

GENESYS

This PDF is generated from authoritative online content, and is provided for convenience only. This PDF cannot be used for legal purposes. For authoritative understanding of what is and is not supported, always use the online content. To copy code samples, always use the online content.

SIP Endpoint SDK Developer's Guide

SIP Endpoint SDK 9.0.0NET

Table of Contents

Developer's Guide	3
Configuration Settings	4
Configuring SIP Endpoint SDK for .NET	36
Disaster Recovery and Geo-Redundancy	47
QuickStart Application	52
Audio Device Settings	54
Video Support	58
Call Statistics	63
NAT Traversal	65
Configuring secure connections (TLS) for SIP	67

Developer's Guide

This Developer's Guide contains information that will help you understand:

- The architecture of the SIP Endpoint SDK
- · Its configuration options
- How to design applications that make use of the powerful features of this SDK

Before reading this material you may want to:

- Install the SIP Endpoint SDK
- Ensure you have access to the latest version of the API Reference
- Download the latest version of the Release Note (using links on the SIP Endpoint SDK for .NET Product Page) to see the most recent news and updates about this product
- Read the Supplement Guide for additional information.

Configuration Settings

Using the Default Configuration File

You can find the default configuration file in the following location:

<installation folder>/Configuration/SipEndpoint.config

This file contains XML configuration details that affect how your SIP Endpoint SDK application behaves. The inital settings are the same as those specified for use with the QuickStart application that is included with your SIP Endpoint SDK release.

Configuration settings are separated into two containers: the Basic Container holds the connectivity details that are required to connect to your SIP Server, while the Genesys Container holds a variety of configuration settings.

Basic Container

The first Container ("Basic") holds the basic connectivity details that are required to connect to your SIP Server. This container has at least one connection (Connectivity) element with the following attributes:

```
<Connectivity user="DN" server="SERVER:PORT" protocol="TRANSPORT"/>
```

If you are using a configuration that supports Disaster Recovery and Geo-Redundancy, there may be multiple connection elements present with each specifying a separate possible connection. Refer to the configuration settings of that feature for details. You will have to make the following changes and save the updated configuration file before using the SIP Endpoint SDK:

- user="DN"—Supply a valid DN for the user attribute.
- server="SERVER: PORT"—Replace SERVER with the host name where your SIP Server is deployed, and PORT with the SIP port of the SIP Server host. The default SIP port value is 5060. For SRV resolution, specify the SRV record without including the port number in the server's URI. Also see SRV Resolution below.
- protocol="TRANSPORT"—Set the protocol attribute to reflect the protocol being used to communicate with SIP Server. Possible values are UDP, TCP, or TLS.

SRV Resolution

When using an SRV record for the **server** parameter, note the following:

- SIP Endpoint SDK selects the SRV target based on the priority field only and does not consider the weight field of an SRV record.
- You can not combine IPv4 and IPv6 for a single FQDN.
- The maximum number of targets (SRV records) per service is 20.

• You can only specify SRV records in the **server** parameter of the **Connectivity** element. You can not use SRV records for the mailbox section or the **vq_report_collector** setting.

Genesys Container

The second Container ("Genesys") holds a number of configurable settings that are organized into domains and sections. These settings do not have to be changed, but can be customized to take full control over your SIP Endpoint SDK applications.

An overview of the settings in this container and the valid values for these settings is provided here:

Domain	Section	Setting
policy		
	endpoint	
		audio_qos
		include_os_version_in_user_agent_header
		include_sdk_version_in_user_agent_header
		ip_versions
		public_address
		include_mac_address
		refer_to_proxy
		rtp_inactivity_timeout
		rtp_port_binding
		rtp_port_min
		rtp_port_max
		tcp_port_min
		tcp_port_max
		signaling_qos
		sip_port_min
		sip_port_max
		sip_transaction_timeout
		video_max_bitrate
		video_qos
		vq_report_collector
		vq_report_publish
		vq_alarm_threshold
		webrtc_audio_layer

Domain	Section	Setting
		answer_sdp_priority
		sip_port_binding
		defer_device_release
	session	
		agc_mode
		auto_accept_video
		auto_answer
		auto_answer_delay
		dtmf_method
		dtmf_feedback
		echo_control
		noise_suppression
		dtx_mode
		reject_session_when_headset_na
		sip_code_when_headset_na
		vad_level
		ringback_enabled
		ringback_file
		ringing_file
		ringing_enabled
		ringing_timeout
		ringing_while_call_held
		restart_audio_if_stuck
		reject_session_when_busy
		number_sessions_for_busy

Domain	Section	Setting
		sip_code_when_busy
rx_agc_mode		
	device	
		audio_in_device
		For more information, see Audio Device Settings
		audio_out_device
		capture_device
		headset_name
		exclude_headset
		use_headset
		include_headset
codecs		
— See Working with Codec Priorities		
proxies		
	proxy"	
		display_name
		domain
		password
		reg_interval
		reg_match_received_rport
		reg_timeout
		mailbox (sub-section of proxy)
		password]]
		server

Domain	Section	Setting
		timeout
		transport
		user
		nat (sub-section of proxy)
		ice_enabled
		stun_server
		stun_server_port
		turn_password
		turn_relay_type
		turn_server
		turn_server_port
		turn_user_name
system		
	diagnostics	
		enable_logging
		log_file
		log_filter
		log_level
		log_options_provider
		log_options_endpoint
		logger_type
		log_segment
		log_expire
		log_time_convert
		log_time_format

Domain	Section	Setting
	security	
		certificate
		tls_enabled
		tls-target-name-check
		use_srtp
	media	
		ringing_file

policy Domain

endpoint Section

audio_qos

Valid Values: Integer

Integer value representing the DSCP bits to set for RTP audio packets. **Note:** QoS is not supported for Windows Vista, Windows 7, or higher.

include_os_version_in_user_agent_header

Valid Values: 0, 1

Default Value: 1

If set to 1, the user agent field includes the OS version the client is currently running on.

include_sdk_version_in_user_agent_header

Valid Values: 0, 1

Default Value: 1

If set to 1, the user agent field includes the SDK version the client is currently running on.

ip_versions

Valid Values: IPv4, IPv6, IPv4, IPv6, IPv6, IPv4, or empty

Default Value: IPv4, IPv6

- IPv4—the application selects an available local IPv4 address; IPv6 addresses are ignored.
- IPv6—the application selects an available local IPv6 address; IPv4 addresses are ignored.

- IPv4,IPv6 or an empty—the application selects an IPv4 address if one exists. If not, an available IPv6 address is selected.
- IPv6,IPv4—the application selects an IPv6 address if one exists. If not, an available IPv4 address is selected.

Note: This parameter has no effect if the **public_address** option specifies an explicit IP address.

public address

Valid Values: See description below

Default Value: Empty string which is fully equivalent to the \$auto value

Local IP address or Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) of the machine. This setting can be an explicit setting or a special value that the SDK uses to automatically obtain the public address.

Valid Values:

This setting may have one of the following explicit values:

- An IP address. For example, 192.168.16.123 for IPv4 or FE80::0202:B3FF:FE1E:8329 for IPv6.
- A bare host name or fully qualified domain name (FQDN). For example, epsipwin2 or epsipwin2.us.example.com.

This setting may have one of the following special values:

- \$auto—The SDK selects the first valid IP address on the first network adapter that is active (status=up) and has the default gateway configured. IP family preference is specified by the policy.endpoint.ip_versions setting.
- \$ipv4 or \$ipv6—Same behavior as the \$auto setting but the SDK restricts the address to a particular IP family.
- \$host—The SDK retrieves the standard host name for the local computer using the gethostname system function.
- \$fqdn—The SDK retrieves the fully qualified DNS name of the local computer. The SDK uses the GetComputerNameEx function with parameter ComputerNameDnsFullyQualified.
- An adapter name or part of an adapter name prefixed with \$. For example, \$Local Area Connection 2
 or \$Local. The specified name must be different from the special values \$auto, \$ipv4, \$host, and
 \$fqdn.
 - If the value is an explicit host name, FQDN, or \$fqdn, the Contact header includes the host name or FQDN for the recipient of SIP messages (SIP Server or SIP proxy) to resolve on their own. For all other cases, including \$host, the resolved IP address is used for Contact. The value in SDP is always the IP address.
- \$net:subnet The SDK will select the IP address matching the given network (from any local interface). The *subnet* is the full CIDR name as per RFC 4632. For example, \$net:192.168.0.0/16.
- \$(rule1,rule2,...) the SDK will select the IP address from the network interface matching at least one of the given rules, where valid rules are:
 - if='string' matches interface with name or description including the given string, for example:

if='Wi-Fi' selects the IP address from the 'Wi-Fi' adapter (if available).

- if!='string' matches interface with name and description that does NOT contain the given string; intended to exclude one particular interface only, for example: if!='Bluetooth'.
- net='CIDR' matches interface with IP address on given subnet, where CIDR is the full CIDR name as per RFC 4632, for example: net='10.0.0.0/8' selects network adapter having IP address on given local subnet.
- net!='CIDR' matches interface with IP address that does NOT belong to given subnet, intended to exclude specific subnet, for example: net!='192.168.1.0/24'.

when multiple interfaces satisfy the given rule set, local IP address selection is based on OSdefined priorities, working the same way as it does with default configuration.

include mac address

Valid Values: 0, 1

Default Value: 0

If set to 1, the MAC address is included in the Contact header of the REGISTER message of the host's network interface in a format compatible with RFC 5626.

refer_to_proxy

Valid Values: 0, 1

Default Value: 0

Specifies the destination of a referred INVITE.

