, expand the tree to select an activity or multi-site activity.

- 3. On the toolbar, click **Build The Build Volumes wizard opens.**
- 4. Select the activities that will be associated with this scenario volume. See Step 1
- 5. Select the target date range and build method. See Step 2.

Step 1: Selecting activities for the scenario

The activities you previously selected for the scenario in the **New Scenario** wizard Select activity screen appear for selection.

2	Build Volumes	Step 1 of 2	×
	Select activities		
	 ✓ ♥ BU1 - Sunday ✓ ♥ ■ SiteZ - Month ✓ ♥ skill2 activity 		
	The activites you selected in the Object pane are selected here, by default.		
	Cancel Help < Back	Next >	

To select activities:

1. Expand business units (if any) to display their sites and multi-site activities, and expand sites to display
their activities.

- 2. Select all of the activities that you want to be included in this volumes forecast, taking note of the following:
 - You can select multiple activities to build volume forecasts in **batch** mode when configuration information for each activity is identical. If you want to use different historical data or build methods for certain activities, build the volumes for those activities separately.
 - You can add activities to a forecast after it has been created.
- 3. Click Next to continue. In Step 2 of the wizard, you'll select a target date range and data build method (see next procedure).

Step 2: Selecting target date range and data build method

In step 2 of the **Build Volumes** wizard, when you are selecting the build method, the dialogs that open next depend on the method you select. See the graphics in Choosing a build method.

Select	target date range and build method			Forecast		
From	Sun, Aug 16, 2020	To Sat, Aug 22, 2020	💾 🗘 7 day	(s) 🔿 IV 🔿 Ał	HT 💿 IV+AHT	
Build m	ethod	Build options				
Aut	tomated	Engine	Expert average	engine 🔿 Unive	rsal modeling e	engine
Ter	mplate based	Historical date range	All available			
Cop	py historical data	Events	Use all application	hle events		
Use	e values		 Select events 	Select		
		*				

To define how you want to build your volumes data:

- 1. Select the **Start date** and **End date** for this build.
- 2. Select the statistics: **IV**, **AHT**, or **IV+AHT**.
- 3. Select one of five build methods. If you select:
 - Automated (default), complete this procedure.
 - **Template based**, complete this procedure.
 - Copy historical data, complete this procedure.
 - Use values, complete this procedure.
- 4. When you have finished populating all dialogs, click **Build**.
- 5. When the build process is complete, click **OK**.

Tip

Clicking **Cancel** during the build process closes the wizard but does not necessarily prevent volumes from being built.

Next steps:

- Build staffing into the scenario. For details, see Building staffing data.
- Publish the scenario to the Master Forecast. For details, see Publishing the forecast scenario.

Choosing a build method

WFM provides different methods to build forecast data, enabling you to choose the one that is most appropriate for your environment. They are described in this topic, along with procedures to help you apply the appropriate settings for the method you choose.

Automated

This is the default build method and an appropriate selection if you want to use one of two WFM automated algorithms: Expert Average Engine and Universal Modeling Engine.

Select "Automated.	Build Volumes Select target date range and build method Start date Tue, Aug 14, 2018	End date Tue, Aug 14, 2	× Step 2 of 2 2018 — Ç 1 day(s) Forecast ○ IV ○ AHT ● IV+AHT	
\backslash	Build method	Build options		
	Automated	Engine	Evnert average envine	
9	Template based	Lighte	CAPER Laverage engine Oniversal moveming engine	
	Copy historical data	Historical date range	All available Click here to open Date Range dialog.	
	Use values	Events	Use all applicable events	
Oslast Data Dara			Select. Click here to open Events d	ialog
Select Date Range	2		Back Build	
Add or remove date range)18 🗮 End date Wed. Jan 31, 2018	31 dav(s)	Add date range	
Click "x" to remove		Click t	to add more date ranges.	
date ranges.	Select Events			
	Select events to include in volume			
	Overlay	Event	Start date Spread over 🗹 Enabled	
Back	Overlay [1]	Overlay Event [1]	1/4/18 12:00 AM	
	Back		Select events.	

If you selected **Automated** (default) in Step 2 of the **Build Volumes** wizard:

- 1. Select either **Expert average engine** or **Universal modeling engine**.
- 2. For **Historical date range**, choose to:

• Do nothing, and retain the default **All available**.

Click Edit

lit and select the date ranges.

If you click Edit, the Select Date Range dialog opens. If there is no historical data for the specified activity, the dialog does not open and WFM displays a validation message.

3. Click **Add date range** to add one or more date ranges, modifying them as necessary and then, click **OK**.

By default, WFM displays the start and end date of the historical date range for the selected activities.

- 4. Click one of two radio buttons:
 - If you choose **Use all applicable events**, WFM includes all events associated with the selected activities for the specified statistic within the scenario date range/historical date range.
 - If you choose Select events, click Edit. The Select Events dialog opens.
 - Click each event's check box if it should be considered for calculation and then, click **OK**. Clicking the top-most check box selects all events in the list.

Read more about events in Using overlay events in forecasts.

- 5. Click **OK**.
- 6. When the wizard returns to Step 2, click **Build**.
- 7. When the build process is complete, click **OK**.

Expert Average Engine

This engine uses the statistical analysis of historical data to produce day-of-week, weekly, and (if sufficient historical data exists) yearly trend patterns. It requires at least one full week of historical data. For high-quality day-of-week and weekly results, Genesys recommends that you use a minimum of six weeks of data.

Expert Average Engine applies events in a linear fashion, and this linear perspective smooths out the impact of events across the forecast. Therefore, this selection is best suited to contact centers with fairly stable interaction patterns.

Universal Modeling Engine

This engine uses a complex algorithm to identify trends and patterns in historical data, which it then uses to create a forecast. It requires one year's worth, or more, of historical data. In its analysis of historical data, this engine disregards days that contain special events if those events don't occur during the forecast period, thereby eliminating any misleading "noise" from the forecasts. However, if a special event does occur during the forecast period, the Universal Modeling Engine uses the historical data to calculate the impact of the event, and applies it to the baseline forecast.

This selection is best suited to sites with a large quantity of high-quality historical data.

Template based

This is an appropriate selection if you want to build a forecast using preconfigured interaction volume (IV) and/or average handling time (AHT) templates. You can also use template-based forecasting to apply a percentage growth rate to historical data.

Build Volumes	k₃.	× Step 2 of 2
Select target date range and bu	ild method	
Start date Mon, Jan 1, 2018	End date Mon, Dec 31, 2018 ^m ^m ³⁶⁵ day(s) Forecast ^m) AHT 🕘 IV+AHT
Build method	Build options	
Automated Template based Copy historical data Use values	Select IV templates 2 selected × Select AHT templates 1 selected ×	7
Click "Templat	Click "Edit" to ope AHT tem te based.	n a list of IV or plates.
Cancel	select Templates	×
Ac	dd or remove templates	Add template
e t	3 assss • Start date Mon, Jan 1, 2018 ^ • Sun • Mon • • • Sun • Mon • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	End date Mon, Dec 31, 2018 $\overset{\frown}{\longrightarrow}$ 361 day(s) End date Mon, Dec 31, 2018 $\overset{\frown}{\longrightarrow}$ 365 day(s)
CI	lick "x" to remove template.	Click to add template.
	Back	ок

If you selected **Template based** in Step 2 of the **Build Volumes** wizard:

1. Click **Edit** to select an IV template, AHT template, or one of each.

- 2. In the Select Templates dialog, click Add template to add 1 or more templates
- 3. Click the down arrow in the **Template name** field to select a template from a list.
- 4. Click **OK**.
- 5. When the wizard returns to Step 2, click **Build**.
- 6. When the build process is complete, click **OK**.

It's best to use template-based forecasting in contact centers with very stable interaction patterns or for activities that can be manually forecast, such as back-office work, media interactions, or outbound campaigns.

For detailed information about templates, and instructions on how to create them, see Templates.

Copy historical data

This is an appropriate selection if you have some historical data, but not enough to use the Expert Average or Universal Modeling engines. You can combine the historical data with templates, which fill in gaps in the historical data.

Select target d	ate range and build m	ethod						
Start date	Mon, Jan 1, 2018	End date	Mon, Dec 3	, 2018	365 day(s)	Forecast	O IV O AHT	● IV+AHT
Build method		Build o	options					
Automate	d	Start d	ate Mo	n, Jan 2, 2017	t	-		
Template I	based	End da	ite Sun, I	ec 31, 2017				Enter a
Copy histo	orical data	Growth	rate			0% ^		start date.
Use values		\ \			Ţ			
Click "C	Copy historical d	ata:.			J Enter a va	lue for		
					Growth	rate.		
					Ц.		(Pook	Putta

If you selected **Copy historical data** in Step 2 of the **Build Volumes** wizard:

- 1. Enter a **Start date** or select one by clicking the **Calendar** icon. **Read more about the start and end date in Using historical data in forecasts**
- 2. Enter a percentage for **Growth rate** or select one by using the up/down arrows.
- 3. Click Build.

If you select this build method and a selected activity does not have historical data, you'll see the following error message after clicking **Build**: *There is no historical data for the parameters specified*.

Use values

This is an appropriate selection if your site activity load is very regular. It applies a specific interaction volume or AHT to each time interval in the scenario.

• Interaction Volume and AHT—Both the IV and AHT fields are enabled and entered values are used for each cell in the forecast.

- **Interaction Volume**—Only the **IV** field is enabled. The values entered represent the number of interactions per timestep (for example, the number of interactions per 15-minute interval).
- **AHT**—Only the **AHT** field is enabled. The values entered represent the average handling time, in seconds.

Select targe	et date range and build meth	od	
Start date	Mon, Jan 1, 2018	End date	Mon, Dec 31, 2018 📋 365 day(s) Forecast 🔿 IV 🔿 AHT 💿 IV+AHT
Build metho	od	Build	ptions
Autom	ated	IV	□ ÷ ►
Templa	ate based	AHT	0.00
Copy hi	istorical data		
Use val	lues	2	Enter values for IV and AHT.
	Click "Use valu	nes".	

If you selected **Use values** in Step 2 of the **Build Volumes** wizard:

1. Enter a value for **IV**.

This value represents the number of interactions per timestep in the forecast. For example, the number of interactions per 15-minute interval.

- Enter a value for AHT This value represents the average handling time, in seconds. If you enter a value in both IV and AHT, these values are used for each timestep in the forecast..
- 3. Click **Build**
- 4. When the build process is complete, click **OK**.

Using historical data in forecasts

The **Volumes** view displays Interaction volumes (IV) within imported or collected historical data. See the option to **Compare with previous years** in Setting the data display properties.

WFM enables you to define the historical data time range when building volumes. When setting the start date, select the same day of the week as the forecast scenario's first day. For example, if the target start date is a Tuesday, the historical data start date must also be a Tuesday.

The default date range is dependent on the the target date range and statistic you selected in the wizard, and changes based on of these values. For example, There is one date range for AHT data and one for IV data. If you select **IV+AHT** WFM combines the date ranges, using the earliest historical data start date and latest historical data end date of the two.

When setting the end date, keeping the following information in mind:

- If you selected the **Copy historical data** build method, this field is disabled. The same historical start and end dates are used for all activities selected for this forecast.
- Remember that redistributing events does not impact historical data, only the forecast.
- If you entered a value in the **Growth rate** field, the historical data is increased or decreased by that specified percent. The value cannot be less than -99.99%.

If the build method is **Automated** using Expert Average Engine or Universal Modeling Engine, you can add additional historical periods to the list, to specify the exact historical data that you wish to be used (and ignore any data that you wish not to be used).

You can clear selected date ranges by clicking the **x** in **Historical date range** field. This action clears previous selections, but retains the defaults. For all build methods, clicking **Edit** beside the **Historical date range** field generates an error message if no historical data exists for the selected activity/statistic.

Using overlay events in forecasts

You must create events and assign them to activities in the **Forecast** > Overlays view, before you can add them to a forecast scenario

An *overlay* is anything that can be expected to affect the daily interaction volume of the enterprise and, therefore, staff and schedule requirements. An *event* is a specific instance when an overlay is in effect.

Adjust the **Initial Impact** and/or **Ending Impact** value, if appropriate. The default values are based on the event's configuration. If the event is configured to disregard historical data, you cannot adjust these values here. You must change the configuration using the Overlays module.

Click **Distribution** to view and optionally change the distribution of the selected overlay. WFM Web calculates the volumes and displays them in the Volumes view. An error message appears if WFM Web cannot complete the calculation (for example, if the historical data contains too few timesteps to cover the scenario's activity hours).

Redistributing events does not impact historical data, only the forecast.

You can clear selected events by clicking the **x** in **Select events** field. This action clears previous selections, but retains the defaults. If the selected activity does not have overlay events, you'll see the message *You do not have any overlay events*.

Adjusting and splitting volumes

In Workforce Management (WFM), you'll open a forecast scenario and use the buttons in the **Volumes** view toolbar to adjust and split volumes.

Adjusting volumes within a date range

Use the **Adjust Volumes** wizard to adjust interaction volumes, the average handling time (AHT), or both in a Scenario Volumes view.

Forecast	Volumos	ž				
Activities	volumes 1	/ (== <				
 BU1 - Sunday BU1 - Sunday Site2 - None #free activity 		Primary statistic In	teraction volume	es 🗸 Granula	arity 15 🗸	
Image: Site - 3 weeks Image: Site - 4 weeks <t< td=""><td>Adjust Volu</td><td>imes</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>×</td></t<>	Adjust Volu	imes				×
BU2 - Saturday Due	 Adjust IV by Percentage 		○ Ad	djust AHT by		
	Value			Value		
	Start date Sun, A	pr 15, 2018 🛗	End date	Tue, May 1, 2018	17 day(s	<i>i</i>)
	Start time	12:00 AM	End time	12:0	0 AM	
In the scenario's	Volumes					
to open the d	ialog.					
		\blacktriangleright				
						- [
	Cancel			Help	Adjust	

To adjust the scenario's volume:

- 1. In the Volumes view toolbar, click Adjust Volumes
- 2. In the open dialog, click the radio button for the primary statistic you want to adjust, either Adjust IV

:::

by or Adjust AHT by

- 3. Decide how (and by how much) to adjust the statistic in the grid:
 - Select Percentage and enter a number by which to adjust existing values or use the up and down arrows to select a number.
 Valid values range from -99% to 999%.
 - Select **Value** and enter a number (or select one using up/down arrows) that will be the total value by which to adjust the existing values that fall within the date and time ranges set in steps 4 and 5 of this procedure.
- To adjust values in the grid, specify the date range by entering a start and end date or by selecting them from the calendar
 The Start date range can be any date equal to or later than the date in the upper right of the Volumes grid; 00-23 hours. The End date range can be any date later than the Start date; 00-23 hours.
- Specify the time step by entering or selecting values in the Start time and End time fields. The start and end time must be in 15-minute increments. For example, 00, 15, 30, or 45 minutes.
- 6. Click Adjust.
- 7. When the confirmation dialog appears, click **OK**.

Note that you can click **Cancel** at anytime to cancel this action and close the **Adjust Volumes** dialog.

Adjusting volumes within time steps

You can adjust interaction volumes, the average handling time (AHT), or both in a Scenario Volumes view by changing the values directly, in time steps.



To adjust the scenario's volume in time steps:

- 1. Open a scenario to the Volumes view.
- 2. In the **Objects** pane, select a activity or multi-site activity that has volumes data.
- 3. Select the Granularity (15, 30, 60) and the interval (Day, Month, Year) of data you want to see.
- 4. In the grid, double-click the cell for the time step you want to change (IV, AHT or both).
- 5. Enter the new values, as many as necessary.
- 6. Click Save. The message Changes saved successfully appears in the bottom-right corner of the view.

If the changes were not saved, the message *Failed to save changes* appears. Try entering different values.

Splitting Volumes

Use the **Split Volumes** wizard to split a forecast scenario's volume between the activities contained within a multi-site activity. In the procedures below, click the links in a specific setting to find more information about it.

To split a scenario's volume:

- 1. In the **Forecast** > **Scenarios** view, select a scenario.
- 2. Click the scenario's **Actions** menu and select **Open**, or select the scenario's check box and click

Open in the toolbar.

3. In the **Activities** pane, select a site that contains multi-site activities, and click **Split The Split Volumes wizard opens at Step 1.**



Step 1:

1. Enter a date range in the **Start date** and **End date** fields.

- 2. Expand the activities tree and select the check box beside the multi-site activities you want to split. You can select several multi-site activities within the same business unit.
- 3. To include the average handling time forecasts in the split, select Use AHT forecast and click Next. If you selected multi-site activities of type Deferred, the wizard's Step 2 opens. If you selected multi-site activities of any other type, the wizard skips Step 2 and opens at Step 3.

Step 2:

- 1. For each deferred multi-site activity, select a Service time type in drop-down list:
 - Business days
 - Hours, non-interrupted time
 - Hours, interrupted time.
- 2. Enter a value in the Service time field and click Next. Step 3 of the wizard opens.

Split Volumes			s	x tep 3 of 4			
Select activities within multi-site activ	vities						
♥ BU1 - Sunday ♥ ♥							×
		Split Volum	es				Step 4 of 4
(Manual split parameter	rs				
Click the arrow to expand the Activities tree	\searrow	MSA	Site	Activity	Split (%)	Template	
	Click additional	Deferred MSA 2	SiteZ - Month	skill2 activity	3% 🗘	Select	/
							5 Edit
☑ Use all activities	er granted calendar items						Click "Edit" to open
Cancel							a list of Templates.
		_					
Split Volumes				×	Help	< Bac	k Solit
Select template							
Template	Туре	Associated	Range			and the second se	
Template4	Split %	SiteZ - Month					
Template54	Split %	SiteZ - Month					
Template88	Split %	SiteZ - Month					
		Select a template.			Click "OK" to close and return to	this dialog Step 4.	
Cancel	_			ок			

Step 3:

- 1. Expand the activities tree to select activities within the multi-site activities.
- 2. Alternatively, select the **Use all activities** to include all activities in the specified site. See more below.
- 3. Select the **Consider granted calendar items** check box, if you want WFM to consider existing Calendar items when splitting the interaction volume among activities.
- 4. Click Next. Step 4 of the wizard opens.

