

# **GENESYS**

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# Performance Management Advisors Deployment Guide

Least Privileges: How to Configure Advisors Database Accounts with Minimal Privileges

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# Least Privileges: How to Configure Advisors Database Accounts with Minimal Privileges

In the general Advisors installation scenario with Oracle, the Oracle schema owners are also used by Advisors components to access the database during runtime.

Starting with Advisors release 8.5.202, access to an Oracle database 12c R2 can be configured in such a way that the Advisors components access the database through low-privileged, runtime users that are not schema owners. The runtime users are granted only DML privileges and the privileges to execute a selected list of stored procedures that operate only within the Advisors database environment.

Advisors installations with MS SQL Server could be configured to access the database through low-privileged runtime users in previous releases. In release 8.5.2, a dedicated security procedure has been added to help further restrict the privileges and allow access only to a minimum set of necessary stored procedures and functions, rather than access to all.

There can be different acceptable scenarios for configuring database accounts with reduced privileges to achieve the same goal. However, this page contains only recommended scenarios that were tested and have passed the evaluation.

This page describes how to configure users with least privileges, which can be used by Advisors components during runtime. You must set up the runtime users before you run the Advisors installation wizards.

The procedures on this page are divided by RDBMS type:

- Microsoft SOL Server
- Oracle

# Microsoft SQL Server

This section includes information about the Advisors database users, and the privileges associated with each, for the following setup and installation tasks:

- Creating the Advisors Databases
- · Creating the Database Objects
- · Creating the Runtime User
- Running the Bulk Configuration Tool
- Running the Advisors Installation Wizards

#### Creating the Advisors Databases

You require one privileged database user. That user sets up all three Advisors databases. The privileged user requires privileges to create a database, create a login account, create a user, and to back up the database.

#### Creating Database Objects

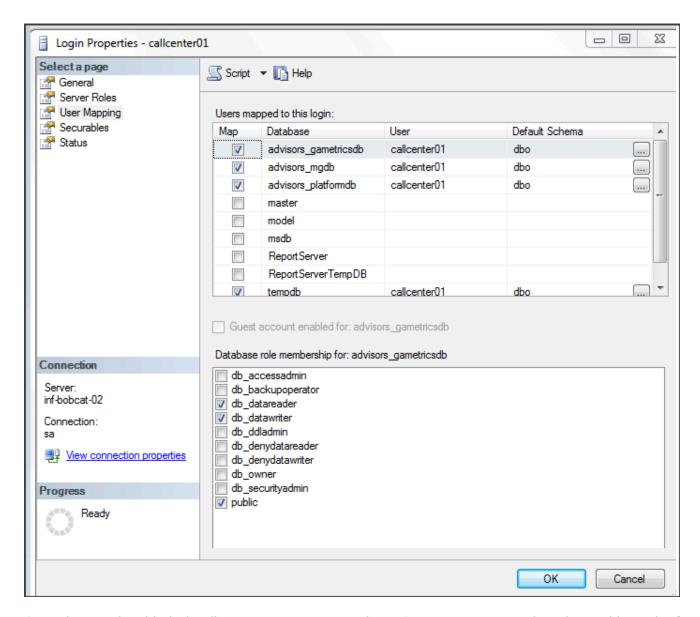
The database owner (db owner) of all three Advisors databases creates the database objects in each database. The db owner executes the "new-database" SQL scripts, which are provided in the Advisors Installation Package (IP) for each database:

- Advisors Genesys Adapter (AGA) metrics database creation script is located in the Advisors Genesys Adapter IP.
- · Advisors Platform database creation script is located in the Advisors Platform IP.
- Advisors metric graphing database creation script is located in the Advisors Platform IP starting with Advisors release 8.5.202, and in the Contact Center Advisor/Workforce Advisor IP in earlier releases.

#### Creating the Runtime User

You must make the low-privileged user, to be used during Advisors application runtime, a member of the [db\_datareader] and [db\_datawriter] roles in each of the three Advisors databases. The low-privileged user account must have a default schema that holds all objects within each database.

For example, let's say that three databases are created by the "sa" user during the database creation stage. The "sa" user creates a "callcenter01" user login account, which is mapped to each of the three databases and is assigned a default schema, "dbo".



Once the user is added, the db owner must execute the spGrantExecute procedure, located in each of the three Advisors databases. The spGrantExecute procedure has the same name in each database, but has different content depending on the database that holds it. For example:

AGA metrics database:

```
USE [advisors_gametricsdb]
G0

EXEC [dbo].[spGrantExecute]
@UserName = N'callcenter01'
G0
```

· Advisors metric graphing database:

```
USE [advisors_mgdb]

GO

EXEC [dbo].[spGrantExecute]
@UserName = N'callcenter01'

GO

• Advisors Platform database:

USE [advisors_platformdb]

GO

EXEC [dbo].[spGrantExecute]
@UserName = N'callcenter01'
```

It is possible to set up a separate "data reader/data writer" user for each database. However, in that case, the Platform user must also be made a data reader in the Advisors metrics database, or, at a minimum, must be granted a select permission on all views contained in the AGA metrics database. A corresponding database user name must be provided in the spGrantExecute procedure and in the Advisors installation wizard prompts.