- 0—Send the INVITE to the URL specified in the Refer-To header of the REFER message.
- 1—Send the INVITE to your configured SIP Proxy.

rtp_inactivity_timeout

Valid Values: 5-150

Default Value: 150

Suggested Value: 30

Timeout interval in seconds for RTP inactivity.

rtp port binding

Valid Values: 0,1

Specifies how SIP Endpoint binds the RTP port:

- 0 opens the RTP and RTCP ports to listen on any network interface.
- 1 the RTP and RTCP ports bind to the interface specified by the **public_address** setting and listen only on that IP address.

Important: When **rtp_port_binding** is set to 0, the **ip_versions** option must specify a single IP version, otherwise a wrong protocol version might be selected for outgoing UDP packages. Default value: 1

rtp port min

Valid Values: 9000-65535

The integer value representing the minimum value for an RTP port range. Must be within the valid port range of 9000 to 65535. If the minimum and maximum values are not specified or are set to an invalid value, the default minimum (9000) and maximum (minimum value + 999) are used. Setting the minimum to a value that is larger than the maximum is considered an error and will result in a failure to initialize the endpoint.

rtp_port_max

Valid Values: 9000-65535

The integer value representing the maximum value for an RTP port range. Must be within the valid port range of 9000 to 65535. If the minimum and maximum values are not specified or are set to an invalid value, the default minimum (9000) and maximum (minimum value + 999) are used. Setting the maximum to a value that is less than the minimum is considered an error and will result in a failure to initialize the endpoint.

tcp port min

Valid Values: 0-65535

The integer value representing the minimum value for a TCP client-side port range. Must be within the valid port range of 1 to 65535. If set to 0 (default) or if the configured range is not valid, SIP connections over TCP and TLS use ephemeral ports, assigned by the operating system.

tcp_port_max

Valid Values: 0-65535

The integer value representing the maximum value for a TCP client-side port range. Must be within the valid port range of 1 to 65535. If set to 0 (default) or if the configured range is not valid, SIP connections over TCP and TLS use ephemeral ports, assigned by the operating system.

If the value is non-zero and greater than the *tcp_port_min* value, this value specifies the maximum value for a TCP client-side SIP port range that will be used for all outgoing SIP connections over TCP and TLS transport.

signaling gos

Valid Values: Integer

The integer value representing the DSCP bits to set for SIP packets. **Note:** QoS is not supported for Windows Vista, Windows 7, or higher.

sip_port_min

Valid Values: 1-65535

The integer value representing the minimum value for a SIP port range. Must be within the valid port range of 1 to 65535. If the minimum and maximum values are not specified or are set to an invalid value, the default minimum (5060) and maximum (minimum value + 6) are used. Setting the minimum to a value that is larger than the maximum is considered an error and will result in a failure to initialize the endpoint.

sip_port_max

Valid Values: 1-65535

The integer value representing the maximum value for a SIP port range. Must be within the valid port range of 1 to 65535. If the minimum and maximum values are not specified or are set to an invalid value, the default minimum (5060) and maximum (minimum value + 6) are used. Setting the maximum to a value that is less than the minimum is considered an error and will result in a failure to initialize the endpoint.

sip transaction timeout

Valid Values: 1-32000

Default Value: 4000

SIP transaction timeout value in milliseconds. Valid values are 1 through 32000, with a default value of 4000. The recommended value is 4000.

video max bitrate

Valid Values: Integer

Integer value representing the maximum video bitrate.

video qos

Valid Values: Integer

The integer value representing the DSCP bits to set for RTP Video packets. **Note:** QoS is not supported for Windows Vista, Windows 7, or higher.

vq report collector

See Producing RTCP Extended Reports.

vq report publish

See Producing RTCP Extended Reports.

vq alarm threshold

Valid Values: 0 or a number from 1.0 to 5.0

Default Value: 0

Specifies the MOS threshold for generating Voice Quality Alarms. A 0 value disables the alarms. The recommended threshold value is 3.5. Genesys recommends that you avoid using values above 4.2 as an MOS that high might not be obtainable with some codecs, even in perfect network conditions.

webrtc audio layer

Valid Values: 0, 1, 2, 1000, 2000, 3000

Default Value: 0

Specifies which audio layer is used for WebRTC.

- 0 The audio layer is defined by the GCTI_AUDIO_LAYER environment variable Core audio is used if this environment variable is not specified.
- 1 Wave audio layer is used.

- 2 Core audio layer is used.
- 1000 Instructs the audio layer to open the microphone channel when the endpoint starts up, using the audio layer type defined by option 0, and to keep it open until the endpoint is terminated.
- 2000 Opens the speaker channel for the life of the endpoint, using the audio layer type defined by option 0. Eliminates any delay in opening the audio device when an incoming or outgoing call is connected, for example in environments where audio device startup is slow due to a required restart of the Windows MMCSS service.
- 3000 Opens the microphone and speaker channels for the life of the endpoint, using the audio layer type defined by option 0.

Important

Keeping the audio channels permanently open eliminates any delay in connecting audio device to the call works around any issues with device occasionally not starting (or stopping) properly, at the cost of very small performance penalty.

answer_sdp_priority

Valid Values: config, offer

Default Value: config

- config—the endpoint selects the first codec from the codec configuration listed in both the codec configuration and the SDP offer.
- offer—the endpoint selects the first codec in the SDP offer listed in both the codec configuration and the SDP offer.

sip port binding

Valid Values: 0, 1

Default Value: 0

- 0—opens the SIP port to listen on any interface.
- 1—the SIP port binds to the interface specified by the public_address setting and listens only on this IP address.

Important

The **sip_port_binding** must be set to 0 for automatic IP address change detection to work properly. When set to 1 for specific deployments, agents have to re-register connections manually after an IP address

change.

defer device release

Valid Values: Any integer

Default Value: 200

If set to a non-zero value, releasing of audio devices will be deferred for a given time (in milliseconds) after the audio stream has been stopped, to avoid any potential service interruptions when the audio is going to be quickly restarted, and if audio device operations are too slow on the user workstation or have other problems with restart. A zero value disables the deferred device release.

session Section

agc_mode

Valid Values: 0, 1

Default Value: 1

If set to 0, AGC (Automatic Gain Control) is disabled; if set to 1, it is enabled. Other values are reserved for future extensions. This configuration is applied at startup, after which time the **agc_mode** setting can be changed to 1 or 0 from the main sample application.

Note: It is not possible to apply different AGC settings for different channels in multi-channel scenarios.

auto accept video

Valid Values: 0, 1

This setting is only used in auto-answer scenarios when auto answer=1.

If auto_accept_video is set to 1, both audio and video streams are accepted, otherwise incoming calls are answered as audio only, even if video is present in the offer.

auto_accept_video applies to a 3pcc answer when make-callrfc3275 is configured to 1 on the originating DN and a video codec is configured in the endpoint. auto_accept_video is not applied to a 3pcc answer when make-call-rfc3275 is configured to 2 on an originating DN, even if auto accept video is set to 1 and a video codec is configured in the endpoint.

auto answer

Valid Values: 0, 1

If set to 1, all incoming calls should be answered automatically.

auto answer delay

Valid Values: Number in milliseconds

Default Value: 0

Time in milliseconds to wait before auto-answering (only applicable when auto_answer=1 and auto-answer is not blocked by missing headset).

callwait_tone_enabled

Valid Values: 0, 1

Default Value: 0

Specifies whether the call waiting tone is enabled for incoming calls, to be played when a new call arrives while user is on active call.

callwait tone file

Valid Values: Empty or the path to the call waiting tone sound file. The path can be a file in the current directory or the full path to the sound file.

Default Value: Empty

Specifies the audio file that is played when the call waiting tone is enabled with the callwait tone enabled option.

The call waiting tone file must be a RIFF (little-endian) WAVE file using one of the following formats:

- kWavFormatPcm = 1, PCM, each sample of size bytes_per_sample
- kWavFormatALaw = 6, 8-bit ITU-T G.711 A-law (8 KHz sampling rate)
- kWavFormatMuLaw = 7, 8-bit ITU-T G.711 mu-law (8 KHz sampling rate)

Uncompressed PCM audio must be 16-bit mono or stereo with a sampling rate of 8, 16, or 32 KHz.

```
dtmf_feedback
```

Valid Values: 0 (disable feedback), 1 (enable feedback)

Default Value: 1

Controls whether local feedback tone is played when Endpoint sends DTMF to remote party.

dtmf method

Valid Values: Rfc2833, Info, InbandRtp

Method to send DTMF.

echo_control

Valid Values: 0, 1

If set to 1, echo control is enabled.

noise_suppression

Valid Values: 0, 1

If set to 1, noise suppresion is enabled.

dtx mode

Valid Values: 0, 1

If set to 1, DTX is activated.

reject_session_when_headset_na

Valid Values: 0, 1

If the SDK is configured to use the headset setting (policy.device.use_headset=1) and the reject_session_when_headset_na option is set to 1, the SDK should reject the incoming session if a

USB headset is not available.

sip code when headset na

Valid Values: SIP Error Code

Default Value: 480

If a valid SIP error code is supplied, the SDK rejects the incoming session with the specified SIP error code if a USB headset is not available.

vad level

Valid Values: 0-3

Sets the degree of bandwidth reduction, from 0 for conventional VAD to 3 for aggressive high.

ringback enabled

Valid Values: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6

Default Value: 2

Specifies whether the ringback tone is enabled for outgoing calls.