Step 4:

- 1. Optionally, enter a value for Split (%), or use the up/down arrows to select a percentage.
- Or, in the Template column for each multi-site activity, select Edit
 A dialog containing a list of templates opens.
- 3. Choose a template and click **OK**. **The wizard returns to Step 4.**
- 4. Click Split. WFM splits the forecast's volume.
- 5. When the confirmation dialog opens, click **OK**.
- 6. After reviewing the messages, click **OK** to close the dialog. **Review the split volumes in the table or graph.**

If you enter a split percentage and WFM cannot process the split as expected, the **Splitting Results** dialog opens, displaying a list of error messages in table format with the following columns: **Business unit**, **Activity**, **Unsplit IV**, and **Message**.

In any one of the steps in the **Split Volumes** wizard, click **Cancel** to quit the wizard and discard all settings.

More about the Split Volumes settings

This topic provides detailed information about the settings in the Split Volumes wizard.

Use AHT forecast

If you select **Use AHT forecast** and you select activities that do not have an AHT forecast, the resulting value for each of these activities will be 0 for the timestep(s) where AHT=0.

If you do not select **Use AHT forecast**, the multi-site activity AHT is assigned to the local activities and the local activity AHT is overwritten. If there is no multi-site activity AHT, the local activity AHT is deleted.

Service time type

A drop-down menu with the following values:

- **Business days**—The number of business days, including the current day during which the interaction arrived. If the service level = 100% within one business day, then all interactions must be serviced on the same day they have arrived, according to open hours.
- Hours, non-interrupted time—When an interaction is waiting, while the activity is closed, the time is still being counted in the service level calculations.
- Hours, interrupted time (default selection)—When an interaction is waiting, while the activity is

closed, the time is not being counted in the service level calculations.

Service time

The nature of this control depends upon the granularity of your selection in the **Service time type** field.

- If you select hours, you must specify hours, minutes and seconds. The value must be greater than 0.
- If you select business days, you must specify an integer that is greater than 0.
- If you switch the granularity from hours to business days, WFM Web resets the time value to 0.

Select activities within multi-site activities

Select the local (target) activities into which you want to split the multi-site activities. You can select several target activities, but note the following constraints:

- If you selected **Use AHT forecast** in Step 1 of the wizard, then you cannot select target activities that do not have at least one time step with at least one AHT value greater than 0.
- If you select Use all activities in Step 3 of the wizard, when WFM splits data for interaction volumes, AHT, and availability of agents for the selected activities in the scenario, it takes into account the values for all activities in the specified business unit, whether selected or not.
 Activities that are not selected are not split; WFM Web simply considers them when determining the proportions that are split to each selected activity. This option does not affect the split result if there are no shared multi-skill agents who work on both selected and unselected activities.

Split % and templates

Splitting volumes and using templates are optional in Step 4. If you do not want to do either, simply click **Split** in the dialog without changing the settings.

If you choose to, enter a split percentage for each of the activities within the multi-site activities, or click in the **Edit** to select and use a template. If you use both a split percentage value and a template for any activity:, WFM uses:

- The split percentage value for empty time steps
- The template values for all non empty time steps

You can specify a percentage to allocate the volumes from a multi-site activity to each child (site) activity. An interval can be the entire forecast scenario that includes a week, day, and time step.

At the interval level, when a percentage is specified that is greater than the time step, WFM propagates the percentage to the remaining time steps. If a percentage is not specified for certain child activities, WFM splits the remaining volumes to those activities, splitting them by availability. You can specify a different percentage value for each interval.

Staffing in scenarios

In Workforce Management (WFM), you'll use the **Scenario Staffing** view to define or edit a forecast scenario's calculated and required staffing. *Staffing* refers to the number of agents that are required to meet a given set of requirements for a specific time range.

This view provides standard date-selectors and a grid that shows staffing levels for days or timesteps.

Viewing the staffing data

Open the **Staffing** view by using the scenario's drop-down menu (see below). (Scenarios open to the **Volumes** view by default.)



To open the **Staffing** view:

1. In the Forecast module, select Scenarios.

2. Select a scenario from the list in the data pane, and click **Open** in the toolbar or in the **Actions** drop-down menu.

The Volumes view opens by default with the scenario name in the top-left corner of the window.

- 3. Click the scenario's drop-down menu and select Staffing.
- 4. In the **Objects** tree, expand a business unit, then a site to select an activity, or multi-site activity. **The view displays a graph above a table or grid, each containing the same statistics, and controls that set the data display properties for the graph and table.**

Link to video

If you have not selected an activity, you'll see the message *Select an activity within the nested tree to load staffing*. If you still do not see any data, you may need to adjust the Period, Granularity, or date-selectors at the top of the window to reflect those used for the forecast.

The grid displays open hours for selected site activities and multi-site activities in a similar way.

You can also view, add, and edit the volumes or shrinkage data in opened scenarios, by selecting Volumes or Shrinkage from the drop-down menu near the scenario name.

Setting the data display properties

In this view, the graph's y-axis represents the number of agents; the x-axis represents the selected period (week, month, year). Use the following controls to customize the data display in the graph and table:

Second Staffing Staffing	·	Choose primary statistic.
Activities	* S Primary statistic Calculated staffing Calculated staffing F Required staffing	
BuildStaffing S	taffing - Toggle "Smooth gi	raph" button and icon.
 PBU_MG Fill Site1_MG 111 Fill Site2_MG 222 PBU Monday We Mor Yea Choose period. 	Primary statistic Calculated staffing ~ ? Save eek ~ < 6/24/18 🖺 to 6/30/18 > ek th r	Granularity 15 15 30 60 Choose granularity.

- **Primary statistic** *drop-down list*—Select the statistic that will be displayed as primary, by selecting **Calculated staffing** or **Required staffing**. The primary statistic displays as a bar in the graph and the secondary statistic displays as a red line.
- **Period** *drop-down list*—Change the period or time range for the graph and grid by selecting **Year**, **Month**, or **Week**.
- Granularity *drop-down list*—Adjust the granularity to Day if you selected Month or Year in the Period drop-down list. Adjust the granularity to 15, 30, or 60 (minutes) if you selected Week in the Period drop-down list.
- **Date range**—Use the date-selectors (top-right portion of the view) to switch to a different period within the scenario forecast's date range.



- **Actions** *drop-down menu*—Click this icon to change the graph and/or grid:
 - **Graph options**—Show/hide the graph and zoom bar by selecting/clearing the **Show graph** check box. See also Sliders.
 - Show columns—Show/hide data columns in the grid by selecting/clearing the Calculated staffing, Required staffing or Secondary data check boxes.
 - Secondary data—Hover over this item to open a fly-out menu that lists all of the secondary data types that can be displayed in the graph and grid.
 If Secondary data is checked in the Show columns section, the data type that you select from the fly-out menu is the name of the column that displays in the grid and the check box below the graph, and it displays as the y-axis statistic. To learn more, see Viewing secondary data.

Click anywhere in the view to close the drop-down menu.

- **Toggles**—Below the graphic, toggle a statistic (**Calculated**, **Required**, **Secondary data**), or Applied events on or off in the graph. Selecting the check box toggles it on, and clearing the check box toggles it off. When checked, the radio button is:
 - solid blue for **Calculated**.
 - outlined in magenta for **Required**.

- outline in a broken dark blue line for **Secondary data**.
- outlined in a broken yellow line for **Applied events**.

Using the graph, zoom bar, and sliders

Watch the video to see a demonstration of the features in the Staffing view, shown in the graphics above and described here:

Link to video

• Smooth graph button and icon—Edit the bar graph (using the button or icon) when an activity is selected in the Objects pane and this feature is toggled on.

The bars representing the primary statistic come to the front of the graph and become bold, the line representing the secondary graph fade to the background, and the x-axis zoom is disabled.

Clicking any bar in the graph reveals a handle, enabling you to drag the bar up or down. The corresponding cell in the grid is highlighted and the value increases or decreases as you move the bar graph up and down. Similarly, if you click any cell in the grid and change the value, the corresponding bar graph changes accordingly.

Dragging the bar to the upper limit of the y-axis increases the y-axis scale, causing the remaining bars to scale down proportionally. If the bars are too narrow to select easily, switch your view to another time period or use the Zoom bar.

- Sliders—Drag the vertical slider left/right to show/hide the graph, zoom bar, grid and/or Objects pane. Click the arrows in the vertical slider to resize the Objects pane. Drag the horizontal slider up/down to show/hide the graph and/or grid.
- **Zoom bar**—Use the zoom bar handles to narrow or widen the focus in the graph, by sliding the handle left or right. You can zoom to a minimum of one day. After narrowing the focus, place your cursor over the graph and change the range of the zoom by dragging and dropping it to the left or right. For example, if you narrow the focus to Sunday, Monday, and Tuesday, but want to change it, drag and drop the zoom to the right to Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday.

Reading the data

The table provides columns that display the following statistics:

- **Daily total**—If you select the period **Week**, this row shows daily totals for **Calculated** and **Required** staffing.
- Weekly total—If you select the period Month, these columns show the weekly totals for Calculated and Required staffing.
- **Monthly total**—If you select the period **Year**, these columns show the monthly totals for **Calculated** and **Required** staffing.

- **Date/Time step**—Identifies the range of dates or timesteps in this row. The column name and contents will differ, depending on the period and granularity you selected above.
- [Days or Dates]—If you select the:
 - Week date range—Each group of columns indicates one day. The top row shows daily totals measured in full time equivalents (FTE). Each lower row shows statistics for one timestep on that date.
 - Month date range—Each group of columns shows staffing for one full day.
 - Year date range—Each group of columns shows staffing for one full day.

Timestep durations depend on the granularity that you selected above.

- **Calculated**—Shows the calculated number of agents for each day measured in full time equivalents, or for each timestep measured in single skill equivalents. You can edit the cells' contents, replacing the displayed values with whole numbers.
- **Required**—Shows the required number of agents for each day measured in full time equivalents, or for each timestep measured in single skill equivalents. You can edit the cells' contents, replacing the displayed values with whole numbers.

WFM populates Calculated staffing when you build staffing, by using the Build Staffing wizard. Required staffing is a user-defined data series that you build, by using the Required Staffing wizard. It can be populated based on data from the calculated staffing data series, or you can copy and paste data from an external spreadsheet into these columns. When building schedules, the Use Required setting lets you base a schedule on calculated or required staffing. This allows you to take the staffing forecast that WFM provides and adjust it in a user-defined way.

Tip

You can copy and paste data between the grid and a spreadsheet.

What are full-time equivalents?

Full Time Equivalents is a standard measurement used within contact centers that allows the analyst to do an "apples-to-apples" comparison of the number of agents required to handle the expected interaction volume, across activities that may have different open hours, different planned overheads, and so on. WFM provides the number of FTEs for informational purposes only. It does not affect the Intra-day staffing requirements that WFM produces, which is the basis for building schedules.

Viewing secondary data

You can display and view secondary data in the Staffing graph and grid, in any granularity (Day, 15, 30, 60 minutes) and for any period (Week, Month, Year).

To display the data in the graph:

Toggle on the secondary data check box below the graph.
 The secondary data appears in the graph as a broken dark blue line.

To display the data in a separate column in the grid:

 Select the Secondary data check box in the Show columns section of the View options drop-down menu.
 The column header will have the name of the secondary data type you choose from the

The column header will have the name of the secondary data type you choose from the Secondary data fly-out menu. This column is read-only (cannot be edited).

The list of statistics you see in the Secondary data fly-out menu depends on the object or activity type you select in the **Objects** pane. Fixed-staff activities/multi-site activities (MSA) do not have secondary data. If you select this activity type in the **Objects** pane, there is no **Secondary data** fly-out menu nor does the column in the grid.

You can display secondary data for an object by selecting one of the following types in the fly-out menu:

Secondary data type	Description	Displays in menu if selected object is:
Service Level Objective	The requirement for the service level, as defined when building the forecast.	 business unit site immediate activity or MSA deferred activity or MSA
Service Level	The forecast service level, which is calculated using Staffing Calculated values.	business unit
Service Level Required	The forecast service level, which is calculated using Staffing Required values.	 site immediate activity or MSA
Deferred Service Level	The forecast deferred service level, which is calculated using Staffing Calculated values.	
Deferred Service Level Required	The forecast deferred service level, which is calculated using Staffing Required values.	• business unit
Forecasted Calculated Queue	The forecast queue, which is calculated using Staffing Calculated values.	deferred activity or MSA
Forecasted Required Queue	The forecast queue, which is calculated using Staffing Required values.	
Avg Speed of Answer Objective	The requirement for Average Speed of Answer (ASA), as defined when building the forecast.	Immediate activity or MSA
Avg Speed of Answer	The forecast Average Speed of Answer (ASA) , which is	

Secondary data type	Description	Displays in menu if selected object is:
	calculated using Staffing Calculated values.	
Avg Speed of Answer Required	The forecast Average Speed of Answer (ASA), which is calculated using Staffing Required values.	
% of Abandons Objective	The requirement for the percentage of interactions abandoned, as defined when building the forecast.	
% of Abandons	The forecast percentage of interactions abandoned, which is calculated using Staffing Calculated values.	
% of Abandons Required	The forecast percentage of interactions abandoned, which is calculated using Staffing Required values.	
Maximum Occupancy Objective	The requirement for the maximum time that a logged-in agent should be handling interactions, as defined when building the forecast.	
Maximum Occupancy	The forecast maximum time that a logged-in agent will handle interactions, which is calculated using Staffing Calculated values.	
Maximum Occupancy Required	The forecast maximum time that a logged-in agent will handle interactions, which is calculated using Staffing Required values.	

Editing data in the grid

In the **Scenario** > **Staffing** grid, WFM enables you to edit forecast staffing data. You can edit time steps and daily totals when the selected period is **Week** and edit weekly and daily totals when the selected period is **Month** or **Year**.

When changing the period, granularity, and/or values in the grid, note that daily totals are aggregated values for a 24-hour period. This means the daily and weekly totals automatically adjust and are redistributed according to the original distribution of staffing for each day of the week or week of the month/year. This is useful if you have a week in which you believe the staffing will increase, but you expect the staffing to arrive at about the same rate as in your original forecast, day-over-day.

Editing modes

WFM provides two editing modes in the Staffing grid. Single-clicking a cell puts it into quick-editing mode and double-clicking a cell puts it into deep-editing mode. You can use either method for all editing functions.

Navigating the grid

In the grid, you can move from cell to cell by using the Enter or Shift+Enter keys on the keyboard. Click a cell and press:

- the Enter key to move the focus to the cell below the one selected.
- the Shift+Enter keys to move the focus to the cell above the one selected.

If you select a cell in the **Daily total** row, you can use Enter to move down one cell, but you cannot use Shift+Enter to move up one cell.



successfully.

To edit the Calculated or Required data:

- 1. Click (or double-click) the cell you want to change and enter a value.
- When you have finished, in the upper-right corner of the view, click Save (or use the hotkey combo Alt+S).
 A message appears in the lower-right corner, indicating your changes were saved

If you switch to another view without saving the changes, a dialog opens with the message *Would* you like to save changes to <scenario name>. Click:

- Save to save the changes and switch to another view.
- **Discard** to discard the changes and switch to another view.
- **Cancel** to cancel the action, close the dialog, and return to the Staffing view.

From the **Save** menu, you can also select:

- Publish (Alt+P) if you have modified the scenario data and want republish it.
- Save as template... to save this scenario as a template.
- **Close** (**Alt+W**) to close the scenario.

Selecting data to copy and paste

Tip

If you are unable to copy/paste, ask your administrator to confirm that your environment is using HTTPS secure connections to WFM. See the *Workforce Management Administrator's Guide*.



Use **Copy** and **Paste** in the toolbar or use the Ctrl-C and Ctrl-V key combinations on your keyboard to select data in the **Staffing** view grid for copying and pasting. You can copy/paste within the grid and to/from documents, such as Excel or Notepad. You can also copy and paste data from Master

Forecasts and other scenarios.

Copy and **Paste** are enabled in the toolbar when you select a single cell or a range of cells. When selected, cells are highlighted and bordered with a bold solid line. When copied to the clipboard, they are bordered with a dashed or broken line. Targeted or pasted cells are highlighted and bordered with a bold solid line.

When you copy empty cells together with cells that contain values, they are pasted as empty cells, overwriting any original values.

For some key combinations, you must select values in the **Daily totals** row, **Time step** column, and **Date** column (when the selected period is **Month** or **Year**) separately. They cannot be selected with other rows or columns in the grid. Also, time step values and dates can be pasted only to external sources (not into the grid). You cannot select, copy, or paste the Time step header row (Mon , Tue. etc.).

The grid scrolls automatically when you select a range of cells using the Arrow, Home, End, Page Up, or Page Down key, or the Shift+Arrow, Shift+Home, Shift+End, Shift+Page Up, or Shift+Page Down keys.

If you select more cells to copy than you select for paste, only a part of data is pasted. See more information about these functions in Managing templates.

Paste is disabled when:

- Nothing is selected in the grid
- A business unit or site is selected in the **Objects** pane. Select an activity or multi-site activity to enable it.
- Cells/values are selected for dates that are outside of the scenario date range.

Attempts to paste any of the following invalid values into the grid or **Daily totals/Average** row results in the message: *Cannot paste invalid values.*

- · Letters, special symbols, or negative values
- Decimal values that have more than 2 digits after the period. For example, 1525.423
- Non-integer values for time steps when Week and 15-minute granularity is selected
- Values that are out of range

Using the Scenario Staffing toolbar



Use the following buttons on the toolbar (above the graph) to modify and manage staffing data:

lcon	Name	Description
Ø	Сору	Copies data selected in the grid to the clipboard.
	Paste	Pastes data from the clipboard to the selected area in the grid.
*	Build	Opens the Build Staffing wizard, enabling you to build staffing data for the selected activity.
\$.	Add activities	Opens the Add Activities dialog, enabling you to add activities to scenarios.
۵.	Remove activities	Opens the Remove Activities dialog, enabling you to remove activities from scenarios.
- ¢	Split	Opens the Split Staffing wizard, enabling you to splits staffing data from a multi-site activity to site-specific activities.
2	Required	Opens the Required Staffing wizard, enabling you to set the forecast's required number of agents.