If a CISCO data source is present, the Platform user must be granted permissions as described elsewhere in guide.

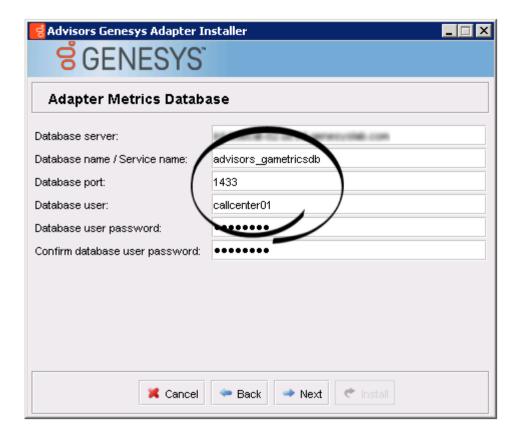
## Running the Bulk Configuration Tool

The bulk configuration tool supplied with the Advisors Platform IP is used outside of the applications and is a candidate for a high-privileged user. The spGrantExecute procedure excludes the bulk configuration procedures. Genesys recommends that privileges to execute all procedures with names that start with "spBlk" be temporarily granted to a user when it is necessary to use the bulk configuration tool, and revoked once the Advisors configuration is complete and needs to be frozen. At this point, Genesys also recommends that you back up the Platform database.

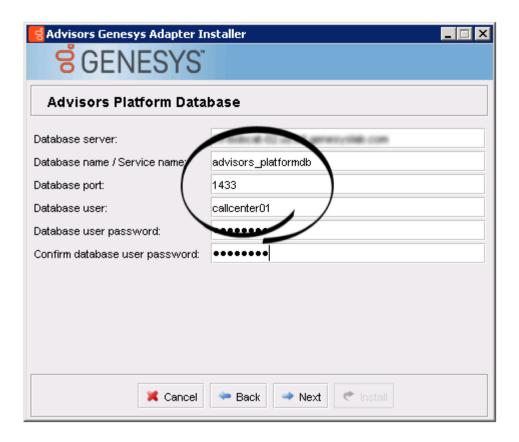
## Running the Advisors Installation Wizards

Once the database setup is complete, you can run the Advisors installation wizards. Enter the runtime database user name(s) in the installation wizard prompts for each database. The following examples show the runtime user specified in all of the database user-related fields.

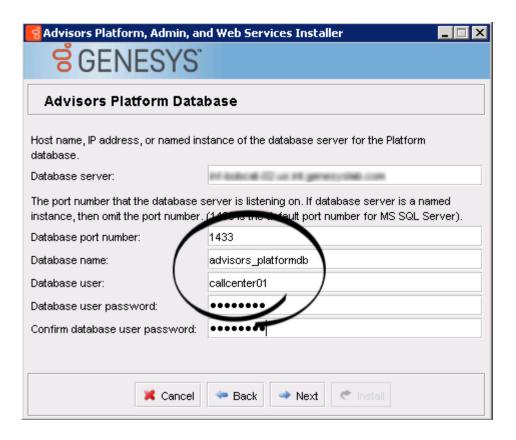
Advisors Genesys Adapter installation wizard > AGA metrics database



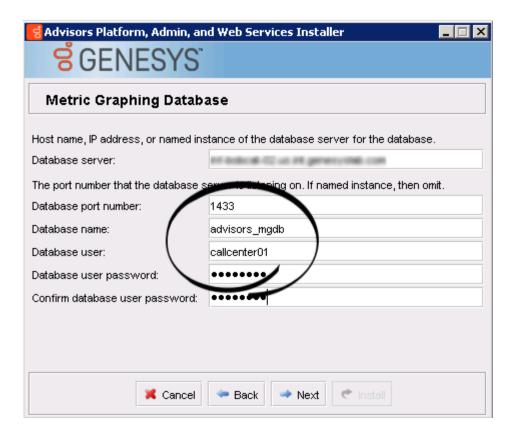
• Advisors Genesys Adapter installation wizard > Platform database