- 0 The ringback is not played when the INVITE dialog is not yet established. In scenarios where ringback is provided by Media Server, the ringback tone would be still present.
- ullet 1 The incoming media stream is played if provided by the Media gateway in a reliable provisional response with SDP.
- 2 A local file is used for the ringback.
- 3 The ringback is always played using either a local file or media provided by the gateway, if the provisional response is reliable.
- 4 Same as 1, but the incoming media stream is played even if the provisional response from Media gateway is not reliable.
- 6 The ringback is always played using either a local file or media provided by the gateway (regardless of whether the provisional response is reliable or not).

ringback file

Valid Values: Empty or the path to the ringback sound file. The path can be a file in the current directory or the full path to the sound file.

Default Value: Empty

Specifies the audio file that is played when the ringing tone is enabled with the ringing enabled

option.

WebRTC does not support MP3 playback. The ringtone file for built-in ringback must be a RIFF (little-endian) WAVE file using one of the following formats:

- kWavFormatPcm = 1, PCM, each sample of size bytes_per_sample
- kWavFormatALaw = 6, 8-bit ITU-T G.711 A-law (8 KHz sampling rate)
- kWavFormatMuLaw = 7, 8-bit ITU-T G.711 mu-law (8 KHz sampling rate)

Uncompressed PCM audio must be 16-bit mono or stereo with a sampling rate of 8, 16, or 32 KHz.

ringing enabled

Valid values: An integer between 0 to 7.

Default Value: 3

- 0-event Ringing disabled
- 1—event Ringing enabled
- 2—play ringtone internally (event Ringing disabled)
- 3—play ringtone internally and enable event Ringing.
- 4—play ringtone through a separate ringer device.
- 5—play ringtone through the ringer device and enable event Ringing.
- 6—play ringtone internally once for full duration (**ringing_timeout** is not used and the ringing does not stop when call is answered).
- 7—play ringtone once for full duration and enable event Ringing.

Important

If the ringtone is configured to play for full duration (values 6 or 7), then it will be played even in case of auto-answer with zero delay (configured either in SIP Endpoint SDK or desktop application), unless it is suppressed. This configuration setting assumes **ringing_file** option being configured with a short "beep" sound that would not interfere much with agent hearing the customer (as the ringtone will be played in parallel / mixed with remote audio stream).

Suppressing the Ringtone

The ringtone is generated for all incoming calls to the Genesys SIP Endpoint SDK. To suppress the ringtone for third-party call control for the originating DN, configure the following SIP Server option:

make-call-alert-info=<urn:alert:service:3pcc@genesys>

or

• make-call-alert-info=<file://null>;service=3pcc

Important

If at least one application based on SIP Endpoint in the contact center is configured with the ringing_enabled option set to a non-zero value, the SIP Server make-call-alert-info option should be set to one of the specified values.

ringing timeout

Valid Values: Empty, 0, or a positive number

Default Value: 0

Specifies the duration, in seconds, of the ringing tone. If set to 0 or if the value is empty, the ringing time is unlimited.

ringing_file

Valid Values: Empty or the path to the ringing sound file. The path may be a file name in the current directory or the full path to the sound file.

Default Value: ringing.wav

Specifies the audio file that is played when the ringing tone is enabled with the ringing_enabled option.

Note that WebRTC does not support MP3 playback. The ringtone file for built-in ringing should be a RIFF (little-endian) WAVE file using one of the following formats:

- kWavFormatPcm = 1, PCM, each sample of size bytes_per_sample
- kWavFormatALaw = 6, 8-bit ITU-T G.711 A-law
- kWavFormatMuLaw = 7, 8-bit ITU-T G.711 mu-law

Uncompressed PCM audio must 16 bit mono or stereo and have a frequency of 8, 16, or 32 KHZ.

ringing_while_call_held

Valid Values: 0 or 1

Default Value: 1

If set to 0, when another call is held, playing ringtone is suppressed and call wait tone is played instead (if configured). If set to 1 (default value), ringtone is played whenever a new call arrives and there are no other active calls; held calls are not considered active in this case.

restart audio if stuck

Valid Values: Empty, 0, 1

Default Value: 0

• 0 or Empty—disable auto restart for stuck audio

• 1—enable auto restart for stuck audio

reject session when busy

Valid Values: Empty, 0, 1

Default Value: 0

• 0 or Empty—disable rejection of a session when busy

• 1—enable rejection of a session when busy

number_sessions_for_busy

Valid Values: Positive integer

Default Value: 1

Sets the number of sessions before busy. Must be a positive integer.

sip_code_when_busy

Valid Values: Empty, 4xx, 5xx, 6xx

Default value: Empty

SIP error response code to use when busy. Can be set to any valid SIP error response code in the 4xx, 5xx, or 6xx range, for example, 486.

rx_agc_mode

Valid Values: 0, 1

Default value: 0

When set to 1, the SDK enables the receiving-side AGC allowing the volume of the received RTP

stream to be adjusted automatically. When set to 0 (default), the feature is disabled.

device Section

audio_in_device

Valid Values: A regex that matches the **ECMAScript** standard.

Microphone device name.

For more information, see Audio Device Settings

audio_out_device

Valid Values: A regex that matches the **ECMAScript** standard.

Speaker device name.

capture_device

Valid Values: A regex that matches the **ECMAScript** standard.

Capture device name.

headset_name

Valid Values: A regex that matches the ECMAScript standard.

The name of the headset model.

exclude_headset

Valid Values: A regex that matches the ECMAScript standard.

Default Value: Empty

When set, this will exclude devices whose name matches the regex pattern from being considered a valid headset for automatic device selection. Microphone and speaker parts of the excluded headset can still be selected manually (or even automatically, if no better device is found), but such a selection will not set "headset available" flag.

use_headset

Valid Values: 0, 1

If set to 0, the audio devices specified in audio in device and audio out device are used by the SDK.

If set to 1, the SDK uses a headset as the preferred audio input and output device and the audio devices specified in audio in device and audio out device are ignored.

include headset

Valid Values: Pair of device names or name parts with microphone and speaker names separated by colon, or comma-separated list of such pairs, for example: External Mic: Headphones

Default Value: Empty

When set, specifies the list of audio in/out devices to be considered as headset for automatic device selection, applicable to case when $use_headset = 1$. The names including delimiter character (quotes, colon or comma) must be enclosed in single or double quotes.

codecs Domain

See Working with Codec Priorities

proxies Domain

Configure a proxy section for each connectivity line. For example, for three connectivity lines, configure sections for proxy0, proxy1, and proxy2.

When the proxy section does not exist in the configuration file for a particular connectivity line, the framework takes the configurations settings from the proxy0 section. You can use this feature in use cases where the proxy sections are the same for all connectivity lines.

proxy Section

display name

Valid Values: String

Proxy display name.

domain

Valid Values: Any valid SIP domain

Default Value: Empty

A SIP domain is an application layer configuration defining the management domain of a SIP proxy. The configured value should include hostport and may include uri-parameters as defined by RFC 3261. The scheme, userinfo, and transport URI parameters are included automatically.

If set to an empty string, SIP Endpoint SDK for .NET uses the parameters from the Connectivity section to construct the SIP domain value as it did in previous versions.

password

Valid Values: String

Proxy password.

reg interval

Valid Values: Integer

Default Value: 0

The period, in seconds, after which the endpoint starts a new registration cycle when a SIP proxy is down. Valid values are integers greater than or equal to 0. If the setting is empty or negative, the default value is 0, which means no new registration cycle is allowed. If the setting is greater than 0, a new registration cycle is allowed and will start after the period specified.

reg match received rport

Valid Values: 0 or 1

Default Value: 0

This setting controls whether or not SIP Endpoint SDK should re-register itself when receiving an IP address (in the received parameter of a REGISTER response) that is different from the address supplied in the Contact header and does not match any local network interfaces. A value of 0 (default) disables this feature and a value of 1 enables re-registration.

Starting from 9.0.003, this setting is deprecated and is not recommended for use, unless suggested by Genesys Technical Support to fix specific problems. When the received parameter of a REGISTER response matches a local IP address, changing the IP address and re-registering is now done automatically.

reg timeout

Valid Values: Number in seconds

The period, in seconds, after which registration should expire. A new REGISTER request will be sent before expiration. Valid values are integers greater than or equal to 0. If the setting is 0 or empty/null, then registration is disabled, putting the endpoint in standalone mode.

mailbox Sub-section

Important

mailbox is a sub-section of the proxy<n> section.

password

Valid Values: String

Mailbox password.

server

Valid Values: String

Proxy server address and port for this mailbox.

timeout

Valid Values: Number in seconds

Default Value: 1800

Subscription expiration timeout in seconds. If the setting is missing or set to 0, the SDK uses a default timeout of 1800 seconds (30 minutes).

transport

Valid Values: udp, tcp, tls

Transport protocol to use when communicating with the server.

user

Valid Values: String

Mailbox ID for this mailbox.

nat Sub-section

Important

nat is a sub-section of the proxy<n> section.

ice_enabled

Valid Values: Boolean

Enable or disable ICE.

stun_server

Valid Values: String

STUN server address. An empty or null value indicates this feature is not used.

stun server port

Valid Values: Valid port number

Default Value: 3478

STUN server port value.

turn_password

Valid Values: String

Password for TURN authentication.

Warning

Starting from 9.0.012.02, this setting is deprecated and is not recommended for use, unless suggested by Genesys Technical Support to fix specific problems. Use the GCTI_TURN_PASSWORD environment variable to set the password for TURN authentication.

turn relay type

Valid Values: 0, udp, 1, or tcp

Type of TURN relay.