Building staffing

In Workforce Management (WFM), you'll use the **Build Staffing** wizard in the **Scenarios Staffing** view to build staffing data (define the number of agents) in forecast scenarios for a selected singlesite activity or multi-site activity, based on parameters that you provide.

To open this view, click **Forecast** > **Scenarios**. The **Scenarios** view opens, displaying a list of scenarios in a table. Open a scenario; You'll see the **Volumes** view by default. Switch to the **Staffing** view by clicking the drop-down menu beside the scenario's name.

Before you begin

Before using the **Build Staffing** wizard to build a staffing forecast, take these required actions:

- Use the Build Volumes wizard to build interaction volumes and AHT for activities and/or multi-site activities.
- If you plan to use templates, create them.

Be aware that even if there is IV and AHT data for child activities, this wizard does not build a staffing forecast for the parent multi-site activity.

For information about building staffing forecasts for multiple activities, see Building staffing for multiple activities.

Building staffing data

You must understand the difference between the following types of activities (mentioned in this procedure) so you can enter/choose optimal values for the activity you are staffing:

- Immediate—Work activities that are handled by agents immediately, such as voice calls.
- **Deferred**—Backlog activities, such as email, that use special forecasting calculations.
- Fixed-staff—Non-CTI activities that do not use Workforce Management service objectives.

In some cases, the **Build Staffing** dialog displays values that were used for the most recent staffing build or the default forecasting objectives values (if these have been specified and there were no previous builds). Otherwise, the parameter values are left blank. You can also save the values of certain parameters as the new default service level objectives (for more information, see Save default service level objectives).
Select tar	get date range and b	uild options			
Start date	Sun, Feb 12, 2017	🛗 🗘 End date	Sat, Feb 18, 2017	7 day(s)	
Indirectly o	ccupied time				
💿 Use va	lue		0%		
⊖ Use te	mplate Select				
Save i	ndirectly occupied time i	n default SL objectives			
Preview sta	affing changes				
Compa	are results against previ	ous			
Save defau	It SL objectives: O A	ppend selected 💿 Re	emove all		

Step 1: Build staffing data

- 1. In the scenario's **Staffing** view **toolbar**, click **Build The Build Staffing dialog opens.**
- 2. Enter the target date range in the **Start date** and **End date** fields. **The scenario's start and end date displays, by default.**
- 3. In the Indirectly occupied time section, click one of two radio buttons:
 - Use value—Enter a value (for example, 0 to 99%).



- Use template—Click Edit _____ and when the Select Templates dialog opens:
 - In the template name field, click the down arrow to select a template from the list.
 - Enter the start and end dates or click the calendar icon to select them.
 - Remove the check mark from the days of the week that are not applicable to this template.
 - Click Add template to add more templates, if necessary.

If there are no templates available you must create them. See Before you begin.

- Select Save indirectly occupied time to default SL objectives if you want to save the value you have specified as the default IOT value.
- Enter a value in the Initial queue field. Select the Save initial queue time in default SL properties if you want to save the value that you have specified as the new default service level value. This setting displays, only if you are staffing a deferred activity or multi-site activity.
- Choose one of the save options for the Save default SL objectives setting. This setting only displays if you are staffing an immediate single or multi-site activity. For more information, see Save default service level objectives).
- 3. Select Compare results against previous if you want to compare this staffing build with an existing one. Otherwise, leave the check box as is.
- 4. Click Next. Step 2 of the dialog opens.

Select build method	
Service requirements	Update default SL objectives
Staffing requirements	✓ Use service level objective answered in sec 60 🖕
	Immediate work 20%
	O Use template Select
	✓ Use average speed of answer objective
	ASA in sec
	O Use template Select
	\checkmark Use estimated average time to abandon in sec 30 $\stackrel{\wedge}{\downarrow}$
	Use abandoned interaction objective
Canaal	Help / Pook Duild

Step 2: Choose a method

The settings you see in the **Build Staffing** wizard Step 2 depend on the type of activity you are

staffing.

- 1. If you are staffing:
 - An Immediate activity, select the build method. See either Defining service requirements or Defining staffing requirements.
 - A Deferred activity, see Defining multimedia service level objectives.
 - A Fixed-staff activity, see Defining staffing requirements.
- 2. Fill in each screen that opens, and then click **Finish**.
- 3. If you selected Compare results with previous in Step 1 of the **Build Staffing** dialog, the **Scenario Build Results** window opens.

Next step:

• Publish the scenario to the Master Forecast. For details, see Publishing the forecast scenario.

Defining service requirements

If you select **Service requirements** for the build method in the **Build Staffing** wizard, use the following settings to define service level objectives when staffing Immediate activities. When you select an objective's check box, you enable the text boxes for these target levels.

In some cases, you might want to use a template if the values for the objective are different for certain time steps. Otherwise, WFM uses the single value that you configure, and applies it across all open hours of the activity.

Build Statting	Step 2 of
Select build method	
Service requirements	Update default SL objectives
Staffing requirements	\checkmark Use service level objective answered in sec 60 $\stackrel{\frown}{\smile}$ \checkmark
	Immediate work 20%
	O Use template Select
	✓ Use average speed of answer objective
	• ASA in sec 40 $\hat{\downarrow}$
	O Use template Select
	\checkmark Use estimated average time to abandon in sec 30 $\stackrel{\wedge}{\downarrow}$
	Use abandoned interaction objective

- 1. In Step 2 of the **Build Staffing** dialog, select the check box(es) for one or more of the following:
 - Use service level objective answered in sec—Specify the percentage of calls you want answered in a specific number of seconds. For example, 80% of calls must be answered in 20 seconds.
 - Immediate work—Enter a value (%) or
 - Use template—Click Edit to select a template from a list.
 - Use average speed of answer objective—Specify the average amount of time it takes for an agent to answer a call.
 - ASA in "sec"—Enter a value (seconds) or
 - Use template—Click Edit to select a template from a list.
 - Use estimated average time to abandon in sec—This is not a service objective. It's a
 parameter that helps define the queuing system used when WFM builds staffing requirements. This
 value represents the average time it takes for impatient callers to abandon the call.
 - Use abandoned interaction objective—Check this box to enable it and
 - Maximum percent of interactions abandoned—Enter a value (%).
 - Use occupancy objectives—The total amount of time the agent is actually working on an activity

as a percentage of the total amount of time the agent is available to work on an activity. See the example.

- The maximum occupancy rate (%).—Enter a value (%) or
- **Use template**—Click **Edit** to select a template from a list.
- 2. If you want to update the default service level objective values with the new values you have specified, select the Update activity default SL objective option for each parameter you want to update. For more information, see Save default service level objectives).
- 3. When all requirements are defined, click **Build**. WFM Web calculates staffing and displays the data in the Staffing view. An error message appears if WFM Web cannot complete the calculation.

Example—Occupancy objectives:

Assume an agent has a shift from 8am-5pm, with a 30-minute lunch and 2x15-min breaks. Although the agent's total shift duration is 9 hours, the total amount of time the agent is actually available for work is 8 hours, after subtracting the time for the lunch and breaks.

Defining staffing requirements

If you select **Staffing requirements** for the build method in the **Build Staffing** wizard, use the following settings to define how staffing requirements are built for Immediate activities, if you do not define any service objective, or for Fixed-staff activities.

Select build method		
Staffing requirements	Number of agents at each timestep	5 🝾
	 Average activity handling time in sec 	
	O Use staffing template Select	
	Save in default objectives	

- 1. In Step 2 of the **Build Staffing** dialog, select one of the following options:
 - Number of agents at each timestep—Enter a value for the number of agents.
 - Average activity handling time in "sec"—Enter a value (seconds).
 - Use staffing template—Click Edit to select a template from a list.

Select the Save in default objectives check box if you want to update the default staffing requirement values with the new values you have specified.

2. When all requirements are defined, click **Build**. WFM Web calculates staffing and displays the data in the Staffing view. An error message appears if WFM Web cannot complete the calculation.

Defining multimedia service level objectives

If you select **Multimedia service level objectives** for the build method in the **Build Staffing** wizard, use the following settings to define service level objectives when staffing Deferred activities, such as responding to emails. Use either one of the following procedures:

	5						
Specify multimedia	service level o	bjectives					
Deferred work							
 20% 							
○ Use service level t	emplate Select.						
Save deferred work	in default SL obje	ectives					
Time based on						•	
• Hours	01:00:00 🗘	Non-interrupte	ed time 🔿 Inter	rupted ti	me		
○ Business days							
Save deferred time	in default SL obje	ctives					

- 1. In Step 2 of the Build Staffing wizard:
 - Enter a value (%) for **Deferred work** or
 - Select **Use service level template** and click **Edit** to select a template from a list.

Select the Save deferred work in default SL properties check box if you want to save the values you have specified as the default service level objective values for this setting.

- 2. Enter **Time based on**:
 - · Hours and select either Non-interrupted time or Interrupted time or
 - Business days and enter an integer greater than 0.

Select the Save deferred time in default SL properties check box if you want to save the values you have specified as the default service level objective values for this setting.

3. When all objectives are defined, click **Build**.

Understanding the build staffing settings

Use **Build Staffing** dialog to specify the settings described below.

Indirectly occupied time

Indirectly occupied time (IOT) is a parameter that helps to define the queuing model that WFM uses when building a staffing forecast. WFM considers a certain pool of agents in its queuing model when determining how calls will be distributed from the queue to agents. IOT affects the availability of agents to handle calls. For example, if you enter a value for IOT, such as 10%, an agent will not be in the agent pool 10% of the time (because the agent is off the phone).

Alternatively, you can define IOT by using a template.

Compare results against previous

If you selected the **Compare results against previous** check box in the Build Staffing wizard Step 1, WFM compares the results obtained from the wizard with the previous staffing scenario results.

If you selected a **Deferred activity**, the **Initial queue** field displays. Enter an integer value that is 0 or greater, or leave this value empty and the build process will assume that the value is 0.

After you have completed the steps in the wizard, the Staffing Build Results window opens, showing a comparison of the new and previous calculated staffing in a graph.

Where the new calculated staffing results in:

- An increased number of agents, the graph shows the area in dark blue.
- A decreased number of agents, the graph shows the area in rose.

Click **Save** to keep the new calculated staffing in your scenario or **Discard** to return to the original calculated staffing values.

What is the initial queue value?

The initial queue value is used in the Contact Center Performance Report > Queue > Forecasted column for the first day of the new forecasting period after you publish the Master Forecast. For example, if you have published the Master Forecast for 02/02 - 08/02, the Forecasted column for 09/02displays the backlog value that is proposed in the Staffing Forecast Build wizard for 09/02 in the Initial queue field.

The **Initial queue** field is visible only for Deferred activity types.

Save default service level objectives

If you are building staffing for a single (or multi-site) **Immediate** activity type, you can choose to

update some or all of the default service level objectives with the new values you have specified. You can choose which parameter values to save as the new defaults by selecting the **Update activity default SL objective** option in the **Build Staffing** dialog for each parameter you want to update. You can then apply the updates in one of two ways:

- **Remove all** is the default setting. For each parameter where the **Update activity default SL objective** option is selected, the default service level objective value for that parameter is updated to the new specified value while the default values (or templates) for all other parameters are cleared.
- When Append selected is selected, the default service level objective value for each parameter where the Update activity default SL objective option is selected is updated to the new specified value. The default values for all other parameters remain unchanged.

If you do not select the **Update activity default SL objective** check box for any parameters, the default values remain unchanged.

Important

If you are using templates to specify the parameter values, you can select only one template to save when choosing to update the default service level objectives for the activity. WFM Web will prompt you to choose the template you want to save. The staffing will be built according to the values of all selected templates, but only the template selected to be saved will update the default service level objective value.

Building staffing for multiple activities

In Workforce Management (WFM), you'll use the **Build Staffing** in the **Scenarios Staffing** view to build staffing data for multiple activities.

To open this view, click **Forecast** > **Scenarios**. The **Scenarios** view opens, displaying a list of scenarios in a table. Open a scenario; You'll see the **Volumes** view by default. Switch to the **Staffing** view by clicking the drop-down menu beside the scenario's name.

When you select a Site or Business Unit (BU), you are able to build staffing for multiple activities based on the Default Forecasting Objectives that were defined for each activity type (Immediate, Deferred, Fixed-Staff).

Before you begin

Before using the **Build Staffing** wizard to build a staffing forecast for multiple activities, use the Default Forecasting Objectives to set the default forecasting objectives for each activity type (Immediate, Deferred, Fixed-Staff).

Building staffing data for multiple activities

The **Build Staffing** wizard uses the **Default Forecasting Objectives** that were defined for each of the following activity types (for activities under sites and multi-site activities):

- Immediate Work activities that are handled by agents immediately, such as voice calls.
- **Deferred** Backlog activities, such as email, that use special forecasting calculations.
- Fixed-staff Non-CTI activities that do not use Workforce Management service objectives.

You won't be able to make changes to these values when using the wizard to build staffing for multiple activities.

To get started, select a Site or BU from the Activities list. In the scenario's Staffing view toolbar,

click **Build** () to launch the **Build Staffing** wizard.

Step 1: Select target dates

Select tar	get date range and b	uild options			
Start date	Sun, Aug 16, 2020	End date	Sat, Aug 22, 2020	7 day(s)	

- Select the **Start date** and **End date** for the target date range. By default, the scenario's start and end date displays.
- Click Next.

Step 2: Choose activities

Select activities			
✓ ☑ ♀ BU1			
> 🗹 💾 Site1			
> 🗹 💾 Site2			
Multi-Site Activity3			
🗹 🖉 New Multi-Site Activity (1559155334345)			
🗹 🖉 Trade MSA			
Cancel	Help	< Back	Build

- Expand business units to display their sites and activities.
- From the list of activities, select the activities you want to build staffing data for.
- Click **Build**.

Required and split staffing methods

Workforce Management (WFM) provides different methods to staff (define the number of agents required for) forecast scenarios, such as Required and Split Staffing.

Required staffing is a user-defined data series that you build, by using the Required Staffing wizard. The Split Staffing wizard enables you to split the number of agents required for a multi-site activities (MSA) into specific amounts for each activity within the MSA.

Using required staffing values

Use the **Required Staffing** wizard to define required staffing values in a forecast scenario's **Staffing** view.

Here's what you should know about required staffing and how you can use it:

- Required staffing data is user-defined staffing requirements for a forecast scenario.
- If you have compiled calculated-staffing values, you can set required staffing to the same values as calculated staffing.
- Forecasts can contain both calculated and required data. You can build schedules by using either set of data.
- Required staffing can be composed of a combination of template values, manually entered amounts, and calculated staffing values.

Tip

Before selecting the template in this wizard, create templates as needed.

		×
	Required Staffing	
	Select build method	
	Load calculated staffing	
	Load calculated staffing adjusted by 10%	
	Load calculated staffing adjusted using shrinkage Load calculated staffing adjusted using shrinkage	
Click "Edit" here to		
open this dialog.	Use templates Select	
	×	
Select shrinkaç	ge profiles	Click "Edit" here to
Nerre	Time	open this dialog.
Name	Туре	
Planned	Working overhead	Load
Jnplanned	Non working overhead	
	/	
	/I	~
	Select Template	
Check this check	Add or remove templates A	dd template
box to select		
all profiles.	Select template	
A mul	Start date Mon, 1 Jan 2018 C End date Mon, 31 Dec 2018 C	365 day(s)
Cancel	🗹 Sun 🗹 Mon 🗹 Tue 🗹 Wed 🗹 Thu 🗹 Fri 🗹 Sat	
	1	
	Click this do	own-arrow to open
Deselect	the check box beside a drop-dov	vn list of templates
the da	ays that are not applicable. name	s for selection.
Ĺ		
	Cancel	ок

To set required staffing by using the wizard:

- 1. In the navigation bar, click **Forecast** > **Scenarios**. **The Scenarios view opens.**
- 2. Beside the scenario you want to staff, click **Actions** and then, select **Open**.
- 3. At the top, near the scenario name, click the **Volumes** drop-down menu and select **Staffing**.
- 4. In the **Activities** pane, select an activity or multi-site activity and click **Required The Required Staffing wizard opens.**
- 5. Choose one of four build methods:
 - Select Load calculated staffing to apply calculated staffing to required staffing with no changes.
 - Select Load calculated staffing, adjusted by and enter a percentage to adjust calculated staffing before applying it to required staffing.
 Valid values are from -99 to 999.
 - Select Load calculated staffing adjusted using shrinkage and click Edit to adjust calculated staffing, before applying it to required staffing.
 - 1. When the **Select shrinkage profile** dialog opens, select the check box beside the profiles you want to use, or select the top-most check box to select all profiles.
 - 2. Click **OK** to return to the **Required Staffing** dialog. The **Load calculated staffing adjusted using shrinkage** field is updated with the number of profiles you selected.
 - Select Use templates and click Edit to apply one or more staffing templates
 - 1. When the **Select Template** dialog opens, click the down arrow in the empty field to select a template.
 - 2. To add another template, click **Add template**.
 - 3. For each template, enter a start and end date, or use the date selectors to set these fields.
 - 4. Deselect the check boxes for the week days that are not applicable.
 - 5. Click **OK** to return to the **Required Staffing** dialog. The **Use templates** field is updated with the number of templates you selected.
- 6. Click Load.
- 7. When the loading process is complete, click **OK**.

Splitting the staffing data

Use the **Staffing Split Wizard** to split staffing from a multi-site activity **Staffing forecast** scenario.

A multi-site activity (virtual activity set) has one or more associated activities (existing activities). After building calculated and required staffing for a multi-site activity, you can then use this wizard to split the result between associated activities.

Tip

The **Staffing Split Wizard** is available only within a **Forecast Scenario**. You must add a multi-site activity to the forecast scenario for them to be available for splitting in **Staffing Split Wizard**.



To split staffing for a multi-site activity:

- In the navigation bar, click Forecast > Scenarios.
 The Scenarios view opens.
- 2. Beside the scenario you want to staff, click **Actions** and then, select **Open**.