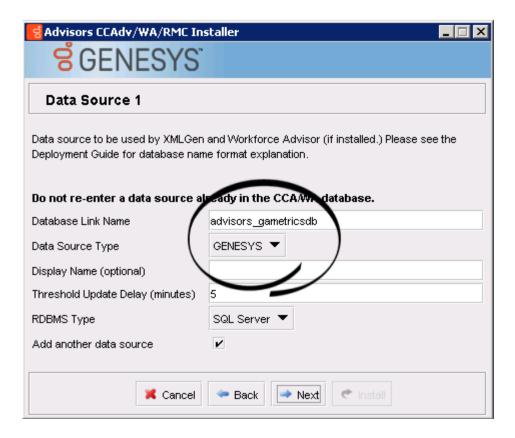
• Platform installation wizard > Platform database



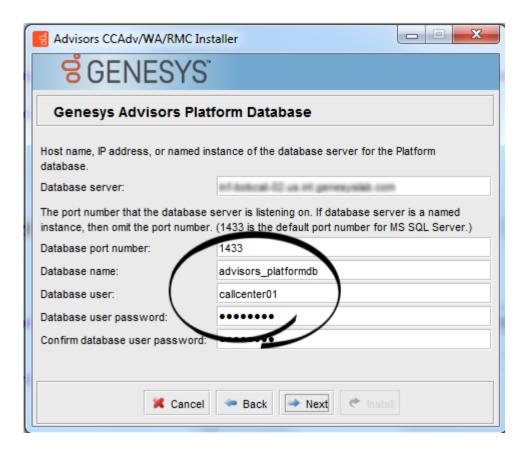
• Platform installation wizard > metric graphing database



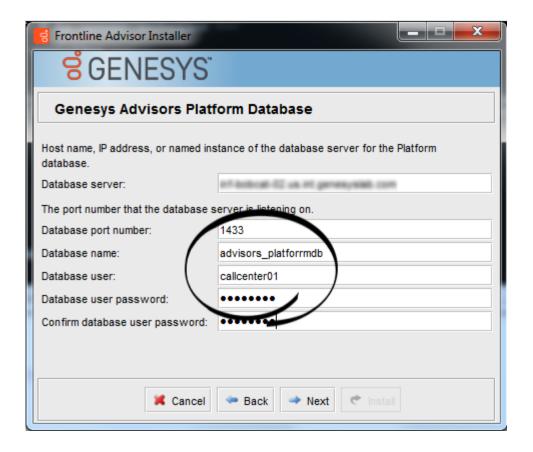
• CCAdv/WA installation wizard > Genesys data source



CCAdv/WA installation wizard > Platform database



Frontline Advisor installation wizard > Platform database



# Oracle

This section includes the following topics:

- Prerequisites
- · Creating the Runtime User
- · What to do if something goes wrong
- · Running the Advisors Installation Wizards
- Alternative Method to Configure Oracle Runtime Database Access
- · Reusing Application and Database Roles

#### **Prerequisites**

- Use the Oracle 12c Release 2 RDBMS for your Advisors installation.
- Create three Advisors database users/schemas and the corresponding database objects using the procedures described in the base Oracle Database Installation section of this guide.

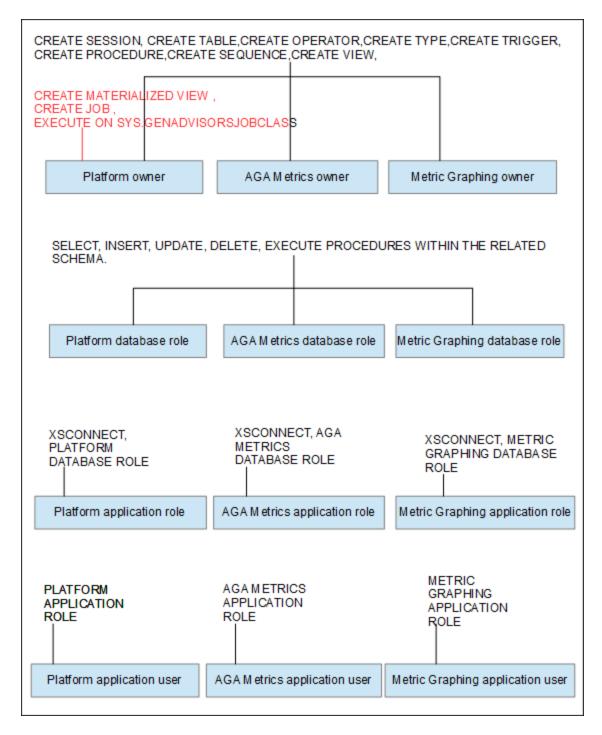
# Creating the Runtime User

The solution described on this page is based on the Oracle Database Real Application Security feature and direct-login application users. Application users do not own database schemas by definition, but can create application sessions in the database. Application users can be assigned traditional database schemas owned by other users as their default schemas.