- 0 or udp for TURN over UDP.
- 1 or tcp for TURN over TCP.

turn_server

Valid Values: String

TURN server address. An empty or null value indicates this feature is not used.

turn_server_port

Valid Values: Valid port number

Default Value: 3478

TURN server port value.

turn_user_name

Valid Values: String

User ID for TURN authorization

Warning

Starting from 9.0.012.02, this setting is deprecated and is not recommended for use, unless suggested by Genesys Technical Support to fix specific problems. Use the GCTI_TURN_USERNAME environment variable to set the username for TURN authentication.

system Domain

diagnostics Section

enable_logging

Valid Values: 0 or 1

Default Value: 1

Disable or enable logging.

log file

Valid Values: String

Log file name, for example, SipEndpoint.log.

log filter

Valid Values: Empty, dtmf

Default Value: Empty

Specifies the list of log filters to be applied to hide sensitive data from the endpoint log. Currently the only supported filter is dtmf, which hides all occurrences of DTMF data from the log (by replacing entered digits with 'x').

log level

Valid Values: 0-4

Default Value: 3

Log levels: 0 = "Fatal"; 1 = "Error"; 2 = "Warning"; 3 = "Info"; 4 = "Debug"

log options provider

Valid Values: Comma-separated list of log setting for various low-level components, including:

- qsip=N Genesys SIP library log level, default is 2
- webrtc=(level) Log level(s) for third-party WebRTC native code component. The default is error to include error messages and important WebRTC diagnostic, value api adds low-level API printouts.

Example value: gsip=2,webrtc=(error)

Warning

This settings control low-level debug information used for troubleshooting. Please don't change the value unless instructed by Genesys Technical Support engineer.

log options endpoint

Valid Values: 0-4, same as log_level

Default Value: 2

Log levels: 0 = "Fatal"; 1 = "Error"; 2 = "Warning"; 3 = "Info"; 4 = "Debug"

5 =Logging disabled.

This setting should not be set higher than log level setting.

logger type

Valid Values: file

If set to file the log data will be printed to the file specified by the log_file value.

log segment

Valid Values: false, number, or number in KB,MB, or hr

Default Value: 10 MB

· false: No segmentation is allowed

or KB: Size in kilobytes

· MB: Size in megabytes

• hr: Number of hours for segment to stay open

Specifies the segmentation limit for a log file. If the current log segment exceeds the size set by this option, the file is closed and a new one is created. This option is ignored if log output is not configured to be sent to a logfile.

log expire

Valid Values: false, number, number file, number day

Deafult Value: 10 (store 10 log fragments and purge the rest)

- false: No expiration; all generated segments are stored.
- or file: Sets the maximum number of log files to store. Specify a number from 1—1000.
- day: Sets the maximum number of days before log files are deleted. Specify a number from 1—100

Determines whether log files expire. If they do, sets the measurement for determining when they expire, along with the maximum number of files (segments) or days before the files are removed. This option is ignored if log output is not configured to be sent to a log file.

log time convert

Valid Values: local, utc

Default Value: local

- local: The time of log record generation is expressed as a local time, based on the time zone and any seasonal adjustments. Time zone information of the application's host computer is used.
- utc: The time of log record generation is expressed as Coordinated Universal Time (UTC).

Specifies the system in which an application calculates the log record time when generating a log file. The time is converted from the time in seconds since the Epoch (00:00:00 UTC, January 1, 1970).

log time format

Valid Values: time, locale, IS08601

Default Value: time

- time: The time string is formatted according to the HH:MM:SS.sss (hours, minutes, seconds, and milliseconds) format
- locale: The time string is formatted according to the system's locale.
- IS08601: The date in the time string is formatted according to the ISO 8601 format. Fractional seconds are given in milliseconds.

Specifies how to represent, in a log file, the time when an application generates log records. A log record's time field in the ISO 8601 format looks like this: 2001-07-24T04:58:10.123.

security Section

Important

SIP Endpoint SDK no longer uses the **tls_enabled** setting.

certificate

See Configuring certificate option for TLS.

tls-target-name-check

See Configuring tls-target-name-check option for TLS.

use srtp

Valid Values: optional, allowed, disabled, off, elective, both, enabled, force, mandatory Indicates whether to use SRTP:

- optional or allowed—do not send secure offers, but accept them
- disabled or off—do not send secure offers and reject incoming secure offers
- elective or both—send both secure and non-secure offers and accept either
- enabled—send secure offers, accept both secure and non-secure offers
- force or mandatory—send secure offers, reject incoming non-secure offers

Adding either ', UNENCRYPTED_SRTCP' (long form) or ', UEC' (short form) to any value (for example, "enabled,UEC""), would result in the **UNENCRYPTED_SRTCP** parameter being added to that offer. When this parameter is negotiated, RTCP packets are not encrypted, but are still authenticated.

media Section

ringing file

Valid Values: Empty, String file name

Default Value: ringing.mp3

The Ringing sound file name in the current directory or the full local path to the ringing sound file.

Additional Configuration Options

The default configuration file may not contain all settings that may be used with the SIP Endpoint SDK; additional settings can be added to change certain behaviors. Check Configuring SIP Endpoint SDK for .NET for a discussion of these additional settings.

Configuring SIP Endpoint SDK for .NET

Basic Configuration Settings

You may want to set certain basic SIP Endpoint configuration options in your application. The following sections contain information that may be helpful in doing that.

Most configuration settings described on this page can be found and changed in the SipEndpoint.config file that is included with your SIP Endpoint SDK installation. For more information about this file, see Default Config Settings.

Timeout Issue

Note that the reg_timeout setting is valid only if it contains a numeric value. If the supplied value is a non-numeric value or is empty or null, it will be interpreted as 0 and the endpoint will operate in standalone mode.

IPv6

As of release 8.1.2, SIP Endpoint SDK for .NET supports TCP/IP version 6 (IPv6) on Windows Vista and higher.

The local address must be set to IPv6:

- By means of an explicit address specification (as a hostname resolving to IPv6 only, or by the use of a literal IP address)
- By setting the ip-versions option to favor IPv6
- Or by only having an IPv6 interface available on the host

The SIP proxy address must be either a hostname that primarily resolves to IPv6 or a literal IPv6 address. Note that the preferences in the ip-versions option do not currently affect external address resolution.

Note: IPv6 must be configured on both ends of a session — mixed IPv4 and IPv6 environments are not supported.

This feature is resolved at Endpoint creation time by applying the following configuration to the SIP Provider.

Settings:

```
<setting name="public_address" value="Address"/>
<setting name="ip_versions" value="ipv4,ipv6"/>
```

QoS Bits

Starting with Windows Vista, Quality of Service (QoS) settings are supported on the level of the Windows operating system. This support allows you to configure policies to mark all of the packets sent by a particular application with the desired level of service.

Microsoft has documented this support at http://technet.microsoft.com/library/dd919203.aspx and at http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/magazine/2007.02.cableguy.aspx.

Diagnostics

In order to diagnose production issues, it is important to have access to diagnostic information that relates to your SIP endpoint and its environment. Because of this, the SIP Endpoint SDK provides logging with 5 possible logging levels.

Valid values for the SIP Endpoint SDK logging levels are:

Endpoint DNs

The following fields of DN objects can be configured under the SIP Server Switch:

- Number Contains a numeric-only DN number. This number can be used to dial from a phone to reach
 this DN directly. The "@" character and domain names are not allowed. This number constitutes the
 username part of the endpoint's Address of Record (AOR).
- Type Should be set to "Extension".
- Annex TServer/refer-enabled Valid values are "true" or "false":
 - "true" indicates that REFER can be used to make a call or a transfer. (This value is supported by the SIP Endpoint SDK starting in release 8.0.000.11.)
 - "false" indicates that REFER is disabled for the above usage.
- Annex TServer/sip-cti-control Valid values are "talk", "hold", "dtmf":
 - "talk" and "hold" are used to support the talk and hold BroadSoft extensions.
 - "dtmf" is used to support the sending of DTMF tones during third-party call control of an active call.
 - Note: As of SIP Endpoint SDK 8.1.2 for .NET, beep tone generation is no longer supported.

Audio Device Configuration

You can use SIP Endpoint SDK for .NET to configure audio devices such as headsets and microphones.

You can use devices with long device names.

The following settings can be used to control the behavior of these devices:

The endpoint will automatically accept or reject a session, depending on whether or not a headset is available.

Configuration Notes

- If use_headset is set to 0 then the SDK will try to configure audio devices with the names that have been set in the audio_in_device and audio_out_device settings.
- If the configuration is not successfully completed, the default system devices will be selected.

Answer Actions and Dial Actions

The following tables describe answer actions and dial actions based on various combinations of settings.

Headset Availability

Use this table to determine what effect your headset settings will have on answer actions and dial actions. The last line indicates whether the action logic will consider the headset to be available or unavailable, or whether it will consider its state to be irrelevant.

Setting/State	Value		
use_headset	Yes	Yes	No
headset_name	Correctly specified	Incorrectly specified	Not applicable
Headset plugged in	Yes	Yes or No	Yes or No
Headset available	Yes	No	Irrelevant

Answer Actions

Depending on headset availability, as indicated in the previous table, the SDK provides the following options for answering an incoming session.