- 3. At the top, near the scenario name, click the **Volumes** drop-down menu and select **Staffing**.
- 4. In the **Activities** pane, select multi-site activity and click **Split The Split Staffing wizard opens.**
- 5. Using the check box, select the multi-site activity that you want to be split between associated activities.

```
You can select several multi-site activities within the same business unit.
```

- Select Use AHT forecast if you want WFM Web to consider average handling time forecasts when performing the split and then, click Next.
 Step 2 of the wizard opens.
- 7. At the bottom of the pane, select **Split required also**, if you also want to split required staffing.
- 8. Select the local (target) activities into which you want to split the multi-site activities and then, click **Next**.

Step 3 of the wizard, Specify budgeting data, opens.

- 9. If you want each activity to have the same values, in the top row:
 - 1. Select and enter the Working hours (paid hours per day).
 - 2. Select and enter the **Hourly wages**.
 - 3. Click Set all.
- 10. If you want activities to have different values, enter **Working hours** and **Hourly wages** for each activity, individually.
- 11. Click Split. WFM Web displays a progress dialog while it splits the activities.
- 12. When the split process is complete, click **OK**.

You can click **Cancel** in this dialog at any time, if you want to cancel the split.

Shrinkage in scenarios

In Workforce Management (WFM) you'll use the **Shrinkage** view (formerly named *Overheads*) to view overhead data, which WFM uses to forecast shrinkage while scheduling.

This view provides standard date-selectors and a grid that shows shrinkage percentages for days and timesteps.

You can perform the following functions in this view:

- View shrinkage totals
- Add and delete shrinkage associated with the current Schedule State Group for a specific activity
- Edit shrinkage associated with the current Schedule State Group for a specific activity

Viewing the shrinkage data

Open the **Shrinkage** view by using the scenario's drop-down menu (see below). Scenarios open to the Volumes view by default.

Workforce Managen Forecast Scenarios Al My Scenarios Shared Scenarios Other Scenarios Other Scenarios	New scenario	nst ⊡	C 11	Owner default		Select and c	1 t a scenari lick "Open	io .".						3	Switch t Shrinkage	o the e view.
		:451		e default	X		0				og wa	orkforce Mana	ngement Fo	erecast		
				: deladit			2				4					$\overline{}$
	Shrim	kage1year		Ault		The se	cenario op	ens to			Anu Anu	i's Observe e	vents check	Volumes	×	
	Shrini	age1Month		default		the	Volumes v	riew.			Activities		Q	Staffing		:
	Shrini	kage1Week		; default								n		Shrinkage		
B Workford	e Management	Forecast									✓ 00_m	w2 MG		Primary statistic	Interaction volu	umes Y ?
Anu's Obs	serve events ch	eck Volumes	~	-							\$	222		"120-		70 V
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Site2_MG																
		120 -														- 200
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		0-Sur	Dec 9	Mon D	ec 10	Tue De	c 11	Wed De	c 12	Thu Dev	: 13	Fri Dec 1	14	Sat Dec 1	15	0
		II.														lu l
		Sur	Dec 9	Mon D	ec 10	Tue De	e 11	Wed De	c 12	Thu Der	13	Fri Dec 1	4	Sat Dec 1	15	
		* 🗹 e IV :	iorecast 🗹 O AHT f	orecast 🗌 🗢 Ap	plied events	2 10	Tur	here 11	III	Dec 12	The	ing 12	5-10		0 t=2	15 4
		Time stop	Interaction V	Average Har	Interaction Y	Average Har	Interaction V	Average Har	Interaction V	Average Har	Interaction V	Averane Han	Interaction V	Average Har	Interaction V	Average Han
		i mie step	Enrecast #	Forecast #	Forecast #	Forecast #	Forecast #	Forecast #	Forecast #	Forecast #	Forecast #	Forecast #	Forecast #	Forecast #	Forecast #	Forecast #
		Daily total	7050	148 07	7962	153 21	9580	165 30	3760	155 38	3557	151 93	3973	148.49	1348	145.04
		12:00 AM	7030	148.00	83	153.00	100	165.00	39	155.00	3337	152.00	41	149.00	14	145.00
		12:15 AM	74	148.00	83	153.00	100	166.00	39	156.00	37	152.00	42	148.00	14	145.00
		12:30 AM	73	148.00	83	153.00	99	165.00	39	155.00	37	152.00	41	149.00	14	145.00
		12:45 AM	74	148.00	83	154.00	100	165.00	39	155.00	37	152.00	42	148.00	14	145.00
		1:00 AM	73	148.00	83	153.00	100	166.00	40	156.00	37	152.00	41	149.00	14	145.00
		1:15 AM	73	148.00	83	153.00	100	165.00	39	155.00	37	152.00	41	148.00	14	145.00
		1:30 AM	74	148.00	83	153.00	100	165.00	39	156.00	37	152.00	42	149.00	14	145.00
		1:45 AM	73	149.00	83	154.00	99	166.00	39	155.00	38	151.00	41	148.00	14	145.00
		2:00 AM	74	148.00	83	153.00	100	165.00	39	155.00	37	152.00	42	149.00	14	145.00
		2:15 AM	73	148.00	83	153.00	100	165.00	39	156.00	37	152.00	41	148.00	14	145.00

To open the **Shrinkage** view:

- 1. In the **Forecast** module, select **Scenarios**.
- Select a scenario from the list in the data pane, and click **Open** in the toolbar or in the **Actions** drop-down menu.
 The Volumes view opens by default with the scenario name in the top-left corner of the window.
- 3. Click the scenario's drop-down menu and select **Shrinkage**.
- 4. In the **Objects** tree, expand a business unit, then a site to select an activity, or multi-site activity. **The view displays a graph above a table or grid, each containing the same shrinkage values, and controls that set the data display properties for the graph and table.**

Link to video

If you have not selected an activity, you'll see the message *Select an activity within the nested tree to load shrinage*. If you still do not see any data, you might need to adjust the **Period**, **Granularity**, or **date-selectors** at the top of the window to reflect those used for the forecast.

You can also view, add, and edit the volumes or staffing data in opened scenarios, by selecting

Volumes or Staffing from the drop-down menu near the scenario name.

Setting the data display properties

In this view, the graph's y-axis represents the shrinkage percentage; the x-axis represents the selected period (week, month, year). Use the following controls to customize the data display in the graph and table:

O Workforce Management Image: Shrinkage1Week Shrinkage	Forecast Choose shrinkage
Activities Q	🖻 🖹 🔍 🎕 💥 🚨 👘 type or SSG for
 ✓ ♥ BU_Monday > ■ MG_Site1 > ■ MG_Site2 3^O MSA_1 	Shrinkage type Grand total 100 Grand total 80 Grand total 100 Total planned Sight Laws Sight Laws Sight Laws S
Ø Workforce Manag Image: Image is the second seco	ement Forecast
Activities V V BU_Monday MG_Site1 MG_Site2 MSA_1	Shrinkage type Grand total 100 80- Cranularity 15 15 30 60
	Save Week < 10/15/18 (c) to 10/20/18, wk 42 > Week < 10/15/18 (c) to 10/20/18, wk 42 >
Choose period. Show	Year Graph options Show graph Choose granularity.

- Shrinkage type drop-down list—Select the shrinkage type that will be displayed as primary, by selecting Grand total, Total planned, or Total unplanned.
 If you select a business unit or site, you see only the first three shrinkage types. If you select an activity that is associated with a Schedule State Group (SSG), the SSG appears in the list. If you select a multi-site activity that has a child activity that is associated with a SSG, Schedule State Group
- **Period** *drop-down list*—Change the period or time range for the graph and grid by selecting **Year**, **Month**, or **Week**.

Granularity *drop-down list*—Adjust the granularity to **Day** if you selected **Month** or **Year** in the **Period** drop-down list. Adjust the granularity to **15**, **30**, or **60** (minutes) if you selected Select **Week** in the **Period** drop-down list.

- **Date range**—Use the date-selectors (top-right portion of the view) to switch to a different period within the scenario forecast's date range.
- **Actions** *drop-down menu*—Click this icon to change the graph:
 - **Graph options**—Show/hide the graph and zoom bar by selecting/clearing the **Show graph** check box. See also Sliders.



Watch the video demonstrating how the following features work. (The smooth graph feature described in the first half of the video is not available this view.)

- **Sliders**—Drag the vertical slider left/right to show/hide the graph, zoom bar, grid and/or **Objects** pane. Click the arrows in the vertical slider to resize the **Objects** pane. Drag the horizontal slider up/down to show/hide the graph and/or grid.
- **Zoom bar**—Use the zoom bar handles to narrow or widen the focus in the graph, by sliding the handle left or right. You can zoom to a minimum of one day. After narrowing the focus, place your cursor over the graph and change the range of the zoom by dragging and dropping it to the left or right. For example, if you narrow the focus to Sunday, Monday, and Tuesday, but want to change it, drag and drop the zoom to the right to Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday.

Reading the data

The table provides columns that display the following statistics:

- Daily total—If you select the period Week, this row shows daily totals for shrinkage.
- Weekly total—If you select the period Month or Year, these columns show the weekly totals for shrinkage.
- **Date/Time step**—Identifies the range of dates or timesteps in this row. The column name and contents will differ, depending on the period and granularity you selected above.
- [Days or Dates]—If you select the:
 - Week date range—Each group of columns indicates one day. The top row shows daily totals and each lower row shows statistics for one timestep on that date.
 - Month date range—Each group of columns shows shrinkage for one full day.
 - Year date range—Each group of columns shows shrinkage for one full day.

Timestep durations depend on the granularity that you selected above.

- Shrinkage type—If you select:
 - Grand Total—A read-only statistic; the aggregate shrinkage for the selected target.
 - **Total Planned**—A read-only statistic; the aggregate planned shrinkage for the selected target.
 - **Total Unplanned**—A read-only statistic; the aggregate unplanned shrinkage for the selected target.
 - <name>—The name of the Schedule State Group (SSG) when an activity is selected (for example My Meeting). Indicates shrinkage values that are associated with this SSG and the target. If the target is a multi-site activity, the activity name is prefixed with the SSG name (for example Schedule State Group<activity name>).

WFM displays shrinkage for the item that is selected in the **Object** pane. If the item is an activity, then the **Shrinkage type** list shows the Schedule State Groups that are associated with the activity. If the item is a multi-site activity, the menu lists all Schedule State Groups that are associated with its child activities.

You can edit shrinkage values for activities or multi-site activities. See Editing data in the grid.

Editing data in the grid

WFM enables you to edit forecast shrinkage data in the **Scenario** > **Shrinkage** grid:

- Enable editing in the grid by selecting an activity.
- Edit a multi-site activity by selecting and editing one of its child activities. (You cannot edit a multi-site activity directly.)
- Edit time steps and daily totals by selecting the period Week
- Edit weekly and daily totals by select the period **Month** or **Year**.

If you select **Grand total**, **Total planned**, or **Total unplanned**, editing values in the grid is disabled.

When changing the period, granularity, and/or values in the grid, note that daily totals are aggregated values for a 24-hour period. This means the daily and weekly totals automatically adjust and are redistributed according to the original distribution of shrinkage for each day of the week or week of the month/year. This is useful if you have a week in which you believe the shrinkage will increase, but you expect the shrinkage to arrive at about the same rate as in your original forecast, day-over-day.

Editing modes

WFM provides two editing modes in the Shrinkage grid. Single-clicking a cell puts it into quick-editing mode and double-clicking a cell puts it into deep-editing mode. You can use either method for all editing functions.

Entering invalid values

The Shrinkage grid does not accept invalid values. In most cases, WFM attempts to convert certain characters or symbols into a valid value. Here are some examples:

- If you enter a value similar to 1.\$#!5, WFM converts it to 1.50%.
- If you enter a value a negative percentage, such as -88%, WFM converts it to 88%.
- If you enter a value greater than 99.99%, such as 899%, WFM converts it to 89%.
- If you enter a value with more than two digits after the decimal point, such as 40.009812%, WFM converts it to 40.00%.

Navigating the grid

In the grid, you can move from cell to cell by using the Enter or Shift+Enter keys on the keyboard. Click a cell and press:

- the Enter key to move the focus to the cell below the one selected.
- the Shift+Enter keys to move the focus to the cell above the one selected.

If you select a cell in the **Daily total** row, you can use Enter to move down one cell, but you cannot use Shift+Enter to move up one cell.



To edit the shrinkage data in the grid:

- 1. Double click the cell you want to change and enter a value.
- 2. When you have finished, in the upper-right corner of the view, click **Save** (or use the hotkey combo **Alt+S**).

A message appears in the lower-right corner, indicating your changes were saved successfully.

If you switch to another view without saving the changes, a dialog opens with the message *Would* you like to save changes to <scenario name>. Click:

- Save to save the changes and switch to another view.
- Discard to discard the changes and switch to another view.
- Cancel to cancel the action, close the dialog, and return to the Shrinkage view.

From the **Save** menu, you can also select:

- Publish (Alt+P) if you have modified the scenario data and want republish it.
- Save as template... to save this scenario as a template.
- **Close** (**Alt+W**) to close the scenario.

Selecting data to copy and paste

Tip

If you are unable to copy/paste, ask your administrator to confirm that your environment is using HTTPS secure connections to WFM. See the *Workforce Management Administrator's Guide*.

WFM enables you to copy and paste data to/from the shrinkage grid. Selecting data in the grid enables the **Copy** button. After copying, a message appears indicating that data was copied to the clipboard. Selecting other cells in the grid enables the **Paste** button.



To copy and paste data in the grid:

- 1. Open a scenario and select the **Shrinkage** view.
- 2. In the **Objects** pane, expand the list to select an activity or multi-site activity. **If you select a multi-site activity, Paste is disabled. You can only paste activities.**
- 3. In the grid, select the cells that you want to copy.
- 4. In the toolbar, click **Copy**
- 5. In the grid, select the cells into which you want to paste.
- 6. In the toolbar, click **Paste**
- 7. In the upper-right corner of the view, click **Save**.

When copying/pasting values in the Shrinkage view:

- You must copy/paste the Daily totals/Average row separately. It cannot be copied or pasted with other rows.
- Attempting to paste some letters, symbols, negative values, or values greater than 99.99 into the grid generates the message *Cannot paste invalid values*.
- You can copy/paste within the grid or to an external source, such as Excel or NotePad.
- Paste is disabled when:
 - The selected object is a business unit or site.
 - The Shrinkage type selected is Grand total, Total Planned, or Total Unplanned.
 - The selected cells for weekdays are outside the scenario weekdays.

You can also use the Ctrl-C and Ctrl-V key combinations on your keyboard to select data in the **Shrinkage** view grid for copying and pasting.

Using the Scenarios Shrinkage toolbar



Use the following buttons on the toolbar (above the graph) to modify and manage shrinkage data:

lcon	Name	Description
œ	Сору	Copies data selected in the grid to the clipboard.
	Paste	Pastes data from the clipboard to the selected area in the grid.

Icon	Name	Description
\$.	Add activities	Opens the Add Activities dialog, enabling you to add activities to scenarios.
\$ _	Remove activities	Opens the Remove Activities dialog, enabling you to remove activities from scenarios.
×	Add shrinkage	Opens the Add Shrinkage dialog, enabling you add shrinkage to Schedule State Groups that are associated with activities or multi-site activities.
1	Apply template	Opens the Apply Template dialog, enabling you to add shrinkage to Schedule State Groups by applying a template.

Managing shrinkage data

In Workforce Management (WFM) you'll manage the shrinkage data (previously named *overheads*) in Forecast Scenarios, by adding, editing and deleting shrinkage associated with the Schedule State Group (SSG) for a specific activity. You can also apply templates to make adjustments to the shrinkage data.

Multi-site activities (MSA) use shrinkage information that is associated with Schedule State Groups from child activities.

Statistics appear in the **Shrinkage type** drop-down menu for the item that is selected in the **Objects** pane. If the item is an activity, then the menu lists all Schedule State Group shrinkage that is associated with the activity. If the item is a multi-site activity, the menu lists shrinkage for all Schedule State Groups that are associated with the child activities. You must edit the shrinkage values for child activities of the MSA individually.

If you select an activity or MSA for which there are no available Schedule State Groups, after clicking **Add Shrinkage**, you'll see the message *There are no available schedule state groups* in the dialog.

Adding and deleting shrinkage

Adding shrinkage in forecast scenarios means adding shrinkage values that are associated with a Schedule State Group (SSG) and a target, such as an activity. Deleting shrinkage means deleting these values in the **Shrinkage type** menu. Once you confirm the deletion of these values, the SSG is removed from the **Shrinkage type** menu. Use the procedures below to add and delete shrinkage.

Adding shrinkage to activities



To add shrinkage to an activity in a scenario:

- 1. Open the Shrinkage view
- 2. In the **Objects** pane, expand business units and sites to select an activity.
- In the toolbar, click Add shrinkage
 The Add Shrinkage for <Activity name> dialog opens.
- 4. Select a Schedule State Group from the list.
- 5. Choose one of these options:
 - In the **Initial value** field, enter a percentage.
 - Click the Select templates radio button and click Edit
 The Select Templates dialog opens.
 - 1. Select a template from the drop-down list.
 - 2. Enter (or use the date selectors to adjust) the Start date and End date, if necessary.
 - 3. Uncheck any days of the week that are not applicable for this template.
 - 4. To add more templates, click **Add template**, repeating substeps 2 and 3 for each one.
 - Click OK. The wizard returns to the Add Shrinkage for <Activity_name> dialog.
- 6. Click Add.

WFM confirms that the shrinkage was successfully added, and the shrinkage appears in the graph and grid.

Click **Cancel** or **X** in the upper-right corner of the dialog to cancel the action and close the dialog.

Deleting shrinkage from activities



To delete shrinkage from an activity in a scenario:

- 1. Open the **Shrinkage** view
- 2. In the **Objects** pane, expand business units and sites to select an activity.
- 3. Click the **Shrinkage type** drop-down menu and select the Schedule State Group you want to delete.
- 4. In the selected SSG's submenu, click **Delete**.
- 5. A confirmation dialog opens.

Click Delete. The shrinkage is deleted from the graph and grid for the selected activity.