The overall procedure consists of four groups of tasks:

- 1. Application roles creation and direct-login application users creation with the XS\_PRINCIPAL package.
- 2. Granting roles to direct-login application users with the XS PRINCIPAL package.
- 3. Database roles creation and granting a set of restricted object-level privileges to the database roles.
- 4. Granting database roles to the corresponding application roles.

The following figure is a simplified schema showing the resulting schema owner privileges and the application user privileges.



The Platform schema owner might require an additional privilege if the Advisors application is installed using an Oracle database that does not have the JServer Java Virtual Machine installed.

EXECUTE ON SYS.DBMS\_LOCK will be required in addition to the three privileges shown in red in the figure above. You must modify the advisors-platform-<version>\_UsersAndRoles.sql script to accommodate the additional privilege.

#### Procedure:

#### Steps

- 1. Decide what you will use as names for the following entities:
  - The names and passwords for direct-login application users with a restricted set of privileges that Advisors components will use to access the database during runtime.
  - The names for the application roles that will be granted to the direct-login application users.
  - The names for regular database roles that will hold the restricted set of object-level privileges and that will be granted to application roles.

You will also need to provide the names of schema owners that should have been created already, using the base database creation procedure (these are the Platform, AGA metrics, and Metric Graphing schema owners).

For this example, we will use the following names:

- Adv1PltOwner,Adv2AgaOwner,Adv3MgOwner as schema owners.
- Adv1,Adv2,Adv3 as direct-login application users that will become Advisors runtime users.
- AdvPlt\_approle,AdvAga\_approle,AdvMg\_approle as application roles.
- AdvPlt dbrole,AdvAga dbrole,AdvMg dbrole as regular database roles.
- 2. Connect to SQL\*Plus as a privileged user (such as "system") who has access to all three Advisors schemas. Execute the advisors-platform-<version>\_UsersAndRoles.sql script, providing the names and passwords when prompted:

If you prefer, instead of executing the advisors-platform-<version>\_UsersAndRoles.sql SQL\*Plus script, you can use the Alternative Method to Configure Oracle Runtime Database Access procedure, described below. Using the alternative method, you execute the same commands that are provided in the SQL\* Plus script, but in a more controlled way.

3. Once the setup is complete, use the following query to verify the direct-login application users (runtime users) that you have created:

#### SELECT \* FROM DBA\_XS\_USERS;

The Name column contains the names of the direct-login application users that you created. The Schema column contains the default schema of the corresponding direct-login application user.

The user name must match the name that you planned for your runtime user. The default schema for the application user must be the name of the Platform, AGA metrics, or Metric Graphing schema that you added during the initial database creation. This will ensure that all of the database objects that the application accesses during runtime through the direct-login application user account will be pulled from the correct schema (Platform, AGA metrics, or Metric Graphing schema), while access control during runtime is restricted to the privileges assigned to the application user.

Considering the sample names used in this procedure, you should see results that are similar to the following:

| NAME | SCHEMA       |
|------|--------------|
| ADV1 | ADV1PLTOWNER |
| ADV1 | ADV1AGAOWNER |
| ADV1 | ADV1MGOWNER  |

4. Verify your "direct login application user - application role" and "application role - db role" mappings using the following query:

SELECT GRANTEE, GRANTED\_ROLE FROM DBA\_XS\_ROLE\_GRANTS ORDER BY GRANTEE;

The application roles must be granted to the corresponding direct-login application users, while the DB roles are granted to the corresponding application roles. Considering the sample names used in this procedure, you should see results that are similar to the following:

| GRANTEE        | GRANTED_ROLE   |
|----------------|----------------|
| ADV1           | XSPUBLIC       |
| ADV1           | XSCONNECT      |
| ADV1           | ADVPLT_APPROLE |
| ADVPLT_APPROLE | ADVPLT_DBROLE  |
| ADV2           | XSPUBLIC       |
| ADV2           | XSCONNECT      |
| ADV2           | ADVAGA_APPROLE |
| ADVAGA_APPROLE | ADVAGA_DBROLE  |
| ADV3           | XSPUBLIC       |
| ADV3           | XSCONNECT      |
| ADV3           | ADVPLT_APPROLE |
| ADV3           | ADVMG_APPROLE  |
| ADVMG_APPROLE  | ADVMG_DBROLE   |

## What to do if something goes wrong

If it looks like something went wrong during your attempt to add the application users and the application and database roles, then you can remove those users and roles as shown in the samples below. For consistency, the following examples use the same names that were used in the preceding procedure. Removing application users and the application and database roles does not impact the initial database installation or the schema owner permissions.