Setting/State	\	/alue	
auto_answer	Yes		No

Setting/State			Value		
reject_session_w	hen_headset_na	No	Yes	-	-
sip_code_when_h	neadset_na	-	Code	-	-
Headset Available	Irrelevant	No	No	Yes	-
Answer	Auto	Auto	Reject	Auto	Manual

- If a headset is available, the session is answered as video or audio, depending on the media offer and the value of the auto_accept_video setting.
- If a headset is not available, the session is rejected with the SIP error code message specified in sip_code_when_headset_na.

Dial Actions

Outgoing sessions can be dialed using the headset availability criteria shown here, which are based on the inputs described in the Headset Availability table that appears above:

Setting/State	Value		
Headset Available	Yes No Irrelevant		
Dial	Dial	Error	Dial

Defaults

If an endpoint is not configured in the configuration file, the following defaults will be used:

- sip_code_when_headset_na=480
- auto answer=0
- use_headset=0

Ringer Device Configuration

Starting with SIP Endpoint SDK for .NET 8.5.200.57, you can configure ringer devices using the ringer device and ringing enabled settings:

```
<setting name="ringing_enabled" value="1"/>
   . . .
```

The SDK automatically chooses the ringer device according to configuration at startup and whenever the list of speaker devices changes. The procedure is the same as for audio devices. First, the SDK tries to find the device from the ringer_device setting. If this device is not found, the SDK uses the first system audio out device.

You can also configure the ringer device using the following methods for interface IExtendedService:

- GsStatus SetRingerDevice(String^ name);—use this method to programmatically set the ringer device.
- String^ GetRingerName();—returns the current ringer device name.

Advanced Settings and Configuration Options

The default configuration file does not contain all settings that may be used with the SIP Endpoint SDK; additional settings can be added to change certain behaviors. Some of these additional settings are discussed below.

Headset Connectivity Notification

The SIP Endpoint SDK only supports headset monitoring when the device is explicitly defined in the SipEndpoint.config file, as shown below:

In this case, headset connectivity is fully supported and the application can receive events indicating that the device has been plugged or unplugged.

It is also possible to use your application to select audio devices automatically, by using the SIP Endpoint SDK API to look for IN and OUT devices. Using the GetAllSystemAudioInDevices() and GetAllSystemAudioutDevices() methods allows you to check for attached devices, which can then be used to update the following settings before initializing the SIP Endpoint SDK.

However, the plugged or unplugged states are not monitored for the selected device in this case. If no devices are defined in the SipEndpoint.config file, then the SIP Endpoint SDK uses a default procedure to determine what device is attached, and will not monitor for plugged or unplugged states.

SIP Messaging and Media Encryption

SIP Endpoint SDK has settings that allow you to encrypt SIP messaging and the media channel. The SIP messaging can be encrypted using TLS, while the media channel can be encrypted using SRTP. The following diagram shows the SIP Endpoint SDK architecture with these features enabled.

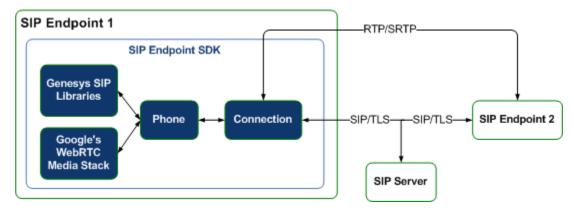


Figure 1: SIP Endpoint SDK Architecture with TLS and SRTP Enabled

To enable TLS support, set the protocol to tls, as shown here. The outgoing SIP messaging will be encrypted:

Use the use_srtp setting to control media channel encoding. The setting use_srtp has the following valid values:

- optional or allowed—do not send secure offers, but accept them
- disabled or off—do not send secure offers and reject incoming secure offers
- elective or both—send both secure and non-secure offers and accept either
- enabled—send secure offers, accept both secure and non-secure offers
- force or mandatory—send secure offers, reject incoming non-secure offers

Digest Authentication Support

SIP Endpoint SDK supports the RFC2617-style digest authentication that is currently used by SIP Server. This authentication is triggered by using the following DN configuration options: password and authenticate-requests. If these options are configured for a specific DN, then SIP Server enforces the authentication mechanism for that DN. During registration, the SIP Endpoint receives a 401 Unauthorized SIP challenge message request from SIP Server. The SIP Endpoint should then provide the encrypted password, along with the Digest username, in the next REGISTER message.

At this point, SIP Server compares the received password to the password associated with the DN object defined in Config Server. If the passwords match, then the SIP Endpoint can be registered and may proceed to access the call functionality provided by SIP Server. SIP Endpoint SDK provides the following method to set the password for a particular connection ID. This method has been added to the IExtendedService interface in the Genesyslab.Sip.Endpoint.Provider.Genesys namespace:

void SetPassword(int connectionId, String^ password);

Producing RTCP Extended Reports

You can use SIP Endpoint SDK to produce RTCP Extended Reports (RFC 3611) and publish them according to RFC 6035 at the end of each call, using a collector address of your choice.

Important

The publish message is sent to the specified collector address only if the vq_report_collector parameter is configured with the user@server:port;transport=udp format. For example, collector@127.0.0.1:5160;transport=udp.

Settings:

```
<domain name="policy">
<section name="endpoint">
< | _ _
Valid values for Voice Quality (VQ) report publish setting (vq_report_publish):
0--VQ report is not published
1--VQ report is published to the collector at the end of the call--
 see the vq report collector setting information below
<setting name="vq report publish" value="0"/>
Valid values for Voice Quality (VQ) report collector setting (vq report collector):
NULL or Empty--The VQ report is published to the proxy described in the
Connectivity section
FQDN or IP address along with port and transport--
collector@SipServer.genesyslab.com:5060;transport=udp
<setting name="vq report collector"</pre>
value="collector@SipServer.genesyslab.com:5060;transport=udp"/>
</section>
```

Endpoint:

The vq_report_publish and vq_report_collector settings can be read from the Endpoint Policy by using the following methods:

```
GetEndpointPolicy(EndpointPolicyQuery.VqReportCollector);
GetEndpointPolicy(EndpointPolicyQuery.VqReportPublish);
```

Audio Layer Selection

SIP Endpoint SDK for .NET release 8.1.2 and higher allows you to select an audio layer for WebRTC using the Windows environment variable GCTI_AUDIO_LAYER. If this variable is set to 1, SIP Endpoint SDK will use the Windows Wave audio layer. Otherwise, it will use the Windows Core audio layer. You can set this variable at Computer -> Properties -> Advanced System Settings -> Environment Variables.

refer-enabled Setting

This is a SIP Server setting configured under the SIPS or DN Object. Set to true to enable SIP REFER.

SIP::INFO Message Exchange

SIP Endpoint SDK can create and transmit In-Dialog SIP: INFO messages using updated Content-Type and Content headers. It can also receive messages with customer-provided information in the Content-Type and Content headers.

The following method has been added to the ICallControl interface in order to create and transmit an In-Dialog SIP: INFO message::

```
void SendSipInfo(int sessionId, String^ contentType, String^ content);
```

The following event has been added to Session Manager:

```
public event EventHandler<SessionEventArgs> SipInfoReceived;
```

The SessionEvent properties now also have these key value pairs:

```
Properties["ContentType"].ToString();
Properties["Content"].ToString();
```

Working with Codec Priorities

Codecs are listed by name in the codecs domain of the configuration file. The **enabled** section explicitly defines the enabled codecs and their priorities. If the **enabled** section is not included or if the audio and video settings have empty values, then the priority is defined as the same order as listed in the codec setting. To disable a codec, remove the codec name from the list.

Important

Media connections between two SIP endpoints (or between SIP Endpoint and Media Server/Gateway) can be successful only when they have a codec that they both support. In tightly controlled environments, it may

be possible to limit the number of enabled codecs to only one preferred codec, but it is highly recommended to include the fallback codec(s) like universally supported PCMU and PCMA to the end of the priority list.

The audio setting can include a list of comma-separated audio codec names in the order of their priorities. The video setting can include a list of comma-separated video codec names in the order of their priorities.

Codec parameters can be specified inline as a comma-separated list enclosed in parenthesis after an equal (=) sign.

```
<setting name="audio" value="q729=(fmtp='annexb=no'),opus=(pt=125),pcmu,pcma"/>
```

The maxpkt optional video parameter specifies the maximum RTP packet size for video codecs (including the RTP header but not counting the UDP and IP overheads). The valid values for this parameter are integers from 1024 to 1472, and the default value is 1442. (Any number outside the valid range would be adjusted to the closest allowable value.)

```
<setting name="video" value="vp8,maxpkt=1280"/>
```

The setting payload_type is an integer. It should be specified for codecs with dynamic payload type, such as iSAC, iLBC, OPUS, and the valid values are between 96 and 127.

The setting fmtp is a string with valid values as defined by RFC6184 for codec h264, RFC3555 for codec q729, and RFC7587 for codec Opus.

Important

While any parameter defined by RFC7587 can be specified as the value of the fmtp for the Opus codec, SIP Endpoint SDK considers only the maxaveragebitrate parameter, which specifies the maximum average bit rate of a session in bits per second (bit/s). Bit rate values can be from 6000 to 64000 (any value outside the range will be adjusted to the minimum/maximum allowed). Recommended bit-rate values:

- from 6000 to 8000 to save bandwidth, with voice quality comparable to G.729 codec.
- 10000 for narrow-band quality (comparable to G.711).
- · 20000 for wide-band quality.

The codec *ulpfec/90000* supports the *vp8* codec with forward error correction.