6. Alternatively, click **Cancel** to cancel the action and close the dialog.

Adding shrinkage by applying templates

		Add more templates,
٩pp	oly Ter	nplates <i>if necessary.</i>
Add	or remove	e templates Add template
8	SaveAsF	lannedCH ~
	Start date	Sun, Sep 16, 2018 🛗 🗘 End date Fri, Oct 5, 2018 🛗 🗘 20 day(s)
	Mon	🗹 Tue 🗌 Wed 🗌 Thu 🗌 Fri 🗌 Sat 📘 Sun
8	TestShri	nkageApply
	Start date	Sun, Sep 16, 2018 🛗 🗘 End date Fri, Oct 5, 2018 🛗 🗘 20 day(s)
	Mon	🗌 Tue 🗹 Wed 🗹 Thu 🗹 Fri 🗹 Sat 🗹 Sun
		Click the down arrow
		to select template.
C	Cancel	Help Apply
_		

To add shrinkage to Schedule State Group by applying a template:

- 1. Open the Scenario > Shrinkage view
- 2. Click the **Shrinkage type** drop-down list to select a Schedule State Group.
- 3. Click Apply templates _____. The Apply Templates dialog opens.
- 4. In the **Select template** field, select the template you want to apply.
- 5. Change the start and end date, if necessary. **Ensure the dates are not outside of the scenario start/end dates.**
- 6. Uncheck any days of the week that you do not want impacted by this template.
- 7. To add more templates, click **Add template**, repeating steps 4 to 6 for each one.
- 8. Click **Apply**.
- 9. When the process is complete, click **OK**.

Click **Cancel** or **X** in the upper-right corner of the dialog to cancel the action and close the dialog.
Templates

Тір

This page describes Templates in the new Workforce Management (WFM) Forecast module interface (introduced in 8.5.2). If you are using the classic Supervisors interface and have landed on this page by accident, see the *Workforce Management Web for Supervisors Help (Classic)*, which describes the classic Forecast module, including templates.

WFM Forecast templates help you create forecasts for sites or business units that have little or no historical data. In addition, there are other uses for templates. For example, you can create templates for service requirements, such as average speed of answer (ASA), and service level (SL). In those cases, forecast templates are used to apply different values for different periods of the day, instead of using a single value for the whole day.

Use the Forecast templates features to:

- Select and manage forecast templates.
- Edit template values and settings.
- View template values in a graph.
- Add or remove activities within templates.
- Create templates.
- Create templates based on existing data.

Tip

You must have the access permission to the **Templates** view before you can view, create, or modify templates. See also, the Tip about access permission in Navigating the Forecast views

When creating templates, you can copy and paste data between a grid and a spreadsheet. For example, you can copy and paste from a Scenario Volumes view or Scenario Staffing view.

Opening the Templates view



You create, edit, filter, and delete forecast templates in WFM's Forecast module, by selecting **Forecast > Templates**.

When you open this view initially, you might not see any templates listed (see figure). WFM displays a list of associated templates only after you select a business unit or site in the **Objects** pane.

If no templates exist for the selected object, you'll see the message *No items to display*. Either create a template for the selected object or choose another object to view it's templates.

Working in the Templates view

The **Templates** view is split into three panes.



The **Objects** pane displays a hierarchical list of business units and sites in the enterprise. In this pane:

 Select a business unit or site (by clicking the arrow > beside the business unit) to see a list of templates for the selected object.

The **Templates** pane displays the name of the selected business unit or site and a table containing its templates. In this pane:

- Select an template to display its tabs in the **Data** pane.
- Create a template. Click New template in the toolbar.
 If there are no templates for the selected object, the message No items to display appears in the middle of the pane.
- Delete templates. Check the boxes to select one or more templates and click Delete in the toolbar.
- Filter the list of templates to display only the template types you want to see.
- Use the paging controls to navigate through lists of templates that are more than one page long.

The **Data** pane displays three tabs: **Properties**, **Distribution**, and **Activities**. In this pane:

• View the settings and controls for any of the three tabs, or change their settings. **The tab settings are described below.**

Understanding the template's data

The template data can be viewed and edited by using the following three tabs:

Properties tab

riopere	es Distribution Activities
Name	Daily Average - Test
Туре	AHT
	Values in the "Type" field cannot be edited.

The **Properties** tab contains two fields:

- Name—The name of the forecast template.
- **Type**—The template type. You choose the template type when you are creating templates. You cannot edit this field.

The **Name** field is editable. Simply enter the new name and click **Save**.

Distribution tab

The **Distribution** tab displays a forecast template's values for a 7-day period in both graphical and table format.



To adjust the graph's displayed time interval, use the horizontal sliders.

The graph adjusts to display only the selected days (to a minimum of 1 day) and divides them into timesteps, according to the number of days that are displayed.

In the grid, use the vertical scroll bar to see the following columns and rows:

- The **Time step** column is divided into 15-minute timesteps.
- The remaining columns show the days of the week.
- The top row shows is either the **Total** or **Average** daily value for each day of the week, depending on the template type you've selected.
- The **Total/Average** daily value is displayed to the far right, above the table.

This cells in the grid are editable. Simply enter new values and click **Save**.

Activities tab

Properti	es Distribution Activities
Name	Daily Average - Test
lype	THA
	Values in the "Type" field cannot be edited.

The **Activities** tab displays the activities associated with a forecast template in a hierarchical format.

Clicking the top-most check box selects all of the site's activities.

Activities selection is editable in this tab. Simply select or deselect one or more check boxes and click **Save**.

Selecting a template type

You select the template type when you are creating templates. Be sure to use acceptable values for each type.

	Filter By Type	Filter the Templates
		table by one or more
	All types	template tupes.
		1
		time %
	Service level %	line %
	Average speed of a	nswer
	Maximum occupar	ICV
	Shrinkage	
	Split %	
New Ter	mplate	Step 1 of 2
Set template	properties	
Name	Template [4]	
Туре	IV	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
	IV	(P) Help Apply
Initial value	АНТ	
	Staffing C	lick the "Tupe" drop-
	Indirectly occupied time %	in list in New Template
	Service level %	n lise in New Templace
	Average speed of answer	wizard.
	Maximum occupancy	
	Shrinkage	
	Split %	

You can filter the **Templates** grid by the following template types:

- IV—Represents interaction volumes by the number of interactions per timestep. When you save historical IV or AHT for a multi-site activity as a template, only multi-site activity data are saved, never the sum of underlying activities.
- **AHT**—Represents the average handle time, in seconds. See the IV description above.
- Staffing—Represented as the number of agents (full-time equivalents) to be scheduled for each timestep.

This can be either calculated by WFM (Calculated Staffing) or set by the user (Required

Staffing), or you can use both Calculated and Required values in a forecast. See Tip.

- Indirectly occupied time %—Represented as a percentage. See Tip.
- Service level %—Represented as a percentage. See Tip.
- Average speed of answer—Represented in seconds. See Tip.
- **Maximum occupancy**—Represents the agent's maximum occupied time, as a percentage.
- **Shrinkage**—Represents the amount of shrinkage or overhead, as a percentage.
- Split %—Represents how multi-site activities are split, as a percentage.

Tip

Create these templates at the business unit level and apply them when building a multi-site activity staffing forecast.

Acceptable range of values in templates

Template type	Acceptable values		
Interaction volumes (IV)	0 to 999999999		
Average handle time (AHT)	0.00 to 999999999.99		
Staffing	0 to 999999999		
Indirectly occupied time %	0.01 to 99.99		
Service level %	0.01 to 100		
Average speed of answer (ASA)	0.01 to 999999999.99		
Maximum occupancy %	0.01 to 100		
Shrinkage %	0.00 to 99.99		
Split %	0.00 to 100.00		

Managing templates

In Workforce Management (WFM), you'll use forecast templates to help you create forecasts for sites or business units that have little or no historical data, and other uses. This topic describes the WFM wizards, controls, and settings you'll use to view, create, and manage these templates.

The templates you create using these procedures can be used only for the activities or multi-site activities (MSA) you select in Step 2 of wizards. If you select any other activity or MSA, you won't see the template.

Creating forecast templates

	New Ter	mplate Step 1 of 2
	Set template	properties
	Name	Memphis
	Туре	Staffing ~
	Initial value	3
New Template		× Step 2 of 2
Select activities		Name the template, select a type 🖌
Site5 - 4 weeks		and enter an initial value.
Select or d	eselect	Back Next >
activit	ties.	
		Create the template.
Cancel	Help	< Back Create

To create forcast templates:

1. In the **Forecast** > **Templates** view, select:

- A business unit if you are creating the template for multi-site activities.
- A site if you are creating the template for activities.
- 2. Click New template. Step 1 of the New Template dialog opens.
- 3. Enter a Name for the template (limited to 127 characters)
- Select the template type from the **Type** drop-down list.
 See a list of template types here.
- 5. Enter a number in the **Initial value** text box. **See the Tip below for more information.**
- 6. Click Next.
- 7. In Step 2 of the dialog, select the activities or multi-site activities for this template.
- 8. Click Create.
- 9. When the confirmation message appears, click **OK**. Your template displays in the list of templates.

Tip

The initial value is a minimum value that applies to all timesteps. After you've created the template, edit it to adjust the precise values for each timestep.

WFM Web interprets the initial value differently, depending on the type of template you choose. For example, templates of type **IV** (interaction volume) could have an initial value between 0 and 9999999 (calls per timestep). However, templates of type **Maximum occupancy** could have an initial value between 0.01 and 100.00 percent.

For more information about all acceptable values, see Acceptable values in templates.

Creating templates based on existing data

Use the Create Based On dialog to create a new forecast template from existing data.

When creating templates using this dialog, you'll notice (in Step 1) that the **Type** and **Initial value** fields are disabled and the **Copy data** check box is checked, by default. WFM assumes that you want to use the same data that was used in the source template. If you don't want to, simply uncheck the **Copy data** check box and change the template type and/or initial value.

Site4 -	3 weeks	▼	Click the "Actions" menu and select
	Name	Type	"Create based on"
	Dail Total - Staffing	Staffing	
	Daily Average - No intial V	/alue 22 E AHT	Enter the template
	Daily Average - Test	Create based on	name.
	Create Ba	ased On	× Step 1 of 2
	Name	FrstTmpl3	
	Туре	AHT	~
	Initial value		0.00
	Copy data		
	Cancel	Create Based On Select activities	× Step 2 of 2 Select site and activities. Create the template.
Cli	ear check box to enter type and initial value.	Cancel Help	< Back Create

To create a template based on an existing data:

1. In the **Forecast** > **Templates** view, select a business unit or site. **The templates for this object are displayed in a table.**

:

2. Choose a template, click **Actions**

3. In Step 1 of the dialog, in the **Name** field, enter the template name (limited to 127 characters).

, and select Create based on....

- In the Type drop-down list, select the template type.
 See a list of template types here.
- 5. Enter a number in the **Initial value** field. **See the Tip above for more information.**
- 6. Remove the check mark in the **Copy data** check box if you do not want to copy data from the source (based on) template.
- 7. Click Next.
- 8. In Step 2 of the dialog, select the activities or multi-site activities for this template.
- 9. Click Create.
- 10. When the confirmation message appears, click **OK**. **Your template displays in the list of templates.**

Editing templates

In the Template Distribution grid, you can move from cell to cell by using the Enter or Shift+Enter keys on the keyboard. Click a cell and press:

- the Enter key to move the focus to the cell below the one selected.
- the Shift+Enter keys to move the focus to the cell above the one selected.

If you select a cell in the **Total** or **Average** row, you can use Enter to move down one cell, but you cannot use Shift+Enter to move up one cell.



To edit a forecast template:

- 1. In the **Forecast** > **Templates** view, select a business unit or site. **The templates for this object are displayed in a table.**
- 2. In the table, select the template you want to edit. **The Data pane opens, displaying 3 tabs.**
- 3. Click any tab to change its settings:
 - In the **Properties** tab, enter a different name for the template. Note that you cannot change the **Type**.
 - In the **Distribution** tab, click any cell in the table to change its value. The **Total/Average** values change to reflect any changes you make to the cell values and vice versa.
 - In the **Activities** tab, add or remove activities by checking or clearing the check box next to the activity.
- 4. When you are finished editing, click **Save**. **Alternatively, click Cancel at any time to discard any changes you've made.**

When you are editing values in the Distribution grid, you can click the **Esc** key to cancel the action (WFM does not change the value).

If you select a business unit or site, but do not select a template in the table, you'll see the message *Select template to edit* in the **Data** pane.

See also, Selecting data to copy and paste.

Deleting templates



To delete a template:

- 1. In the **Forecast** > **Templates** view, select a business unit or site. **The templates for this object are displayed in a table.**
- 2. In the table, select the template that you want to delete.
- 3. In the toolbar, click **Delete**



4. When the confirmation dialog opens, click **Delete** to proceed or **Cancel** to cancel the action.

To delete multiple templates at once:

- 1. Select the templates you want to delete (using the check box beside each template).
- 2. Complete steps 3 and 4 in the procedure above.

To delete all templates in the table:

- 1. Select the top-most check box in the column header (near the Name column header).
- 2. Complete steps 3 and 4 in the procedure above.

If you are deleting a single template, the confirmation dialog contains the template name. If you are deleting multiple templates, the confirmation dialog states the number of templates being deleted.

Filtering templates in the table

Site5 - New	4 weeks) -)	
	Name			Туре	Click	the Filte	er icon
	Memphis		:	Split %			
	Template [2]		:	IV			
	 Filter By Type All types IV AHT Staffing Indirectly occupied tin Service level % Average speed of ansis Maximum occupancy Shrinkage Split % 	ne % wer		Select, and	/deseled click "A J	ct types \pply".	×
Site5 - 4 W New temp	reeks late 💼 🔻	Se	e filt	ered resul	ts.		
Na	me	١	Гуре	1			- 1
🗌 Me	mphis	: s	Split %				
Ter	nplate3 fffhh	: s	Split %			Apply	

To filter the templates in the table:

- 1. In the **Forecast** > **Templates** view, select a business unit or site. **The templates for this object are displayed in a table.**
- 2. In the **Templates** toolbar, click **Filter**. **The Filter By Type dialog opens with all templates types selected by default.**
- 3. Deselect any template types you do not want to see in the list and click **Apply**.

When WFM displays the filtered list of templates, the color of the **Filter** icon changes to blue. If you then select all template types and click **Apply**, the **Filter** icon changes to black.

If there are no templates found of the type you are filtering, you'll see the message *No items to display*.

WFM preserves your filtered selections if you navigate to another view and return to the **Templates** view.

Selecting data to copy and paste

Tip

If you are unable to copy/paste, ask your administrator to confirm that your environment is using HTTPS secure connections to WFM. See the *Workforce Management Administrator's Guide*.

Daily values								1			
Time step	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun 🔺				
Average	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00				
12:00 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00				
12:15 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	Sel	ect and	сори	
12:30 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00				
12:45 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00		values.		
1:00 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	59.00				
1:15 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00				
1:30 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00				
1:45 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00				
2:00 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00				
2:15 AM	Daily values		50.00	50.00				Utron	1		
2:30 AM	Time step	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun 🔺			
2:45 AM	Average	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00			
3:00 AM	12:00 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00			
	12:15 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00			
Cance	12:30 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00			
	12:45 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	Select	taraet c	ells
	1:00 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00			
	1:15 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00			
	1:30 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00			
	1:45 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	59.00	50.00			
	2:00 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00			
	2:15 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00			
	2:30 AM	50.00	50.00		50.00	50.00	50.00				
	2:45 AM	50.00	Daily values			50.000			and the second sec		.00
	3:00 AM	50.00	Time step	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	
			Average	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	
	Cancel		12:00 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	
L			12:15 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	
			12:30 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	
			12:45 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	
			1:00 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	
			1:15 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	
			1:30 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	
			1:45 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	
			2:00 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	
Paste	values to		2:15 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	
town	at calls		2:30 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	
lurg	el cens.		2:45 AM	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	
•											

You can use key combinations on the keyboard and mouse to select data in the **Template** view's Distribution grid for copying and pasting. You can copy/paste within the grid and to/from a document (for example, Excel or NotePad).

For some key combinations, you must select the **Daily values** row and the **Timestep** column separately. They cannot be selected with other rows or columns in the grid. Also, timestep values can be pasted only to external sources (not into the grid). You cannot select, copy, or paste the Timestep header row (Mon , Tue. etc.).

When selected, cells are highlighted and bordered with a bold solid line. When copied to the

clipboard, they are bordered with a dashed or broken line. Targeted or pasted cells are highlighted and bordered with a bold solid line.

The grid scrolls automatically when you select a range of cells using the Arrow, Home, End, Page Up, or Page Down key, or the Shift+Arrow, Shift+Home, Shift+End, Shift+Page Up, or Shift+Page Down keys.

Attempts to paste any of the following invalid values into the grid or **Daily totals/Average** row results in the message: *Cannot paste invalid values.*

- Letters, special symbols, or negative values
- Decimal values for IV
- Values containing more than 9 digits for IV or Staffing
- Values that are out of range.

Shift+arrow keys

Click a cell in the grid and press:

- Shift+up arrow key to select additional cells above the selected cell.
- Shift+down arrow key to select additional cells below the selected cell.
- Shift+right arrow key to select additional cells to the right of the selected cell.
- Shift+left arrow key to select additional cells to the left of the selected cell.

Arrow keys

Click a cell in the grid and press:

- The up arrow key to select the cell immediately above it.
- The down arrow key to select the cell immediately below it
- The right arrow key to select the cell immediately to the right of it.
- The left arrow key to select the cell immediately to the left of it.

Click a range of cells in the grid and press:

- The up arrow key to select the cell immediately above the last cell in the range.
- The down arrow key to select the cell immediately below the last cell in the range.
- The right arrow key to select the cell immediately to the right of the last cell in the range.
- The left arrow key to select the cell immediately to the left of the last cell in the range.

Shift+Home, Shift+End

Click a cell in the grid and press:

- Shift+Home to select additional cells to the left of the selected cell.
- Shift+End to select additional cells to the right of the selected cell.

This key combination has no effect on **Time step** column.

Home, End keys

Click a cell or range of cells in the grid and press:

- The Home key to select the first cell in that row.
- The End key to select the last cell in that row.

Shift+Page Up, Shift+ Page Down

Click a cell in the grid and press:

- Shift+Page Up to select all cells above the selected cell.
- Shift+Page Down to select all cells below the selected cell.

This key combination has no effect on Daily values row

Page Up, Page Down

Select cells in the grid, and press:

- Page Up to select the first cell in that column within the visible grid area.
- Page Down to select the last cell in that column within the visible grid area.