Sample: Removing application users and application and database roles

```
EXEC SYS.XS_PRINCIPAL.DELETE_PRINCIPAL ('Adv1',xs_admin_util.cascade_option);
EXEC SYS.XS_PRINCIPAL.DELETE_PRINCIPAL ('Adv2',xs_admin_util.cascade_option);
EXEC SYS.XS_PRINCIPAL.DELETE_PRINCIPAL ('Adv3',xs_admin_util.cascade_option);
```

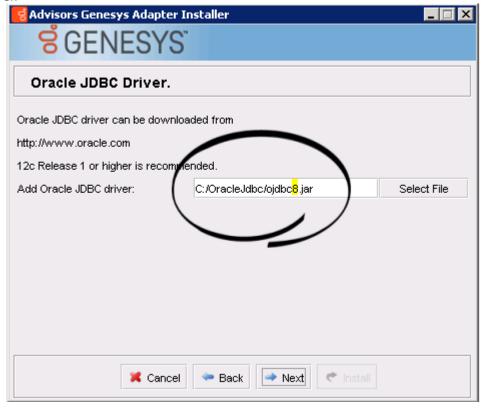
```
EXEC SYS.XS_PRINCIPAL.DELETE_PRINCIPAL('AdvPlt_role');
EXEC SYS.XS_PRINCIPAL.DELETE_PRINCIPAL('AdvAga_role');
EXEC SYS.XS_PRINCIPAL.DELETE_PRINCIPAL('AdvMg_role');

DROP ROLE AdvPlt_dbrole;
DROP ROLE AdvAga_dbrole;
DROP ROLE AdvMg_dbrole;
```

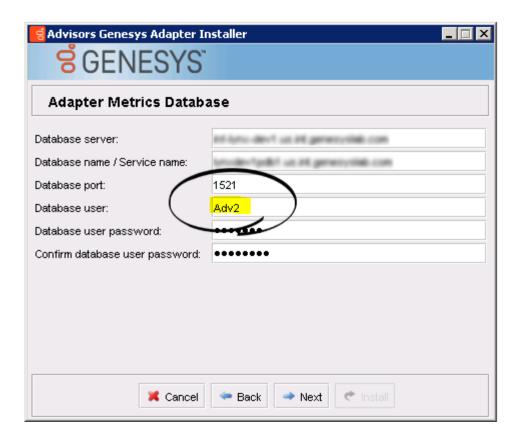
#### Running the Advisors Installation Wizards

Once the database setup is complete, you can run the Advisors installation wizards. Enter the runtime database user name(s) in the installation wizard prompts for each database. The following examples show the runtime user specified in all of the database user-related fields.

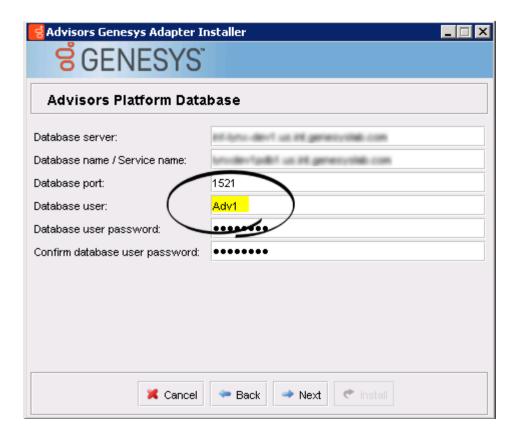
 Advisors Genesys Adapter installation wizard. Make sure you specify ojdbc8.jar as the Oracle JDBC driver.



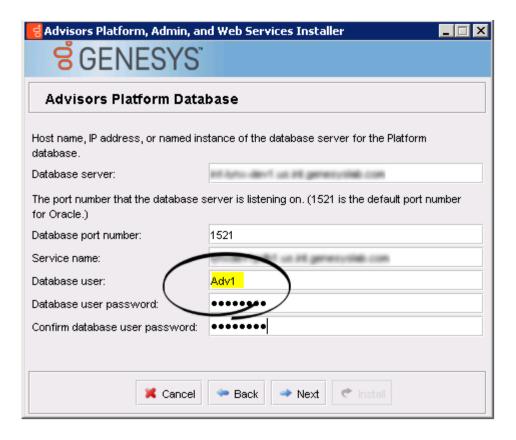
Advisors Genesys Adapter installation wizard. The AGA runtime user is specified in the **Database user** field.



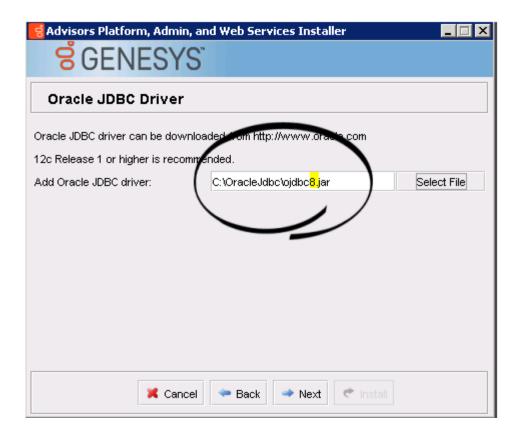
Advisors Genesys Adapter installation wizard. The Platform runtime user is specified in the **Database** user field.