Example

```
<section name="PCMU/8000"/>
 <section name="PCMA/8000"/>
 <section name="G722/16000"/>
 <section name="iLBC/8000">
   <setting name="payload type" value="102"/>
 </section>
 <section name="iSAC/32000">
   <setting name="payload_type" value="104"/>
  </section>
 <section name="iSAC/16000">
   <setting name="payload_type" value="103"/>
  </section>
 <section name="g729/8000">
   <setting name="fmtp" value="annexb=yes"/>
 </section>
 <section name="opus/48000/2">
   <setting name="payload_type" value="120"/>
   <setting name="fmtp" value="maxaveragebitrate=20000"/>
 </section>
 <section name="vp8">
   <setting name="payload_type" value="100"/>
 </section>
 <section name="vp9">
    <setting name="payload type" value="101"/>
 </section>
 <section name="h264">
   <setting name="payload_type" value="108"/>
   <setting name="fmtp" value="profile-level-id=420028"/>
 </section>
 <section name="ulpfec/90000">
   <setting name="payload type" value="97"/>
 </section>
</domain>
```

Tip

For information on which codecs are supported by SIP Endpoint SDK for .NET, see the list of Supported Codecs in the SIP Endpoint SDK Overview.

Configuring Capture Devices

In order to define the list of preferred capture devices and their priorities, the devices should be added to the device policy section in the **SipEndpoint.config** file:

```
</section> </domain>
```

API

The IVideoControl Interface has been extended with a method that allows you to set up a capture device based on:

- Its configuration settings in the **policy:device** section
- Its priority in that section, as described above

This method can be called at any time while SIP Endpoint SDK is active in order to carry out this task, as shown here:

GsStatus SetCaptureDeviceFromConfig();

Application / SDK Interaction

The workflow between your app and the SIP Endpoint SDK is described in the following table:

Арр	SDK
<pre>Call: ReleaseCaptureDevice()</pre>	Releases currently used capture device
Call: SetCaptureDeviceFromConfig()	Finds matching capture device from the configuration file with the device from the array of all capture devices; if found, it sets this capture device as active
<pre>Call: String^ GetCurrentCaptureDeviceName()</pre>	Returns currently allocated capture device name
Compare with prioritized capture device name	

Disaster Recovery and Geo-Redundancy

This article describes the ways in which SIP Server SDK supports high availability and resilience.

Introduction

The overall architecture for the disaster recovery/geo-redundancy solution is depicted below. Using this architecture, the SIP Endpoint SDK can connect to multiple sites in different geographical locations, providing redundancy and the potential for quick and efficient disaster recovery.

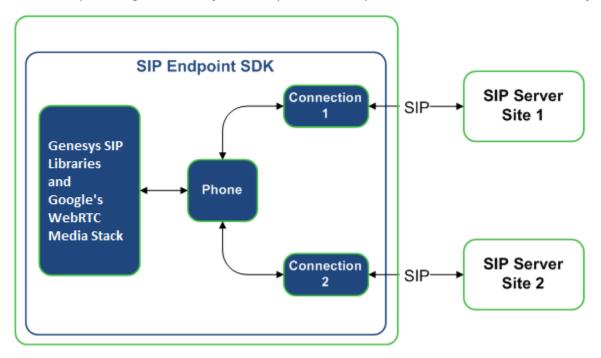


Figure 1: Geographical Redundancy and Disaster Recovery Architecture.

The SIP Endpoint SDK includes a QuickStart application that can be used to run functional testing. The QuickStart application starts SIP Endpoint SDK by creating a Phone instance and then using configuration settings to create two SIP connections and register them on two separate SIP Server sites.

To implement this type of architecture, you must use SIP Server release 8.1.0 or later.

How It Works

To enable Geo-Redundant architecture, the SIP Server SDK has been changed to allow multiple SIP

Servers to be registered. Each SIP Server site requires a distinct connection to be made.

Connection Behaviors

Each connection created in the SIP Endpoint SDK has the following behavior:

SIP Server State	Connection Behavior
Available	Registers and works with the SIP Server normally.
Down or Unavailable	Continually attempts to register until the connection is either successful or explicitly removed. Once a specified SIP Server comes up after being down, then the SIP Endpoint SDK registers and works with the SIP Server normally as soon as it becomes available.

SIP Endpoint SDK will register separate connections on both SIP Server sites - even if they are associated with DNs that have the same name. On every registration renewal attempt, the SIP Endpoint SDK checks for successful registration to determine if that SIP Server is down or unavailable. Whenever there is a change in status for a connection, the SIP Server SDK generates a notification event that is sent to the application with information about the connection status. When the SIP Endpoint SDK is using multiple connections, equal priority is given to each connection. Registration on primary and secondary sites occurs simultaneously.

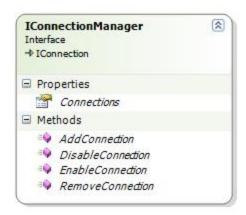
Working with Multiple Connections

When working with multiple connections, there are a few key items you should keep in mind:

- 1pcc outbound calls use a particular SIP Server site by dialing from an explicitly assigned connection. All other calls are put on hold. If the intended SIP Server site is down then the 1pcc outbound call is made from the second site.
- 3pcc inbound calls are received and answered using the corresponding connection, while all other calls
 are put on hold. (Note: The 2nd line is ringing while 1st line is on call.) If the first site is down or
 unavailable then the SIP Endpoint SDK receives 3pcc inbound calls by using second connection.
- If a call disconnection notification is received, check the reason why call was disconnected along with the connection ID. A call disconnection reason of "SipError" along with the message "408" or "Request Timeout" can be interpreted as a sign that the corresponding SIP Server is down or unavailable.

SIP Endpoint SDK API changes

Handling Multiple Connections



To support handling more than one connection, the following methods have been added to IConnectionManager interface class that is implemented by CpProvider and ConnectionManager:

Description	Method Signature
Add a connection	void AddConnection(int connectionId);
Enable a connection	void EnableConnection (int connectionId);
Disable a connection	void DesableConnection (int connectionId);
Remove a connection	void RemoveConnection (int connectionId);
Get connections collection	ConnectionCollection Connections { get; }

Properties that can be accessed from the collection of connections are shown in the following class diagram:



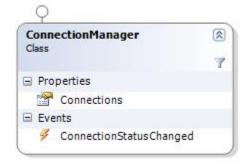
Managing Connection Status

Notification of changes to the connection status is given by the ConnectionStatusChanged event.

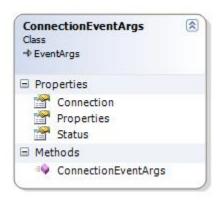
event EventHandler<ConnectionEventArgs> ConnectionStatusChanged;

This event has been added to IConnection interface as shown below:





The event includes ConnectionEventArgs, which provides your application access to the following properties:



Finding the Connection ID in Session Manager

The SessionStatusChanged event in session manager now includes a *connectionID* property in the *SessionEventArgs.Session.Properties* collection, indicating which connection is available.

Making Calls Using First-Party Call Control

The *Dial* method of the *ICallControl* interface now includes a *connectionID* parameter that determines which connection will be used for outgoing 1pcc calls.

void Dial(int connectionId, String^ destination);

Configuration Settings

In addition to the basic configuration details you should be aware of, the following settings must be added to your SipEndpoint.config file to support Disaster Recovery and Geo-Redundancy.

Adding Multiple Connections

To support configuring more than one connection, the section: <Container name = "Basic" > is extended to have more than one Connectivity tag. See the following example for details:

Where:

- DN1 and DN2 are extension objects in CME
- SipServer1:port1 and SipServer2:port2 are SIP Server host names and ports
- Protocol1 and Protocol2 are supported transport protocols by SIP Endpoint SDK

Changing the Re-Registration Timeout Interval in SIP Endpoint SDK

The default SIP Endpoint SDK re-registration interval is 3600 seconds. However, you can redefine that interval by updating the SipEndpoint.config file to include the reregister_in_seconds setting. The example shown below demonstrates how different re-registration intervals can be specified for two connections, and the new configuration applied to your SIP Endpoint SDK applications. In this example, proxy0 and proxy1 are equivalent to the SIP Endpoint SDK connections with connection ID 0 and 1.

QuickStart Application

The easiest way to start using the SIP Endpoint SDK is with the bundled QuickStart application. This application ships in the SDK folder and is supplied as both an executable and as source code in the form of a Visual Studio project. You will need to enter environmental information in an XML configuration file before you can execute the application. After doing that, you can build and run the QuickStart application right away.

Configuring the QuickStart Application

Find either the <SIP Endpoint SDK Folder>\QuickStart\QuickStart2013\Src folder or the <SIP Endpoint SDK Folder>\QuickStartExe folder and open the SipEndpoint.config file. The first few lines of the file look like this:

The first Container element is called "Basic," as you can see, and contains elements that you must supply values for. Otherwise, the QuickStart application will not work. Here are the things you need to do:

- Supply a valid DN for the user attribute.
- Replace SERVER in the server attribute with the name of the host where SIP Server is deployed.
- Replace PORT in the server attribute with the SIP port of the SIP Server host. (The default value is 5060.)

The Configuration page includes information on how to configure various settings, including RTP port ranges, QoS bits, diagnostics and endpoint DNs. These additional configuration options are not required to run the SIP Endpoint QuickStart application, but allow you to customize useful features for the created endpoints.

Running the QuickStart Application

To run the QuickStart application, you can either run the executable version by carrying out these steps:

- 1. Open the <SIP Endpoint SDK Folder>\QuickStartExe folder.
- 2. Double-click QuickStartVS2013.exe.