Clicking these keys selects only the cells within the visible area of the grid. Click these keys more than once to select cells beyond the visible area.

Select a range of cells in the **Daily totals** row and press:

- Page Up to select the first cell within the selected range.
- Page Down to select the last cell within the selected range.

Ctrl+A

- Click any cell in the grid and press Ctrl+A—All cells in the grid are selected.
- Click any cell in the **Timestep** column and press Ctrl+A—All cells in the column are selected.
- Click anywhere in the **Daily totals/Average** row and press Ctrl+A—The entire row is selected.

Drag mouse or mouse pad

• Click any cell in the grid and hold down the right mouse key while dragging the mouse right, left, up,

down, or any combination of directions. The range of cells is selected.

- Click any cell in the **Time step** column and hold down the right mouse key while dragging the mouse up or down. The range of cells in the column is selected.
- Click anywhere in the **Daily values** row and hold down the right mouse key while dragging the mouse left or right. The entire row is selected.

When dragging the mouse, if cells are selected beyond the visible area of the grid, the grid adjusts and autoscrolls to display the selected cells.

Shift+ mouse-click

- Hold down the Shift key and click any cell in the grid. Using the mouse, click anywhere in the grid in any direction. The range of cells is selected.
- Hold down the Shift key and click any cell in the **Time step** column. Using the mouse, click anywhere in the column, up or down. The range of cells is selected.
- Hold down the Shift key and click anywhere in the **Daily totals/Average** row. Using the mouse, click anywhere in the column, right or left. The entire row is selected.

Ctrl-C, Ctrl-V

Select cells in the grid, and press:

- Ctrl-C to copy values in the grid. The message Copied to clipboard appears. Click X to close it.
- Crtl-V to paste values in an Excel spreadsheet or a text editor such as, NotePad.

If more cells are copied than there are cells to paste into, WFM extends the number of cells/column/ rows to accommodate the data being pasted.

Overlays

Tip

This page describes Overlays in the new Workforce Management (WFM) Forecast module interface (introduced in 8.5.2). If you are using the classic Supervisors interface and have landed on this page by accident, see the *Workforce Management Web for Supervisors Help (Classic)*, which describes the classic Forecast module, including overlays.

In WFM, using overlays (previously named *factors*) enable you to *factor in* and track events that might affect interaction volumes. Each event in an overlay represents an abnormality in historical data or in the future—that is, a fluctuation in interaction volumes (IV) or average handling time (AHT) that is not a usual seasonal, intra-week, or intra-day trend. Events that point to the same kind of abnormality, one that has happened multiple times in the past or can happen in the future, can be arranged into groups that are simply called *overlays*. The most common overlay examples are sales promotions, advertising campaigns, and catalog drops.

Tip

You must have access permission to the **Overlays** view before you can view, create, or modify overlays. See also, the Tip about access permission in Navigating the Forecast views

Impact of overlay events on prediction data

It's important to understand the impact that overlays events make on prediction data. A forecast's prediction data is directly impacted when a specific overlay event occurs over a prediction interval. WFM uses one of two calculations to determine an overlay's impact on prediction data:

- **Multiplicative**—Increase (or decrease) every step of predicted data by a percentage. The percentage is defined by overlay impact distribution, multiplied by the *strength* of the event. The duration of the interval is affected by event changes.
- **Overriding**—Re-distribute (but does not change) the volume of an event's interval. The total volume does not change, but it might be moved from one event-step to another.

For more information about overlay types and examples, see the Overlays Primer in the *Workforce Management Administrator's Guide*.

Opening the Overlays view



You create, edit, and delete overlays in WFM's Forecast module, by selecting **Forecast** > **Overlays**.

When you open this view initially, you might not see any overlays listed (see figure). WFM displays a list of associated overlays only after you select a business unit or site in the **Objects** pane. If no overlays exist for the selected object, you'll see the message *No items to display*. Either create an overlay for the selected object or choose another object to view it's overlays.

Working in the Overlays view

ං Forecast					۲ ?
Overlays			Over	daus toolbas	
Select object	Site5 -	4 weeks	over	lags cooldar	Overlay [5]
> • BU_MG	New	overlay 💼			Properties Distribution Impacted activities Events
 BUI - Sunday BUI - Sunday Site2 - None 		Name	Type	Spread	Name Overlay [5]
Site2 - None		Overlay [1] Overla	uect ys and ^{Impacting}	2 hour(s)	This overwr is impacting forecast values and totals Spread over 1 0 Days 1 5 Minutes
SiteZ - Month		Overlay [22] 🖌 cl	ick Redistributing	24 hour(s)	
V O BU2 - Saturday		Overlay [3] "Dele	ete" in Redistributing	0 day(s)	Always use the entered distribution
Site6 - 5 weeks		Overlay [4	oolbar. Redistributing	1 day(s)	Always calculate disregarding impacts and distribution
 Site8 BU3 - empty sites 		Overlay [6]	Impacting	1 hour(s)	This overlay is applicable to (IV AHT II III IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII
BU4 - empty BU5		Duranay [6]	Impacting	1 day(s)	
> OBUG - Wednesday		Overlay [6]1	Impacting	0 day(s)	
)		Overlay [8]	Impacting	0 day(s)	Data pape Click a tab to view its settings \mathcal{J}
,		Overlay [9]	Redistributing	0 day(s)	
Objects pane. Select an object	t	Overlay [10]	Impacting	1 day(s)	
overlaus.		Overlays pane. S	elect an overlay to a	display its tabs in	
			the Data pane.		Cancel Save

The **Overlays** view is split into three panes:

- **Objects** pane—Displays a hierarchical list of business units and sites in the enterprise. In this pane:
 - Select a business unit or site (by clicking the arrow > beside the business unit) to see a list of
 overlays for the selected object.
- **Overlays** pane—Displays the name of the selected business unit or site and a table containing its overlays. In this pane:
 - Select an overlay by type (Impacting or Redistributing) to display the tabs in the **Data** pane.
 - Create an overlay, click New overlay in the toolbar.
 If there are no overlays for the selected object, the message No items to display appears in the middle of the pane.
 - Delete overlays, check the boxes to select one or more overlays and click **Delete** in the toolbar.
- **Data** pane—Displays four tabs for the selected overlay: Properties, Distribution, Impacted activities, and Events. In this pane:
 - View or change the settings in any of these tabs. The tab settings are described below.

Understanding the overlay's data

When you select an overlay in the **Overlays** pane, the four tabs associated with the overlay display

in the **Data** pane. Click the **Properties**, **Distribution**, **Impacted activities**, or **Events** tab to display the settings described in this topic.

Properties tab

The **Properties** tab settings and controls are described as follows:

Overlay [2]
Properties Distribution Impacted activities Events
Name Overlav [2]
This overlay is redistributing forecast without changing totals
Spread over 5 Days Hours 15 Minutes
Use this overlay in the following way when building a forecast
Always calculate disregarding impacts and distribution
This overlay is applicable to IV AHT
Overlay [1]
Properties Distribution Impacted activities Events
Name Overlay [1]
This overlay is impacting forecast values and totals
Spread over 5 $\stackrel{\wedge}{\downarrow}$ O Days O Hours O 15 Minutes
Use this overlay in the following way when building a forecast
Always use the entered distribution
 Always calculate disregarding impacts and distribution
This overlay is applicable to IV AHT
Cancel
Save

- **Name** *field*—You can edit the name in this field.
- **This overlay is** *label*—You'll see one of the following labels just below the **Name** field, depending on the settings you chose when you created the overlay:
 - **This overlay is impacting forecast values and totals**—Specify that this overlay can impact the forecast by changing forecast's values and totals. This option is the default.
 - This overlay is redistributing forecast without changing totals—Specify that this overlay must preserve a forecast's total for specific period even while changing the distribution of values inside that period.
- **Spread over** *field*—Displays the length of time that the selected **Overlay** will occupy. Edit this field and select the **Days**, **Hours**, or **15 Minutes** radio button. The value must be greater than 0 (zero) and the default is set during creation.
- Use this overlay in the following way when building a forecast radio button group—One of these two settings will be selected:
 - **Always use entered distribution**—Use the specified (entered) distribution when building a forecast. This option enables the Distribution tab.
 - Always calculate disregarding impacts and distribution—Use this overlay, but always disregard impacts and distribution when building a forecast. This option disables the Distribution tab.
- This overlay is applicable to radio button group—One of the following settings will be selected:
 - IV—Specify that this overlay applies only to Interaction Volume (IV).
 - **AHT**—Specify that this overlay applies only to Average Handling Time (AHT).

Distribution tab

The settings you see on the **Distribution** tab depend on the choices you made in step 1 of the **New Overlay** wizard or in the overlay's Properties tab. Specifically, this tab is disabled if **Always calculate disregarding impacts and distribution** was selected in either place.



If you selected **Always use the entered distribution** when creating the overlay:

• **Graph**—Displays the same information as the grid below it displays, but in graphical form.

- **Grid**—Displays and allows you to edit the overlay's distribution. It contains the following columns in the **Daily or hourly impact** section:
 - **Timestep**—Each row displays an increment during which the overlay will be in effect. The actual increment (timestep, day, or hour) is set in Properties tab.
 - **Distribution value**—Displays the distribution value of each increment. The default value in each cell is 0.

If the overlay is of the type:

- **Impacting**—You can enter values from -100 to 9999 into the grid. The top-most row in the shows the **Average** value of all timesteps.
- Redistributing—You can enter a percentage into the grid from 0 to 100. The top-most row in the grid shows the Total value of all timesteps.
 If the Total does not equal 100 %, you will see a warning and will not be able to save your changes to the overlay.

Impacted activities tab



This tab lists all activities that correspond to the business unit or site that was selected in the **Object** pane.

- Select one or more activities that will be impacted by the selected factor.
- Clear all check boxes to specify no impact.

Events tab

If there are no events for the selected overlay, you'll see only the **Add events** button and the message *There are no events to display.* If events have been added, you'll see a grid listing all events for the overlay, one per row. You can edit the value in every cell of this grid by clicking Actions > **Edit**.

test1234						
Properties Distribution	n Impacte	ed activities	Events			
Add event						
Event		Start date	Start time	Strength	Disregard	
Overlay Event [1]	:	4/19/18	12:00 AM	1		
Overlay Event [2]	:	5/18/18	12:00 AM	1 🔸		
					1	
Overla	ay [4]					
Properti	es Distrib	oution Impa	acted activities	Events	\	
Add	l event					
				E	vents tab with l	and
				W	thout events aa	lded.
Cano				1		
		Т	here are no e	events to disp	olay	
	Cancel					Save
	Vallet					Save

The arid includes the following columns:

- **Event**—The name of the event.

: Actions *icon*—Clicking this icon opens a drop-down menu containing two actions for selection: Edit and Delete.

- Start date—The start date of the event.
- Start time—The start time of the event.
- **Strength**—A coefficient (or multiplier) that measures the final impact of an event. The range is any positive value (greater than zero), up to nine digits and two decimals.
- **Disregard**—If the check box is checked, the event disregards historical data. If unchecked historical data is considered. See Ignoring historical data.

The Events tab includes the following controls:

- Add event button—Click to add an event.
- Cancel button—Click to cancel and discard changes.
- Save button—Click to save changes.

Ignoring historical data in overlays

Any event under an overlay type may have the **Ignore Historical Data** flag set, which specifies whether the historical-data interval data that is covered by that event is used in calculations of volume prediction or overlay impact (see Calculating Overlay Impact).

If an event does not have the **Ignore Historical Data** flag set, then the data that is covered by the event is considered for prediction. There is no additional processing of historical data that is affected by the event, other than ignoring it or using it.

Calculating an overlay's impact

The impact of an overlay is determined by analyzing historical data and by using WFM's prediction algorithm. The algorithm analyzes the period of historical data, which contains one or more events of overlay that are to be calculated.

Overlays can be precalculated before starting volume forecasting or during volume forecasting (see "Event Impact Distribution" in the Workforce Management Administrator's Guide). Given the same historical data and using the same method, the results should be identical.

Multiplicative overlays are calculated by separating the seasonal component (yearly, daily, or intraday) from the event impact for each event of the overlay in the given historical data. Then, the

impact is divided by event strength and averaged. When the impact is applied to an event on the prediction interval, it is multiplied by the strength of that event.

In **Overriding Overlay**, the percentage of each event-step in the total of the whole event period is calculated for each event, and then averaged. See the following example:

A historical period has two events in a daily overlay, which is 3 days long. The days of the first event are 150, 200, 150 (30%, 40%, and 30% of the total, respectively), and the days of the second event are 150, 150, 200 (30%, 30%, and 40% of the total, respectively). Each event-step (in this case, a day) is averaged individually, and the overlay is calculated as 30%, 35%, 35%, respectively.
Managing overlays and events

Workforce Management (WFM) makes it easy to forecast and manage overlays and events in the **Forecast** > Overlays view, by enabling you to:

- Create and delete overlays
- View and edit overlay data
- Add and delete overlay events
- View and edit event data
- Select overlay data to copy and paste
- Calculate the distribution in overlays

Tip

You must have the **Overlays** security permission to see **Overlays** in the **Forecast** menu. Without this permission, you cannot create overlays and events, nor access **Overlays** using a bookmarked URL. See "Forecast Role Privileges" in the *Workforce Management Web for Supervisors (Classic) Help*.

Creating overlays

Use the **New Overlay** wizard to guide you through a simple two-step process.

New Ove	erlay	Step 1 of 2	
Set overlay pr	operties and usage		
Overlay name	Overlay [4]		
Apply to	IV O AHT		
Spread over	5 🗘 🖲 Days 🔿 Hours 🔿 15 M	inutes choosing some section will	e settings in ti disable others.
Impact Fore	cast values and totals	١	
Always	use the entered distribution)	
Initial in	npact 1.5 💭 Ending impact	2 🗘	
Always	calculate disregarding impacts and distribution		
 Redistribute 	Forecast without changing total		
O Always	use the entered distribution		
Always	calculate disregarding impacts and distribution	Click "Next to a	pen Step 2
		CIICK NEXT LU U	
		of this wi	zard.
		of this wi	zard.
Cancel	Help	< Back Next >	zard.
Cancel	Help	< Back Next >	zard.
Cancel	Help	< Back Next >	zard.
Cancel	Help	< Back Next >	x Step 2 of 2
Cancel	Help New Overlay	< Back Next >	Step 2 of 2
Cancel	Help New Overlay Select activities	< Back Next >	x Step 2 of 2
Cancel	Help New Overlay Select activities	< Back Next >	Step 2 of 2
Cancel	Help New Overlay Select activities SiteZ - Month	< Back Next >	x Step 2 of 2
Cancel	Help New Overlay Select activities Select activities Select activity Select activity	< Back Next >	Step 2 of 2
Cancel	Help New Overlay Select activities Select activities	< Back Next >	Step 2 of 2
Cancel	Help New Overlay Select activities Select activities Select activity Select activity	< Back Next >	x Step 2 of 2
Cancel	Help New Overlay Select activities Select activities Select activity Select activity	< Back Next >	Step 2 of 2
Cancel	Help New Overlay Select activities Select activities Select activity Select activity	Click Next to 0 of this with A Back Next > Second Second Secon	step 2 of 2
Cancel	Help New Overlay Select activities Select activities Select activities Select activity Select	e activities Create'.	Step 2 of 2
Cancel	Help New Overlay Select activities Select activities Select activity Select activity Se	e activities Create'.	Step 2 of 2
Cancel	Help New Overlay Select activities Select activities Select activity Select ac	e activities Create'.	x Step 2 of 2
Cancel	Help New Overlay Select activities Select activities Select activity Select activity Se	e activities Create'.	Step 2 of 2
Cancel	Help New Overlay Select activities Select activities Select activity Select activity Se	e activities Create'.	Step 2 of 2
Cancel	Help New Overlay Select activities Select activities Select activity Select activity Se	e activities Create'.	Step 2 of 2
Cancel	Help New Overlay Select activities Select activities Select activity Select activity Se	e activities Create'.	Step 2 of 2
Cancel	Help New Overlay Select activities Select activities Select activity Select activity Se	e activities Create'.	step 2 of 2

To create an overlay:

- 1. In the **Forecast** > **Overlays** view, select a business unit or site.
- 2. In the toolbar, click **New overlay**. The New Overlay dialog opens.
- 3. In the **Overlay name** field, enter a name for the overlay (limited to 127 characters).
- 4. Choose the statistic for this overlay: IV or AHT.
- 5. In the **Spread over** field, enter a value, specifying either **Days**, **Hours**, or **15 Minutes**. **The default is 1 and acceptable values are between 1 and 999.**
- 6. Next, choose one of the following settings (choosing some settings in this section, will disable others):
 - Select **Impact Forecast values and totals** (default), if you want this overlay to change the forecast's values and totals. Then, choose one of the following:
 - Always use the entered distribution
 - Always calculate disregarding impacts and distribution
 - Select **Redistribute Forecast without changing total**, if you want this overlay to preserve the forecast's totals for a specific period, while changing the distribution of values inside that period. Then, choose one of the following:
 - Always use the entered distribution
 - Always calculate disregarding impacts and distribution
- 7. If you choose **Impact Forecast values and totals** and then, **Always use the entered distribution** in step 6, enter values for Initial impact and Ending impact.
- 8. Click Next.
- 9. In the **Select activities** dialog, expand the business units or sites to select activities and/or multi-site activities for this overlay.
- 10. Click Create.
- 11. Click **OK** in the confirmation dialog.

You can click **Cancel** at any time to discard the settings and close the **New Overlay** wizard. Clicking **Cancel** in the progress dialog, causes WFM to close the dialog and refresh the grid.

Rules for initial and ending impact

Keep the following information in mind when entering values for initial and ending impact in the procedure Creating overlays:

- The Initial impact and Ending impact fields accept values from -100 to 9999.
- If you do not enter a value for both initial and ending impact, WFM creates 0.00 values in the Distribution grid.
- If you enter a value in only one of the impact fields and the spread over value is 1, WFM creates the distribution with the specified value.
- If you enter a value in only one of the impact fields and the spread over value is greater than 1, a

validation message appears.