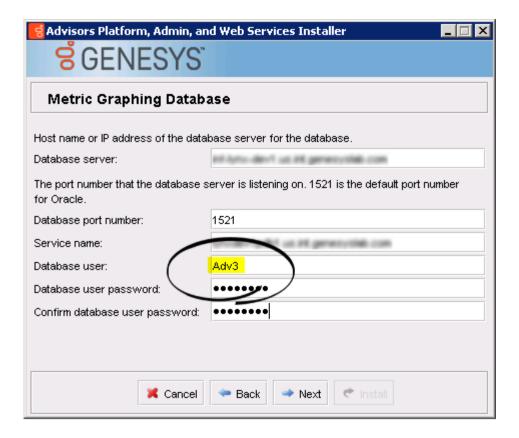
• Platform installation wizard. The Platform runtime user is specified in the **Database user** field.



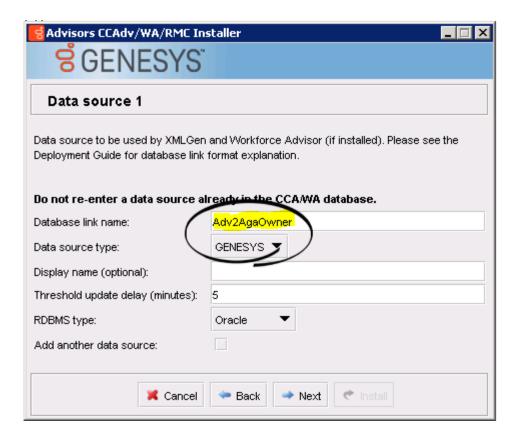
• Platform installation wizard. Make sure you specify ojdbc8.jar as the Oracle JDBC driver.



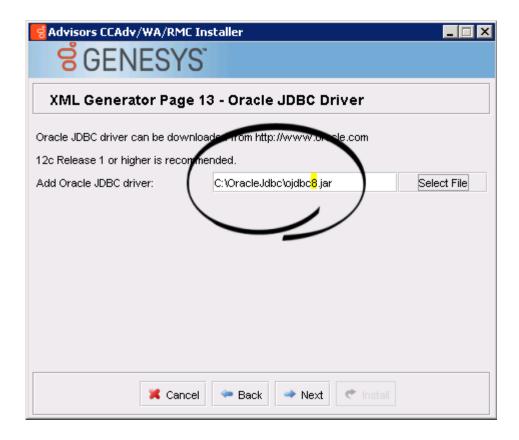
• Platform installation wizard. The metric graphing runtime user is specified in the **Database user** field.



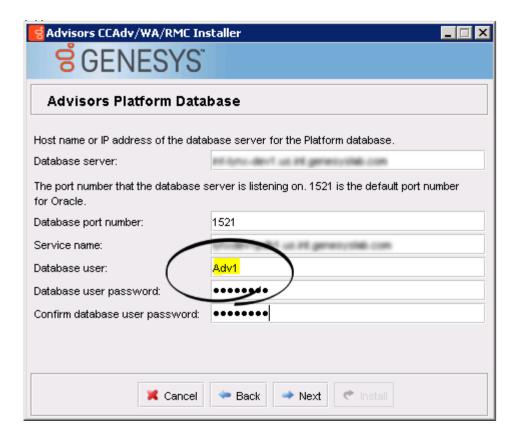
 CCAdv/WA/RMC installation wizard. The AGA schema owner is specified in the Database link name field.



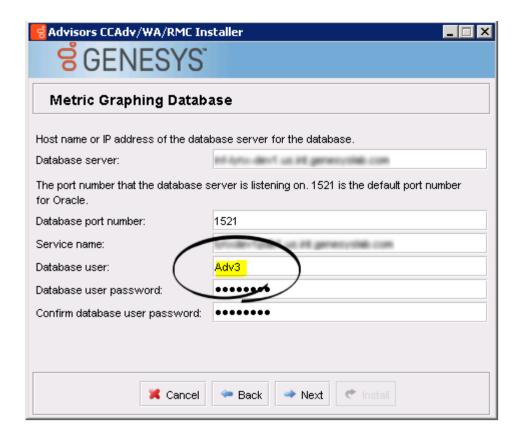
• CCAdv/WA/RMC installation wizard. Make sure you specify ojdbc8.jar as the Oracle JDBC driver.



• CCAdv/WA/RMC installation wizard. The Platform runtime user is specified in the **Database user** field.