Or you can build and run the Visual Studio project:

- 1. Open the <SIP Endpoint SDK Folder>\QuickStart folder.
- 2. Double-click QuickStart2013.sln.
- 3. Build the project.
- 4. Run the project.

The SIP Endpoint Interface

The QuickStart application demonstrates how to use the IEndpoint interface, which you should use in your own applications. As shown in the following code snippet from the QuickStart application, you use the CreateSipEndpoint method of the EndpointFactory class to create the endpoint:

```
[C#]
IEndpoint endpoint;
endpoint = EndpointFactory.CreateSipEndpoint();
```

Note: Because the CreateSipEndpoint method creates a singleton, creation of more than one endpoint instance is not supported by Genesys. Other than that, most of the QuickStart application involves reading configuration values and updating the status of the endpoint. The real work is done by the T-Lib code that will reside elsewhere in your application.

Audio Device Settings

SIP Endpoint SDK for .NET uses a complex set of criteria for determining how to select its audio input and output devices. The following sections describe:

- The basic priority settings for audio input and output devices
- The rules that are used to select an audio device, auto-answer a call, and reject a call
- The ways in which various combinations of settings affect audio device selection, auto-answer, and call rejection

Headset Support

You can use this checklist to test your headset's compatability:

Genesys Headset Compatibility Tests

Basic Priority

Headsets and other audio input devices are configured by using the following parameters:

- headset name
- audio_in_device
- audio_out_device

You can set the priority for these devices by changing the order of their entries in the configuration file. If none of the audio devices that are accessible to the endpoint match the device names in the configuration file, the SDK will pick up the device configured as the Default Communication Device in Windows.

Important

A device is selected when the device name matches or partially-matches the regular expression configured in the parameters.

Examples

In the following example, the Plantronics C320 has a higher priority than the Plantronics D100, since it appears first in the file:

```
<setting name="headset_name" value="Plantronics C320"/>
<setting name="headset_name" value="Plantronics D100"/>
```

Selection Rules

The following rules are used to select an audio device, auto-answer a call, and reject a call.

Audio Device Selection

The procedure for audio device selection is applied on startup and every time any changes are made to device presence (such as when a new device is plugged in or an existing device is removed):

- 1. The first device in the applicable list that is present in the system is selected when possible. This device (or devices) will either be specified by headset_name or by audio_in_device and audio_out_device, depending on whether use headset has been enabled.
- If none of the configured devices are present (or if the configuration list is empty), then the SDK will select the audio devices using the priority that has been provided by WebRTC, based on the order of the available devices in its device list.

Auto-Answer

In cases where either of the following conditions is met, the auto-answer functionality is blocked (a policy of should answer returns unknown, although a manual answer is still possible):

- use_headset is set to 1, and none of the devices listed in the headset_name settings is currently present (but session rejection is not applicable, that is, reject_session_when_headset_na has been set to 0)
- The SDK was unable to find any usable microphone or speaker device (applicable to cases when use headset is set to 0)

Finally, when auto_answer is set to 1 and the auto-answer functionality is not blocked (and the call was not already rejected), the SDK answers the incoming call automatically (the should answer policy returns true). If auto_accept_video is set to 1, then both audio and video streams are accepted, otherwise the call is answered as audio-only, even if video is present in the offer.

Rejecting A Call

For backward compatibility with previous releases, a call can only be rejected when both of the following conditions are met (a policy of should answer returns false):

- Both use headset and reject session when headset na are set to 1
- None of the devices listed in the headset_name settings is currently present

When these conditions are met, an incoming call is rejected with a SIP response code as configured in the sip_code_when_headset_na setting. If the setting is missing or the value does not belong to the valid range of 400 to 699, then the default of 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) is used.

In addition, when these conditions are met, the SDK will refuse to initiate any new calls, that is, it will

reject outgoing calls.

Note that the availability of a fallback device (selected by Step 2 in the Audio Device Selection section) does not affect call rejection.

Combinations of Settings

The following combinations of settings affect audio device selection, auto-answer, and call rejection in the ways described below.

use_headset=1

Headset is Available The SDK considers a headset to be available if a headset was found by name in the list of headset_name entries. (The highest priority device in the list is selected). Outgoing calls can be initiated.	auto_answer=1	 Incoming calls are answered automatically: As audio if auto_accept_video=0 As audio with video if the call has video and auto_accept_video=1
	auto_answer=0	Incoming calls are answered manually and the user explicitly selects whether or not video streams should be accepted (using the has_video parameter supplied in the gs_session_info argument)
Headset is Not Available The SDK decides that no headset is available if a headset was not found by name in the list of headset_name entries. An audio device is still assigned, if possible (that is, if any supported devices are present in the system), using the first available audio input and output devices from the list compiled by WebRTC.	No auto-answer is possible in this sub-case, so the auto_answer setting is not used	 reject_session_when_headset_na=1 Incoming calls are automatically rejected Outgoing calls are blocked reject_session_when_headset_na=6 Incoming calls can be answered manually—it is assumed that the agent will plug the headset in (or use an available non-headset device, if applicable) before answering the call Outgoing calls can be initiated—it is the agent's responsibility to ensure that the appropriate audio devices are available before the call is answered by the remote side

use_headset=0

Audio devices are configured using the names from the audio_in_device and audio_out_device settings. The SDK selects the highest-priority input and output devices from that list or, if no valid devices are found in that list, from the first available devices in the list compiled by WebRTC. Outgoing calls can be initiated.

Both microphone and speaker are available	auto_answer=1	 Incoming calls are answered automatically: As audio if auto_accept_video=0 As audio with video if the call has video and auto_accept_video=1
	auto_answer=0	Incoming calls are answered manually and the user explicitly selects whether or not video streams should be accepted (using the has_video parameter supplied in the gs_session_info argument)
 Either microphone or speaker is not available Incoming calls can be answered manually—it is assumed that the agent will plug in the headset (or use an available non-headset device, if applicable) before answering the call Outgoing calls can be initiated—it is the agent's responsibility to ensure that the appropriate audio devices are available before the call is answered by the remote side 	No auto-answer is possible in this sub-case, so the auto_answer setting is not used	Auto-rejection is not applicable, so the reject_session_when_headset_na setting is not used

Video Support

This article discusses the video support that has been added to SIP Endpoint SDK. This support consists of:

- A new video control interface
- · New video call control features that have been added to the existing call control interface

This article also outlines the requirements for processing High Definition video.

High Definition Video Requirements

Important

If you plan on supporting High Definition (HD) video, please take the following requirements into account.

Due to the complex processing required for High Definition video, all of the endpoints that are involved in a video conversation must run on computers that meet a certain minimum hardware performance level. As the actual CPU performance can no longer be accurately measured in MHz and since video processing performance depends on a wide variety of factors, Genesys recommends that you use the free benchmarking tool NovaBench to assess whether your hardware meets the requirements for successful HD video processing.

For 720p HD video, the **minimum** requirements are (in addition to what the camera manufacturer requires):

- A total NovaBench score of at least 500 (with a Graphic Test sub-score of at least 12), with recommended scores of at least 800 and 20, respectively
- 2 GB RAM
- 1 Mbps upload and download speed (for a total bandwidth of 2 Mpbs)

SIP Endpoint SDK for .NET does not currently support video resolutions higher than 720p.

Video Control

The IVideoControl interface is in the Genesyslab.Sip.Endpoint.Provider.CP namespace. It allows you to work with events and information related to:

Video source

Frame events

These features are discussed in the following sections.

Video Source

This SDK provides methods to get or set video source-related information:

Method	Description
bool HasCaptureDevice();	Returns true if the SDK has been configured to work with a camera.
String ^ GetCurrentCaptureDeviceName();	Returns the names of the devices currently being used for video.
array <videodevice^>^ GetAllSystemCaptureDevices();</videodevice^>	Returns the names of all available cameras known to the operating system.
GsStatus SetCaptureDevice(int deviceId);	Picks up a capture device by its device ID and gets its status if the device has been successfully reserved.
VideoCapability^ GetVideoCapability(int deviceId, int N);	Returns capture device video capability by device ID and capability order number.
int GetNumberVideoCapabilities(int deviceId);	Returns a number of supported capabilities by device ID.

Video Frame Events

The SDK also provides video frame-related events:

Method	Description
<pre>event EventHandler<endpointeventargs^>^ VideoFrameSizeReceived;</endpointeventargs^></pre>	Provides notification about video frame size.
<pre>event EventHandler<endpointeventargs^>^ VideoFrameDelivered;</endpointeventargs^></pre>	Provides notification that a video frame has been received with size shown by VideoFrameSizeReceived.

Video Call Control

SIP Endpoint SDK's ICallControl interface, which is in the Genesyslab.Sip.Endpoint.Provider.Genesys namespace, has methods to dial and answer a session with or without video:

Method	Description
<pre>void Dial(int connectionId, String^ destination, bool video, String^ data);</pre>	Starts dialing to place an outgoing call from the connection with ID = connectionId to destination. If video=true, the video is offered.
<pre>void Answer(int sessionId, bool video);</pre>	Answers an incoming call with sessionId and if

Method	Description
	video=true, the offered video is accepted.

Access to Raw Video Frames

SIP Endpoint SDK 8.1.2 for .NET provides access to raw video frames in BGR32 format.