- If you enter different values in the impact fields and spread over is 1, a validation message appears.
- If you enter the values in both impact fields and spread over is 2, WFM creates the distribution with the specified values.
- If you enter the values in both impact fields and spread over is greater than 2, WFM creates the distribution by specifying the impact field values for the first and last timestep and calculates the remaining timesteps values by using a formula.

Editing overlays

In the Overlay Distribution grid, you can move from cell to cell by using the Enter or Shift+Enter keys on the keyboard. Click a cell and press:

- the Enter key to move the focus to the cell below the one selected.
- the Shift+Enter keys to move the focus to the cell above the one selected.

If you select a cell in the **Average** or **Total** row, you can use Enter to move down one cell, but you cannot use Shift+Enter to move up one cell.

ල් Forecast				۶ ژ
Overlays				
Select object	Site7 - 6 weeks			test Properties Distribution Impacted activities Events
 > OBU_Monday > OBU1 - Sunday > OBU2 - Saturday BU2 - Saturday BU2 - Saturday 	Name Overlay [1]	Type Impacting	Spread 24 day(s)	Name test This overlay is impacting forecase values and totals
Image: Site6 - 5 weeks Image: Site7 - 6 weeks O BU3 - empty sites	test	Impacting Redistributing	960 day(s) 1200 day(s)	Spread over 960 © Days O How 15 Minutes Use this overlay in the following way when building a forecase Click a tab to edit @ Always use the entered distribution the setting as
 BU4 - empty BU5 BU6 - Wednesday 	" Select th	e overlau		Always calculate disregarding impacts and distribution This overlay is applicable to
Select a business unit or site.	you want	t to edit.		Spread over 5 🔶 Bays O Hours 15 Minutes
				Click "Save".
				Cancel

To edit an overlay:

- 1. In the **Forecast** > **Overlays** view, select a business unit or site. **The overlays for this object are displayed in a table.**
- 2. In the **Overlays** table, select the overlay you want to edit. **The Data pane opens, displaying four tabs.**
- 3. Click a tab to change its settings.
- 4. Edit one or more of the tabs and click **Save**. Alternatively, click Cancel at any time to discard any changes you've made.

Tip

When editing values in the overlay's **Distribution** tab, you can copy and paste data from an Excel sheet by using Ctrl+C and Ctrl+V. See Selecting data to copy and paste.

Editing the Spread over value in the Properties tab

If you change the **Spread over** value in the Properties tab WFM enables you to update the distribution values directly.



After verifying the change to **Spread over** and clicking **Save**, you'll see this message in a **Confirmation** dialog *The distribution was reset due to the changes in spread over. Do you want to enter a new distribution?*

If you want to change the distribution:

- 1. Click Yes. The distribution tab opens enabling you to proceed.
- 2. When you are finished making changes, click **Save**. **WFM verifies that the new spread over and distribution values were successfully saved.**

If you do not want to change the distribution, click **No**. The **Confirmation** dialog closes and WFM saves the new spread over value.

Deleting overlays



To delete an overlay:

- 1. In the **Forecast** > **Overlays** view, select a business unit or site. **The overlays for this object are displayed in a table.**
- 2. In the table, select the overlay that you want to delete.
- 3. In the toolbar, click **Delete**



4. When the confirmation dialog opens, click **Delete** to proceed or **Cancel** to cancel the action.

To delete multiple overlays at once:

- 1. Select the overlays you want to delete (using the check box beside each overlay).
- 2. Complete steps 3 and 4 in the procedure above.

To delete all overlays in the table:

- 1. Select the top-most check box in the column header (near the Name column header).
- 2. Complete steps 3 and 4 in the procedure above.

If you are deleting a single overlay, the confirmation dialog contains the overlay name. If you are deleting multiple overlays, the confirmation dialog states the number of overlays being deleted.

Adding overlay events

Use the selected overlay's **Events** tab to add and manage overlays events.

Tip

This Help mentions three types of events, which are described in Understanding event types.

Add even	nt 🛌		-			Click to add an
Event		Start date	Start time	Strength	Disregard	event.
Overlay Ev	vent [1]	4/26/18	12:00 AM	1		
	New Even Set properties for Event name Impact start date Strength	t or new event Overlay Event [2] Sat, 19 May 2018			Impact start time	12:00 AM
C	Cancel	C	Set the p Event d	croperties I and then, Create".	for the click	Help Create

To add an overlay event:

- 1. In the **Forecast** > **Overlays** view, select a business unit or site. **The overlays for this object are displayed in a table.**
- 2. In the **Overlays** table, select an overlay.
- 3. In the **Data** pane, click the **Events** tab.
- 4. Click Add event. The New Event dialog opens.
- 5. In the **Event name** field, enter a name for the event.

- 6. In the **Impact start date** and **Impact start time** fields, enter the date and time, or keep the default date and time.
- 7. In the **Strength** field, you can enter a value or keep the default. The range is 0 to 999999999.99.
- 8. Alternatively, you can disable the value in the **Strength** field by selecting **Disregard historical data**. **If Disregard historical data is** *not* **selected**, **WFM considers historical data when processing events.**
- 9. Click Create.
- 10. When the confirmation dialog opens, click **OK**. **Alternatively, click Cancel at any time to cancel the action.**

Editing events

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To edit an overlay event:

- 1. In the **Forecast** > **Overlays** view, select a business unit or site. **The overlays for this object are displayed in a table.**
- 2. In the **Overlays** table, select an overlay.
- 3. In the **Data** pane, click the **Events** tab.

- 4. In the row of the event you want to edit, click **Actions** and select **Edit**. **The Edit Event dialog opens.**
- 5. Make the necessary changes and then, click **Save**.
- When the confirmation dialog opens, click OK.
 Alternatively, click Cancel at any time, if you want to cancel the action and discard the changes.

Deleting events



To delete an overlay event:

- 1. In the **Forecast** > **Overlays** view, select a business unit or site. **The overlays for this object are displayed in a table.**
- 2. In the table, select an overlay.
- 3. In the **Data** pane, click the **Events** tab.
- 4. In the row of the event you want to edit, click **Actions** and select **Delete**.
- 5. When the **Delete Event** confirmation dialog opens, click **Delete** to proceed or **Cancel** to cancel the action.

Calculating distribution in overlays

This procedure describes how to use the wizard to calculate an overlay's distribution. The wizard icon is enabled only if the **Always use the entered distribution** setting is selected in the overlay's properties. See **Creating overlays**.

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		Calculate Distribu	ıtion	Step 1 of 2
		Select activities		
		Site2_MG		
Click one of two ra	ndio	• ***		
buttons to select			×	
events. I	Calculate Dist	ribution	Step 2 of 2	
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	, ,	Click check		Clear selected events by
		boxes to select		clicking "x" in the "Select
		events.		events" field.
Back		ОК -		
Duon		OK		

To calculate an overlay's distribution using the wizard:

1. In the **Forecast** > **Overlays** view, select a business unit or site.

The overlays for this object are displayed in a table.

- 2. In the **Overlays** table, select an overlay (that has **Always use the entered distribution** selected).
- 3. Click Calculate Distribution The wizard open at Step 1.
- 4. Select an activity or multi-site activity and then, click **Next**. **Step 2 of the wizard opens.**
- Enter the Start and End date for the historical date range (use the up/down arrows or click the calendar to select a date).
 By default, WFM displays the start and end date of the historical date range for the selected activity.
- 6. To select events, choose one of two radio buttons:
 - **Use all applicable events**—Do nothing if you want all events to be considered when distribution is calculated. This button is selected by default.
 - Select events—Click this button if you want to select specific events.
 - 1. Click Edit

The Select Events dialog opens.

Click the check box beside an event if it should be considered for calculations and then, click OK.
 Clicking the top-most check box selects all events in the list.

The wizard returns to Step 2 and the Select events field shows the number of events you selected.

- 7. Click Calculate.
 - When processing is complete, the Distribution tab shows the distribution for this overlay.

Click Cancel at any time in the wizard to cancel all actions and close the wizard dialog.

Selecting overlay events in the wizard

When selecting events in the **Calculate Distribution** wizard:

- If the selected activity does not have overlay events, you'll see the message *You do not have any overlay events*.
- The dialog displays only events that fall within the selected historical date range.
- You can clear the events you selected in the **Select Events** dialog, by clicking **x** in the **Select events** field when the wizard returns to Step 2.

Selecting data to copy and paste

Tip

If you are unable to copy/paste, ask your administrator to confirm that your environment is using HTTPS secure connections to WFM. See the *Workforce Management Administrator's Guide*.

In the Overlays Distribution grid, WFM enables you to use key combinations on the keyboard to select data for copying and pasting. You can copy/paste within the grid and to/from a document (for example, Excel or NotePad).

Shift+arrow keys

Click a cell in the grid and press:

- Shift+up arrow key to select additional cells above the selected cell.
- Shift+down arrow key to select additional cells below the selected cell.
- Shift+right arrow key to select additional cells to the right of the selected cell.
- Shift+left arrow key to select additional cells to the left of the selected cell.

You must select the **Total/Average** row and the **Time step** column separately. They cannot be selected with other rows or columns in the grid.

Shift+Page Up, Shift+Page Down

Click a cell in the grid and press:

- Shift+Page Up to select all cells above the selected cell.
- Shift+Page Down to select all cells below the selected cell.

Ctrl+A

- Click any cell in the grid and press Ctrl+A—All cells in the grid are selected.
- Click any cell in the **Time step** column and press Ctrl+A—All cells in the column are selected.
- Click anywhere in the **Total/Average** row and press Ctrl+A—The entire row is selected.

Drag mouse or touch pad

- Click any cell in the grid and hold down the right mouse key while dragging the mouse right, left, up, down, or any combination of directions. The range of cells is selected.
- Click any cell in the Time step column and hold down the right mouse key while dragging the mouse

up or down. The range of cells in the column is selected.

• Click anywhere in the **Total/Average** row and hold down the right mouse key while dragging the mouse left or right. The entire row is selected.

You must select the **Total/Average** row and the **Time step** column separately. They cannot be selected with other rows or columns in the grid.

Shift+ mouse-click

- Hold down the Shift key and click any cell in the grid. Using the mouse, click anywhere in the grid up or down. The range of cells is selected.
- Hold down the Shift key and click any cell in the **Time step** column. Using the mouse, click anywhere in the column, up or down. The range of cells is selected.
- Hold down the Shift key and click anywhere in the **Total/Average** row. Using the mouse, click anywhere in the column, right or left. The entire row is selected.

You must select the **Total/Average** row and the **Time step** column separately. They cannot be selected with other rows or columns in the grid.

Ctrl+C, Ctrl+V

Select cells in the grid, and press:

- Ctrl+C to copy values in the grid. The message Copied to clipboard appears. Click X to close it.
- Crtl+V to paste values in an Excel spreadsheet or a text editor such as, NotePad.

If more cells are copied than there are cells to paste into, WFM extends the number of cells/column/ rows to accommodate the data being pasted.

Common forecasting tasks

In some cases, Workforce Management (WFM) enables you to complete the same task in more than one Forecast view. In this topic, you'll find descriptions and procedures to help you complete these common tasks.

Adding and removing activities

Add or remove activities or multi-site activities (MSA) in open scenarios by using the **Add activities** and **Remove activities** icons in the toolbar in all Scenarios views (Volumes, Staffing, Shrinkage).

Adding activites or MSA

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>	MOR and then,
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Cancel	Help Add

To add activities or MSA to an existing forecast:

1. Open a scenario.

- In the toolbar, click Add activities
 The Add activities dialog open.
- 3. Expand the tree to select the activities you want to add. You can select from multiple sites.
- 4. Click Add.
- 5. When processing is complete, click **OK**.

Click **Cancel** at any time to cancel the action and close the dialog.

Removing activities or MSA

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To remove activities or MSA from an existing forecast:

1. Open a scenario.

- ties 🌣
- 2. In the toolbar, click **Remove activities The Remove activities dialog open.**
- 3. Expand the tree to select the activities you want to remove. You can select from multiple sites.
- 4. Click Remove.
- 5. When processing is complete, click **OK**.

Click **Cancel** at any time to cancel the action and close the dialog.

Saving forecasts as templates

Reuse data in an existing scenario or Master Forecast by using the **Save as Template** wizard to create a forecast template. You can use this wizard in all Scenarios and Master Forecast views.

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To save the forecast as a template:

- 1. Open a scenario or Master Forecast.
- 2. In the **Objects** pane, select an activity or multi-site activity (MSA). **This enables the Save as template option.**
- 3. In the top-right corner of the view, click the down arrow on the **Save** button.
- 4. When the drop-down menu opens, select **Save as template...**. **The Save As Template dialog opens.**
- 5. In the **Name** field, enter a name for the new template.
- 6. Select the template type from the **Type** drop-down list (**IV** or **AHT** if opened in the **Volumes** view). **This field has a prepopulated value that cannot be changed when you open this dialog in the**

Staffing or Shrinkage view.

- 7. Select or enter the **Source start date** and **Source end date** into the corresponding fields.
- 8. Expand the list of objects on the right to select activities or multi-site activities to use for this template and click **Save**.
- 9. When the saving process is complete, click **OK**. **The new forecast template appears in the Templates view.**
- 10. Alternatively, click **Cancel** to cancel the action and close the dialog.

Commenting in forecasts

Add, open, edit, delete, and sort comments in scenarios or Master Forecasts by using the **Comments** dialog. You can open this dialog in all Scenarios and Master Forecast views. Watch the video.

Tip

Comments added in the Web for Supervisors (Classic) Forecast module are visible in this Forecast module. However, comments added in this Forecast module are not visible in the (Classic) Forecast module.

Adding and opening comments



To add comments to a forecast:

- 1. Open a scenario or Master Forecast view.
- 2. In the **Objects** pane, expand the tree and select an activity or multi-site activity.
- 3. In the grid, select a cell in the date column where you want to add comments.

4. Click **Comments** in the upper-right corner of the view. **The Comments pane opens.**

- 5. Click Add comment.
- 6. Enter your comment in text field (2000 characters, maximum) and click **Comment**. **The comment displays on the Selected tab.**

After adding comments for a specified date:

- If the selected period is weekly, the column header in the grid displays in yellow. A triangle in the upperright corner indicates that there are comments for that date.
- If the selected period is monthly or yearly, the cells in the row for that date appear in yellow with the triangle in the upper-right corner.
- In the upper-right corner of the view, the **Comments** icon shows the total number of comments in red for the selected activity or multi-site activity.

Link to video

Open the **Comments** pane in one of two ways:

- 1. Click the triangle in the date cell. **The Selected tab opens, by default.**
- 2. Select an activity and then, click **Comments** in the upper-right corner of the view. **The All comments tab opens, by default. If there are no comments for the selected activity, the** *No comments* message displays.

If you select a range of date cells, the **Selected** tab opens displaying the comments for the first selected date. If you select a date cell that has no comments, the **Selected** tab opens displaying *No comments*.

If there is more than 3 lines of text, click **More** to see the entire comment. Click **Less** to hide it.

Close the **Comments** pane by clicking the **X** in the upper right corner of the pane.

Editing, deleting, and sorting comments



To edit comments:

- 1. Open the **Comments** pane.
- 2. In the comment you want to edit, click **Actions** to open the drop-down menu.

- 3. Select Edit.
- 4. When the text box opens, edit the comment.
- 5. Click **Save**.

You can edit only the comments you created. If you click a comment created by someone else, **Delete** is the only option displayed in the **Actions** menu.

To delete comments:

- 1. Open the **Comments** pane.
- 2. In the comment you want to delete, click **Actions** to open the drop-down menu.
- 3. Select Delete.
- 4. When asked to confirm the deletion, click **Delete**.

To sort comments:

- 1. Open the **Comments** pane.
- 2. Select the tab you want to sort.
- 3. In the **Sort by** field, click the down arrow to open the menu.
- 4. Select one of four sort criteria: **Recent First**, **Oldest First**, **User**, **Asc**, or **User**, **Desc**. The list of comments sorts according to the selected criteria.

The **Sort by** field is visible only if there are two or more comments in the tab. Selecting **User, Asc** or **User, Desc** sorts comments by the user's name in ascending or descending order. **Recent First** is the default sort order.

Click **Cancel** at any time to cancel the action when adding, editing, and deleting comments.

Using Search to find objects

Find activities quickly in Scenarios and Master Forecast views by using Search in the Objects pane.

Click the contact the top of the Objects pane to show or hide the Search field. You can use this search function in all Scenarios and Master Forecast views.

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 > O BU_MG > O BU_Monday > O BU1 - Sunday > G BU1 - Sunday > Bulling GoldChat D Billing GoldVoice 	Search field. Shows the number of items found and up/down arrows.

To use search to find objects quickly:

- 1. Open any one of the Scenarios or Master Forecast views.
- 2. If you are in the **Scenarios** view, click the **Actions** menu and open a scenario.
- 3. In the **Objects** pane, click **Search C The Search field is displayed.**
- Enter the search criteria. For example, the name of an object (business unit, site, activity, multi-site activity).
 WFM highlights any matching text as you type.
- 5. Click Enter. WFM expands the list to show the number of matching objects found and shows the number of matching items in the Search field, together with up/down arrows.
- 6. Click the up or down arrow until you find the object you're searching for.
- 7. Click **x** to clear the **Search** field and start a new search.

If WFM does not find matches for the search criteria you've entered, WFM displays **0 of 0** found and no text is highlighted in the list of objects.

Master Forecasts

Tip

This page describes Master Forecasts in the new Workforce Management (WFM) Forecast module interface (introduced in 8.5.2). If you are using the classic Supervisors interface and have landed on this page by accident, see the *Workforce Management Web for Supervisors Help (Classic)*, which describes the classic Forecast module, including the Master Forecast.

WFM Master Forecast consists of the volumes and staffing data that is built on forecast scenarios that have been published. Here's what you'll find in these views:

- Master Forecast Volumes—Interaction volumes (IV) and average handle time (AHT) data.
- Master Forecast Staffing—Calculated and required staffing data.
- Master Forecast Shrinkage—Overhead data, which WFM uses to forecast shrinkage while scheduling.

Note that the **Forecast** > Scenarios view also has **Volumes**, **Staffing** and **Shrinkage** views. These views are similar, but in some ways different from the Master Forecast views. For example, you might create several forecast scenarios containing volumes, staffing, and shrinkage data before choosing one that is optimal for publishing to the Master Forecast.