CCAdv/WA/RMC installation wizard. The metric graphing runtime user is specified in the **Database user** field.



# Alternative Method to Configure Oracle Runtime Database Access

If you prefer to use a more controlled security setup, then instead of executing the SQL\*Plus advisors-platform-<version>\_UsersAndRoles.sql script as described in the procedure above, you can run the script in sections.

- 1. Connect to Oracle SQL Developer as a privileged user (such as system) who has access to all three Advisors schemas.
- 2. Copy the entire contents of the script section below and paste it into the Oracle SQL Developer query window. Highlight Section 1 and execute. Answer all 12 prompts. This will provide the substitutions for all variables contained in the next sections of the script, which you will execute later.

  If you make a mistake with the substitute variables, repeat Section 1.

The scripts from all sections must be executed within the same session; that is, all queries must be run from the same SQL Developer window. The only exception is the object permission script that is generated in Section 3, which can be executed from any session, including your current session.

- 3. Once you are satisfied with the substitution, execute all of Section 2. Provide passwords, where prompted.
- 4. Highlight Section 3, and execute. This will generate Section 4.
- 5. Copy the results that were generated after you executed the Section 3 queries (that is, Section 4), and execute those as a privileged user (such as system).
- 6. Execute Section 5.

```
- - 1
SET HEADING OFF
SET LINE 512
SET FEEDBACK OFF
Accept PLATFORM USERNAME char Prompt 'Platform schema owner: '
Accept AGA USERNAME char Prompt 'AGA Metrics schema owner: '
Accept MG USERNAME char Prompt 'MG Metrics schema owner: '
Accept PLATFORM RUNTIME USERNAME char Prompt 'Platform runtime user name: '
Accept AGA RUNTIME USERNAME char Prompt 'AGA Metrics runtime user name: '
Accept MG RUNTIME USERNAME char Prompt 'MG runtime user name: '
Accept PLATFORM APPLICATION ROLE char Prompt 'Platform application role: '
Accept AGA APPLICATION ROLE char Prompt 'AGA Metrics application role: '
Accept MG APPLICATION ROLE char Prompt 'MG application role: '
Accept PLATFORM DATABASE ROLE char Prompt 'Platform database role: '
Accept AGA DATABASE ROLE char Prompt 'AGA Metrics database role: '
Accept MG DATABASE ROLE char Prompt 'MG database role: '
- - 2
SET VERIFY OFF:
EXEC SYS.XS PRINCIPAL.CREATE USER (name => '&&PLATFORM RUNTIME USERNAME', schema => '&&PLATFORM USERNAME');
EXEC SYS.XS PRINCIPAL.CREATE USER (name => '&&AGA RUNTIME USERNAME', schema => '&&AGA USERNAME');
EXEC SYS.XS PRINCIPAL.CREATE USER (name => '&&MG RUNTIME USERNAME', schema => '&&MG USERNAME');
EXEC SYS.XS PRINCIPAL.SET PASSWORD('&&PLATFORM RUNTIME USERNAME', '&&PLATFORM RUNTIME password'):
EXEC SYS.XS PRINCIPAL.SET PASSWORD('&&AGA RUNTIME USERNAME', '&&AGA RUNTIME password');
EXEC SYS.XS PRINCIPAL.SET PASSWORD('&&MG RUNTIME USERNAME', '&&MG RUNTIME password');
EXEC SYS.XS PRINCIPAL.CREATE ROLE(NAME => '&&PLATFORM APPLICATION ROLE'. ENABLED => TRUE):
EXEC SYS.XS PRINCIPAL.CREATE ROLE(NAME => '&&AGA APPLICATION ROLE', ENABLED => TRUE);
EXEC SYS.XS PRINCIPAL.CREATE ROLE(NAME => '&&MG APPLICATION ROLE', ENABLED => TRUE);
EXEC SYS.XS PRINCIPAL.GRANT ROLES('&&PLATFORM RUNTIME USERNAME', 'XSCONNECT');