The following API has been added:

```
public enum class VideoRenderFormat {
        i420
                 = 0,
                 = 1,
        YV12
        YUY2
                 = 2,
        UYVY
                 = 3,
        IYUV
                 = 4,
        ARGB
        RGB24
                 = 6,
                = 7,
        RGB565
        ARGB4444 = 8.
        ARGB1555 = 9,
        MJPEG
               = 10.
                 = 11,
        NV12
        NV21
                 = 12,
                 = 13,
        BGRA
        Unknown = 99
};
```

You can use these methods to add and remove local and remote videos:

The following methods may be used to add or remove the local or remote video renderer:

```
// Add/Remove External Local Video Renderer
void AddLocalVideoRenderer(VideoRenderFormat format);
void RemoveLocalVideoRenderer();

// Add/Remove External Remote Video Renderer
void AddRemoteVideoRenderer(VideoRenderFormat videoFormat, int sessionId);
void RemoveRemoteVideoRenderer(int sessionId);
```

Adding Video to an Audio-Only Call

In order to add video to an existing session, one of the supported video codecs should be specified in the **SipEndpoint.config** file:

```
<domain name="codecs">
```

If **auto_accept_video** is enabled and the other party adds video during an active audio call, video is automatically added to the endpoint. However, if **auto_accept_video** is not enabled and the other party adds video during an active audio call, then the user is prompted to either accept or reject the video.

API

The ICallControl Interface has been extended with these methods:

```
GsStatus SendVideoOffer(int sessionId);
GsStatus AnswerVideoOffer(int sessionId, bool accept);
GsStatus RemoveVideoStream(int sessionId);
```

You can add video to audio-only calls using both built-in and external video frame renderers.

Application Notes

Local video should be started before you add the video. If the media offer is accepted at this point, the video becomes bidirectional. If there is a request to remove the video, the local video is disconnected from the session.

Audio-video scenarios

Video Offer Rejected By Remote Party

Local party	Remote party	API
Establish audio-only session		
Voice to video escalation		
Start local video		
Request to add video		SendVideoOffer(sessionId)
	Receive session status	SessionStatus.MediaOffer
	Reject video offer	AnswerVideoOffer(sessionId, FALSE)
Receive session status		SessionStatus.MediaRejected
Audio-only session established		

Video Offer Accepted By Remote Party

Local party	Remote party	API
Add video to audio-only call		
Voice to video escalation		
Start local video		StartLocalVideo()
Request to add video		SendVideoOffer(sessionId)
	Receive session status	SessionStatus.MediaOffer
	Accept video offer	AnswerVideoOffer(sessionId, TRUE)
Receive session status		SessionStatus.MediaAccepted
Show remote video	Show remote video	StartRemoteVideo(sesionId)
Bidirectional video session established		

Video Removed From The Call

Local party	Remote party	API
Existing bidirectional video session		
Remove video		RemoveVideoStream(sessionId)
Receive session status	Receive session status	SessionStatus.MediaRejected
Close remote video	Close remote video	StopRemoteVideo(sesionId)
Voice only session		

Call Statistics

As of release 8.1.100.04 of SIP Endpoint SDK for .NET, two methods have been added to the ICallControl interface, so that you can have real-time access to RTP audio and video statistics during a call. These statistics are based on the RTCP packets that have been sent during a call session. The two methods are:

```
Dictionary<String^,Object^>^ GetAudioStatistics(String^ sessionId);
Dictionary<String^,Object^>^ GetVideoStatistics(String^ sessionId);
```

The NET QuickStart Application shows how to monitor statistics while a call is in progress and how to gather the most recent statistics before a call is disconnected.

RTCP is enabled by default.

Available Statistics

SIP Endpoint SDK provides video and audio statistics at the end of each call when the session achieves a status of SessionStatus.Disconnected. These statistics have the same names, meanings, and structure for both video and audio.

Local Statistics		
	Got Local Stat	This value is positive if the next 5 fields are valid (which means that local statistics are available)
	Local Frac Lost	The fraction of packets that were lost during this call (that is, packets that were not received by the local endpoint)
	Local Jitter	Interarrival jitter
	Local Oct Count	Local octet count (number of bytes sent)
	Local Pkt Count	Local packet count (number of RTP packets sent from the local endpoint)
	Local Total Lost	Total lost packets (calculated per RFC 3550)
Remote Receiver Report		
	Got Remote RR	This value is true if the next 3 fields are valid (which means that the local endpoint received a Receiver Report from the remote endpoint)
	Remote Frac Lost	The fraction of packets that were lost during this call (that is,

		packets that were not received by the remote endpoint)
	Remote Jitter	Interarrival jitter
	Remote Total Lost	Total lost packets (calculated per RFC 3550)
Remote Sender Report		
	Got Remote SR	This value is true if the next 2 fields are valid (which means that the local endpoint received a Sender Report from the remote endpoint)
	Remote Oct Count	Remote octet count
	Remote Pkt Count	Remote packet count (number of packets sent by the remote endpoint)
Round Trip		
	Round Trip Time	Round-trip time in milliseconds

NAT Traversal

SIP Endpoint SDK supports NAT traversal for restrictive firewalls and routers in the following general scenarios:

- · Enterprise to Cloud
- · Consumer to Cloud
- · Home Agent to Cloud
- · Mobile to Enterprise
- Mobile to Cloud

To configure NAT, see the nat section of the Default Configuration Settings.

Important

- Double NAT is not supported.
- NAT translation will not occur with a NAT server that does not support UDP fragmentation. An example of such a server is Microsoft RRAS (Routing and Remote Access Service).
- NAT functionality was tested with the following NAT and STUN/TURN servers:
 - NAT Server—Windows 2008 NAT Server using RRAS service
 - STUN/TURN Server—https://code.google.com/p/rfc5766-turn-server/
- When using UDP transport for an endpoint behind the NAT, you must set the **reg_timeout** option to a value not exceeding twice the binding timeout for your particular NAT implementation.

Periodic REGISTER messages serve as a keep-alive mechanism necessary to keep the NAT channel open. Genesys recommends a value of 60 for **reg_timeout** (REGISTER sent every 30 seconds) which should work with most NAT implementations.

Re-registration

Use the reg_match_received_rport setting in the proxyN section to control re-registration in cases where the received/rport values in the REGISTER response do not match local values. A value of 0 (default) disables this feature and a value of 1 enables re-registration.

</domain>

Important

For re-registration to work correctly, the registrar must support RFC 3581. Genesys SIP Server **does not** support RFC 3581. In cases where re-registration may interfere with NAT traversal, the reg_match_received_rport setting can be used to turn off re-registration.

Configuring secure connections (TLS) for SIP

TLS support in Genesys SIP Endpoint SDK and Softphone for Windows uses Genesys Common Library implementation that relies on Microsoft Secure Channel (a part of Windows operating system). To configure TLS support, you need to configure the OS-level settings using standard Windows tools and follow Microsoft recommendations. SDK-specific settings include configuring the client-side certificate for Mutual TLS and controlling target host name verification.

TLS certificates (including private keys) and CA certificates are stored in Windows certificate storage, which is supported by Genesys Common Library for both user and system level storage. A configured certificate is first searched for in the user-level storage and then in the system-level storage. For more details on accessing and managing certificate storage and setting up a working TLS environment, refer to Managing Certificates using MMC on Windows. To ensure a functional TLS environment, system administrators must make sure that the Certificate Relocation List referenced in the server-side certificate is accessible for all client workstations.

To secure the connection to the SIP Server, users should set the **protocol** parameter to TLS in the corresponding Connectivity element of the **Basic** container in the SIP Endpoint SDK configuration file, whether the connection is direct or via SIP Proxy or SBC.

<Connectivity user="{dn}" server="{server:port}" protocol="TLS"/>

For Mutual TLS, you should also specify the certificate option referring to the thumbprint of the client-side certificate. If you leave this option empty, only simple TLS will be used for outgoing TLS connections, and incoming TLS connections will not be possible. However, in most deployments, this is not an issue since the Genesys SIP Server, SIP Proxy, and supported SBCs reuse client-originated TLS connection by default and do not try to open another TLS connection for delivering incoming SIP messages.

Important

The TLS configuration settings for securing the SIP connection can be found in the **system.security** section.

certificate

Valid Values: String

The thumbprint value of the Public endpoint certificate, which is used as a client-side certificate for outgoing TLS connections in case of Mutual TLS, and server-side certificate for incoming TLS connections in case when SBC is configured to not reuse client TLS connection. For example, 78 44 34 36 7a c2 22 48 bd 5c 76 6b 00 84 5d 66 83 f5 85 d5.

This option replaces the **cert_file** option from previous versions. For backwards compatibility, the

SDK accepts both **certificate** and **cert_file** option names (the former takes priority).

tls-target-name-check

Valid Values: no, host

Default Value: no

Specifies if the Common Name in the subject field and/or the Subject Alternate Names of the server's certificate will be compared to the target host name (option value host). If they are not identical, the connection fails. If the option is set to no, a comparison is not made, and the connection is allowed (provided the server's certificate is valid and signed by trusted CA, as disabling target name check does not affect other certificate verification steps).

Important

The default value for this option is 'no' only to ensure backward compatibility with previous releases. Genesys recommends to always set the value as 'host' in production environments for security reasons to avoid any man-in-the-middle attack attempts.

Important

If encryption is enabled in SIP mode, the user workstation may connect to the CRL systems of the Certificate Authorities that issued the SSL certificates for the SIP User Agents (SIP UAs).

For additional information, refer to:

- Genesys Secure Connection (TLS) guide
- Preparing TLS certificates
- Microsoft Secure Channel (on Microsoft documentation)
- TLS/SSL overview (on Microsoft documentation)