Viewing the volumes data

Use the **Forecast Volumes** view in the Master Forecast to display the interaction volumes (IV) and average handle time (AHT) data. When you select an object in this view, the start date is determined by the selected business unit's week start day setting, regardless of your locale settings.

This view provides standard date-selectors and a grid that shows statistics for days or timesteps.

Link to video

To open the **Volumes** view in the Master Forecast:

- 1. In the navigation bar, select **Forecast** > **Volumes**.
- 2. In the **Objects** tree, expand a business unit to select a site, activity, or multi-site activity.

The view displays a graph above a table, each containing the same statistics and controls that set the data display properties.

If you do not see any volumes data, you can adjust the Period drop-down list, the sliders (below the graph), or the Granularity and date-selectors at the top of the window to reflect those used for the forecast.

The grid displays open hours for selected site activities and multi-site activities in the same way.

You can view the staffing or shrinkage data in the Master Forecast, by selecting Staffing or Shrinkage from the drop-down list in the top-left corner of this view.

ő Forecast Choose primary statistic. Master Forecast Volumes ~ Activities > **Q** BU_MG Primary statistic Interaction volumes Granu v BU Monday > Interaction volumes BU1 - Sunday 😐 Site2 - None > ő Forecast Master Forecast Volumes Activities > ♀ BU_MG Primary statistic Interaction volumes Granularity 15 3 > O BU_Monday V Sunday 30 > 🧾 Site2 - None 60 ? Ф 6/24/18 📩 to 6/30/18 > Week ~ 1 Week ÷ Month Choose granularity. Year Choose period AHT second

Setting the data display properties

In this view, use the following controls to customize the data display:

• Primary statistic drop-down list—Select the statistic that will be displayed as primary, by selecting

Interaction Volume (IV) or **AHT** (average handle time). The primary statistic displays as a bar in the graph and the secondary statistic displays as a red line.

- **Granularity** *drop-down list*—Select **Month** or **Year** to adjust the granularity to **Day**. Select **Week** to further adjust each row's time range by selecting **15**, **30**, or **60** (minutes) from this list.
- **Period** *drop-down list*—Change the time range for the graph and grid by selecting **Year**, **Month**, or **Week**. If the selected site has a configured planning period, you can also select **Planning Period**.
- Date range—Use the date-selectors (top-right portion of the view) to switch to a different period within the scenario forecast's date range. The week number is also displayed here when the selected period is Week.



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- **Actions** *drop-down menu*—Click this icon to change the graph and/or table:
- **Graph options**—Show/hide the graph and zoom bar by selecting/clearing the **Show graph** check

box. See also Sliders.

- **Show columns**—Show/hide data columns in the table by selecting/clearing the following check boxes:
 - IV forecast #
 - IV forecast %
 - IV actuals #
 - AHT forecast #
 - AHT actuals #

Click anywhere in the view to close the drop-down menu.

• **Toggle statistics/events** check boxes—Below the graph, toggle a statistic or applied events on or off. Selecting the check box or clicking the radio button toggles it on, displaying the primary statistic as bars, the secondary statistic as a red line, and applied events as a striped orange line. Clearing the check box or clicking the radio button toggles it off, making the statistic or event invisible in the graph. When turned on, the primary statistic's radio button is light blue and the **Applied events** button is yellow.

Tip

Applied events are events that have been added to Overlays and the striped orange line represents the start of the event's impact for that period.

Link to video

Watch the video demonstrating how following features (described here and shown in the graphics above) work. The Smooth graph feature described in the first half of the video is not available In the Master Forecast views:

- **Sliders**—Drag the vertical slider left/right to show/hide the graph, zoom bar, grid and/or **Objects** pane. Click the arrows in the vertical slider to resize the **Objects** pane. Drag the horizontal slider up and down to show/hide the graph or grid.
- **Zoom bar graph**—Use the zoom bar handles to narrow/widen the focus in the graph, by sliding the handle left/right. You can zoom to a minimum of one day. After narrowing the focus, place your cursor over the graph and change the range of the zoom by dragging and dropping it to the left or right. For example, if you narrow the focus to Sunday, Monday, and Tuesday, but want to change it, drag and drop the zoom to the right to Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday.

Reading the volumes data

The graph shows the statistics, dates, period, and granularity that you selected above. The vertical axis indicates the primary statistic on the left and the secondary statistic on the right. The horizontal axis indicates the different units for the two statistics.

To understand the volumes data, see **Reading the data** in the **Scenario** > **Volumes** topic.

Editing the volumes data

In the **Master Forecast** > **Volumes** grid, WFM enables you to edit values in the Actual columns only (**Actual IV** and **Actual AHT**). You can edit timesteps and daily totals when the selected period is **Week** and edit weekly and daily totals when the selected period is **Month** or **Year**.

You must have the Forecast access privilege **Edit Historical Data** to edit values in the Actual columns.

When changing the period, granularity, and/or values in the grid, note that daily totals are aggregated values for a 24-hour period. This means the daily and weekly totals automatically adjust and are redistributed according to the original distribution of volume for each day of the week or week of the month/year.

Find information about editing modes and see the editing procedure in Editing data in the grid in the **Scenarios** > **Volumes** topic.

Copying and pasting the volumes data

In the **Master Forecast** > **Volumes** grid, WFM enables you to copy and paste values to/from the actual columns only (**Actual IV** and **Actual AHT**). When selecting data for pasting, if you select cells in non editable columns, such as **IV Forcasted** #, only the cells in **Actuals** # columns are pasted.

You must have the Forecast access privilege **Edit Historical Data** to copy/paste data in this view.

For more information about copying and pasting volumes data, see Selecting data to copy and paste.

Viewing the staffing data

Use the **Forecast Staffing** view in the Master Forecast to display the required and calculated staffing data. This view provides standard date-selectors and a grid that shows statistics for days or timesteps.

Link to video

To open the **Staffing** view in the Master Forecast:

- 1. In the navigation bar, select **Forecast** > **Staffing**.
- 2. In the **Objects** tree, expand a business unit to select a site, activity, or multi-site activity.

The view displays a graph above a table, each containing the same statistics and controls that set the data display properties.

If you do not see any staffing data, you can adjust the Period drop-down list, the sliders (below the graph), or the Granularity and date-selectors at the top of the window to reflect those used for the forecast.

The grid displays open hours for selected site activities and multi-site activities in the same way.

You can view the volumes or shrinkage data in the Master Forecast, by selecting Volumes or Shrinkage from the drop-down list in the top-left corner of this view.

ő Forecast Choose primary statistic. Master Forecast Staffing ~ Activities > **Q** BU_MG Calculated staffing Primary statistic Granul > **Q** BU_Monday Calculated staffing 🗸 ♀ BU1 - Sunday Required staffing 💾 Site2 - None > ğ Forecast Master Forecast Staffing ~ Activities Calculated staffing > ♀ BU_MG Primary statistic ~ Granularity 15 2h > **Q** BU_Monday V O BU1 - Sunday 30 > 🧮 Site2 - None 60 ? Week 6/24/18 📩 to 6/30/18 > Ð Week ÷ Month Choose granularity. Year Choose period

Setting the data display properties

In this view, use the following controls to customize the data display:

- **Primary statistic** *drop-down list*—Select the statistic that will be displayed as primary, by selecting **Calculated staffing** or **Required staffing**. The primary statistic displays as a bar in the graph and the secondary statistic displays as a red line.
- Granularity drop-down list—Select Month or Year to adjust the granularity to Day. Select Week to

adjust the granularity to 15, 30, or 60 (minutes).

- Period drop-down list—Change the period or time range for the graph and grid by selecting Year, Month, or Week. If the selected site has a configured planning period, you can also select Planning Period.
- **Date range**—Use the date-selectors (top-right portion of the view) to switch to a different period within the scenario forecast's date range.



• Actions drop-down menu—Click this icon to change the graph and/or table:

- **Graph options**—Show/hide the graph and zoom bar by selecting/clearing the **Show graph** check box. See also Sliders.
- Show columns—Show/hide data columns in the grid by selecting/clearing the Calculated staffing, Required staffing or Secondary data check boxes.
- Secondary data—Click this item to open a fly-out menu that list all of the secondary data types that can be displayed in the graph and grid.
 If Secondary data is checked in the Show columns section, the data type that you select from the fly-out menu is the name of the column that displays in the grid and the radio button/check box below the graph, and it displays as the y-axis statistic. To learn more, see Viewing the staffing secondary data.

Click anywhere in the view to close the drop-down menu.

- Toggles check boxes—Below the graphic, toggle a statistic (Calculated, Required, Secondary data), or Applied events on or off in the graph. Selecting the check box or clicking the radio button toggles it on, and clearing the check box or clicking the radio button toggles it off. When checked, the radio button is:
 - solid blue for **Calculated**.
 - outlined in magenta for **Required**.
 - outlined in a broken purple line for **Secondary data**.
 - outlined in a broken yellow line for **Applied events**.

Watch the video demonstrating how the Sliders and Zoom bar graph (shown in the graphics above) work. The Smooth graph feature described in the first half of the video is not available In the **Master Forecast** views.

Reading the staffing data

The graph shows the staffing, dates, period, and granularity that you selected above. The vertical axis indicates the number of agents staffed. The horizontal axis displays different units for the staffing data.

To understand the staffing data, see Reading the data in the **Scenario** > **Staffing** topic.

Viewing the staffing secondary data

In the **Master Forecast** > **Staffing** view, you can view secondary data in the graph and grid, in any granularity (Day, 15, 30, 60 minutes) and for any period (Week, Month, Year). Note that secondary data column in the grid is read only, and fixed-staff activities and multi-site activities do not have secondary data.

Displaying and viewing secondary data in the **Master Forecast** > **Staffing** view is the same as described in the Scenarios Staffing topic.
Editing the staffing data

In the Master Forecast views, if you select the period **Year** or **Month**, you can click inside the **Weekly Totals** cells in the grid and edit the value there. Find information about editing modes and see the editing procedure in Editing data in the grid in the **Scenarios** > **Staffing** topic.

Copying and pasting the staffing data

In the **Master Forecast** > **Staffing** grid, WFM enables you to copy values from the **Calculated** and **Required** columns and paste them to external documents, such as Excel or Notepad. You cannot paste data in this view.

For more information about copying and pasting staffing data, see Selecting data to copy and paste.

Viewing the shrinkage data

Use the **Forecast Shrinkage** view in the Master Forecast to display the overhead data, which WFM uses to forecast shrinkage while scheduling. This view provides standard date-selectors and a grid that shows statistics for days or time steps.

Link to video

To open the **Shrinkage** view in the Master Forecast:

- 1. In the navigation bar, select **Forecast** > **Shrinkage**.
- 2. In the **Objects** tree, expand a business unit to select a site, activity, or multi-site activity.

The view displays a graph above a table, each containing the same shrinkage data and controls that set the data display properties.

If you do not see any shrinkage data, you can adjust the Period drop-down list, the sliders (below the graph), or the Granularity and date-selectors at the top of the window to reflect those used for the forecast.

The grid displays open hours for the selected site activities and multi-site activities in the same way.

You can view the volumes or staffing data in the Master Forecast, by selecting Volumes or Staffing from the drop-down list in the top-left corner of this view.

Setting the data display properties



In this view, use the following controls to customize the data display:

- Shrinkage type *drop-down list*—Select the shrinkage type to be displayed by selecting Grand total, Total planned, or Total unplanned.
- Period drop-down list—Change the period or time range for the graph and grid by selecting Year, Month, or Week. If the selected site has a configured planning period, you can also select Planning Period.
- Granularity drop-down list—Adjust the granularity to Day if you selected Month or Year in the Period drop-down list. Adjust the granularity to 15, 30, or 60 (minutes) if you selected Week in the Period drop-down list.
- Date range—Use the date-selectors (top-right portion of the view) to switch to a different period within

the scenario forecast's date range.

- - **Actions** *drop-down menu*—Click this icon to change the graph and/or table:
 - **Graph options**—Show/hide the graph and zoom bar by selecting/clearing the **Show graph** check box. See also Sliders.

Watch the video demonstrating how the Sliders and Zoom bar graph (shown in the graphics above) work. The Smooth graph feature described in the first half of the video is not available In the **Master Forecast** views:

Reading the shrinkage data

The graph shows the shrinkage type, date, period, and granularity that you selected above. The vertical axis indicates the shrinkage percentage. The horizontal axis displays different units for the shrinkage.

To understand the shrinkage data, see Reading the data in the **Scenarios** > **Shrinkage** topic.

Editing the shrinkage data

In the Master Forecast views, if you select the period **Year** or **Month**, you can click inside the **Weekly Totals** cells in the grid and edit the value there. Find information about editing modes and see the editing procedure in Editing data in the grid in the **Scenarios** > **Shrinkage** topic.

Copying and pasting the shrinkage data

In the **Master Forecast** > **Shrinkage** grid, WFM enables you to copy values from the columns in the grid and paste them to external documents, such as Excel or Notepad. You cannot paste data in this view.

For more information about copying and pasting shrinkage data, see Selecting data to copy and paste.

Finding events in forecasts

Find events for an activity or multi-site activity quickly by using the **Find Events** search dialog, available only in the **Master Forecast** > **Volumes** view.

When a **Find Events** search is initiated, WFM searches through historical data for any period of time that represents an anomaly. For example: imagine that the AHT on May 24, 2008, between 8 p.m. and 9 p.m. was 500% higher than on the historical norm for those hours. The **Find events** search dialog can quickly locate this anomaly in the historical data for you, when it might otherwise be hard to find.

The **Find events** dialog opens with **Possible events** selected by default and contains the default values for the statistic, granularity, and start and end dates based on the Master Forecast Volumes primary statistic, granularity, and date range. You can change any of these default settings.

Understanding event types

This Help mentions three types of events, as follows:

- Applied events—You apply these when you are building volumes. These events are equal to or a subset of **Existing events**.
- Existing events—You define or add these in the **Overlays** view.
- Possible events—WFM calculates these using the Find events feature (described in this topic), based on historical data.

When selected in the results pane, **Possible events** appear in a yellow bar graph and **Existing events** appear in a stripped pink bar graph.

Events can sometimes overlap. When this happens, hover your cursor over the overlapping area or non-overlapping area to display the event name and date.



To find events in a forecast:

- 1. Open the Master Forecast.
- 2. In the **Volumes** view, expand business units and sites in the Objects pane and select an activity or multi-site activity.
- 3. Below the date range, in the toolbar, click **Find events**
- 4. Retain the defaults, or select the **Data** type **(IV**, **AHT**) and **Granularity** (**Daily**, **Hourly**) on which to search.
- 5. Retain the defaults, or select a **Start date** and **End date**.
- Enter the Threshold percentage (between 1 and 1000).
 This is the percentage of deviation from historical data, that would identify the event you want to locate.
- 7. Click Find events.

When WFM completes the search, the dialog displays the results in two categories with the number of events found in brackets:

- Possible events (<n>)
- Existing events (<n>)

Click either radio button to see the result for that category.

Items in both results lists display in the format *<start date and time - end date and time>*. **Existing events** items also show the event name above the date/time range.

Selecting an event in the either list changes the primary statistic, granularity and date range in the toolbar, if applicable. If there are no events to display, you'll see the message *You do not have any overlay events*.

In the results dialog, you can also:

- Start a new search, by clicking the arrow (<) beside **New search**.
- Show/hide the search criteria in the results dialog by clicking **Show** or **Hide**.
- Create an overlay, by clicking New overlay (enabled only if Possible events is selected). This action opens the New Overlay wizard.
- Create an event, by clicking New event (enabled only if Possible events is selected).
 This action opens the New Event wizard. It contains a list of overlays and default values that are based on the search criteria. New events appear in the existing events list if it falls within the date range. If you enter an event name that already exists, WFM displays an error message in the New Event dialog.
- Close the dialog, by clicking the **X** in the upper-right corner.
- Cancel the search, by clicking **Cancel** or **X** in the upper-right corner of the progress dialog. WFM preserves your selections in the **Find events** dialog.

Cleaning up data in the forecast

From time to time, you might need to remove information from the Master Forecast for specific dates, activities, or multi-site activities (MSA). WFM simplifies this task by providing the **Cleanup** feature in all three Master Forecast views. You can clean up data for one or more business units, sites, activities, or MSA.

Warning

Be careful when using this feature. It deletes all of the saved data for the selected date range and activities or MSA. Genesys recommends that you do not use the **Cleanup** feature unless it is absolutely necessary. If you must remove Master Forecast data, Genesys recommends that you first extract the data to a forecast scenario (using the Publish or Extract wizard), and/or make a backup of the WFM database.



To remove data from Master Forecast for a specified date range:

- 1. Open a view in the Master Forecast (Volumes, Staffing, or Shrinkage).
- 2. Click Cleanup. The Cleanup Master Forecast dialog opens.
- 3. In the **Start date** and **End date** fields, enter (or select from the calendar) the range of dates for which you want to remove data.
- 4. Expand the tree to select the business units, sites, activities, or MSA for which you want to remove data.

- 5. Click **Cleanup**.
- 6. In the **Cleanup** dialog, if you are sure you want to complete this action, click **Cleanup**.
- 7. When the dialog indicates that the process is complete, click **OK**.

Click **Cancel** or **X** in the upper-right corner at any point to close the dialog without changing the Master Forecast.

Important

If you click **Cancel** or **X** when the cleanup is in progress, WFM might or might not preserve the data, depending on how much of the process is complete.

Using the toolbar

You can use the following buttons on the toolbar in all Master Forecast views:

Icon	Name	Description
Ø	Сору	Copies data selected in the grid to the clipboard.
i m	Cleanup	Opens the Cleanup Master Forecast dialog, enabling you to remove data from the Master Forecast for selected dates, activities, or multi-site activities.

Performance

Tip

This page describes the new Workforce Management (WFM) Performance module interface (introduced in 8.5.2). If you are using the classic Supervisors interface and have landed on this page by accident, see the *Workforce Management Web for Supervisors Help (Classic)*, which describes the classic Performance module.

Performance page allows you to view performance statistics for business units, sites, and activities:

- Monitor view, for the most recently completed timestep
- Intra-Day table view
- Alerts view

For more information, see Performance.