EXEC SYS.XS PRINCIPAL.GRANT ROLES('&&AGA RUNTIME USERNAME', 'XSCONNECT'):
EXEC SYS.XS PRINCIPAL.GRANT ROLES('&&MG RUNTIME USERNAME', 'XSCONNECT');
EXEC SYS.XS PRINCIPAL.GRANT ROLES('&&PLATFORM RUNTIME USERNAME', '&&PLATFORM APPLICATION ROLE');
EXEC SYS.XS PRINCIPAL.GRANT ROLES('&&AGA RUNTIME USERNAME', '&&AGA APPLICATION ROLE');
EXEC SYS.XS PRINCIPAL.GRANT ROLES('&&MG RUNTIME USERNAME', '&&MG APPLICATION ROLE');
EXEC SYS.XS PRINCIPAL.GRANT ROLES('&&MG RUNTIME USERNAME', '&&PLATFORM APPLICATION ROLE');
```

```
CREATE ROLE &&PLATFORM DATABASE ROLE;
   CREATE ROLE &&AGA DATABASE ROLE;
   CREATE ROLE &&MG DATABASE ROLE:
    - - 3
    -- Grant permissions to database objects
   SELECT 'GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE ON '||OWNER||'.'||TABLE NAME||' TO &&AGA DATABASE ROLE;' FROM DBA TABLES WHERE
OWNER=UPPER('&&AGA USERNAME')
   UNION
   SELECT 'GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE ON '||OWNER||'.'||VIEW NAME||' TO &&AGA DATABASE ROLE;' FROM DBA VIEWS WHERE
OWNER=UPPER('&&AGA USERNAME')
   UNION
   SELECT 'GRANT SELECT ON '||OWNER||'.'||VIEW NAME||' TO &&PLATFORM USERNAME;' FROM DBA VIEWS WHERE OWNER=UPPER('&&AGA USERNAME')
   UNION
   SELECT 'GRANT SELECT ON '||OWNER||'."'||VIEW NAME||'" TO &&PLATFORM USERNAME WITH GRANT OPTION;' FROM DBA VIEWS WHERE
OWNER='&&AGA USERNAME'
   UNION
   SELECT 'GRANT EXECUTE ON '||OWNER||'.'||OBJECT NAME||' TO &&AGA DATABASE_ROLE;' FROM DBA_PROCEDURES WHERE
OWNER=UPPER('&&AGA USERNAME') AND OBJECT TYPE<>'PACKAGE' AND OBJECT TYPE<>'TYPE' AND OBJECT TYPE<>'TRIGGER'
   UNION
   SELECT 'GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE ON '||OWNER||'.'||TABLE NAME||' TO &&MG DATABASE ROLE;' FROM DBA TABLES WHERE
OWNER=UPPER('&&MG USERNAME')
   SELECT 'GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE ON '||OWNER||'.'||VIEW NAME||' TO &&MG DATABASE ROLE;' FROM DBA VIEWS WHERE
OWNER=UPPER('&&MG USERNAME')
   UNION
   SELECT 'GRANT EXECUTE ON '||OWNER||'.'||OBJECT NAME||' TO &&MG DATABASE ROLE;' FROM DBA PROCEDURES WHERE OWNER=UPPER('&&MG USERNAME')
AND OBJECT TYPE<>'PACKAGE' AND OBJECT TYPE<>'TYPE' AND OBJECT TYPE<>'TRIGGER'
   UNION
   SELECT 'GRANT SELECT ON '||OWNER||'.'||OBJECT NAME||' TO &&MG DATABASE ROLE;' FROM DBA OBJECTS WHERE OWNER=UPPER('&&MG USERNAME') AND
OBJECT TYPE='SEQUENCE'
   UNION
   SELECT 'GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE ON '||OWNER||'."'||TABLE NAME||'" TO &&PLATFORM DATABASE ROLE;' FROM DBA TABLES WHERE
OWNER=UPPER('&&PLATFORM USERNAME')
   UNION
   SELECT 'GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE ON '||OWNER||'.'||VIEW NAME||' TO &&PLATFORM DATABASE ROLE;' FROM DBA VIEWS WHERE
OWNER=UPPER('&&PLATFORM USERNAME')
   AND VIEW NAME NOT IN (SELECT VIEW NAME FROM DBA VIEWS WHERE OWNER=UPPER('&AGA USERNAME')) AND VIEW NAME NOT LIKE '%REAL TIME%' AND
VIEW NAME NOT LIKE '%LOGICAL CONTROLLER%' AND VIEW NAME NOT LIKE '%DS SERVICE MEMBER%'
    AND VIEW NAME NOT LIKE 'AGENT SKILL GROUP REAL TIME%' AND VIEW NAME NOT LIKE 'INTERACTION QUEUE REAL TIME%' AND VIEW NAME NOT LIKE
'SKILL GROUP%' AND VIEW NAME NOT LIKE 'CALL TYPE%'
   AND VIEW NAME NOT LIKE 'SERVICE%' AND VIEW NAME NOT LIKE 'INTERACTION QUEUE%' AND VIEW NAME NOT LIKE 'PERIPHERAL%' AND VIEW NAME NOT
```

```
LIKE 'CONTROLLER TIME%'AND VIEW NAME NOT LIKE 'QUEUE SET%'
   UNION
   SELECT 'GRANT SELECT ON '||OWNER||'.'||VIEW NAME||' TO &&PLATFORM DATABASE ROLE;' FROM DBA VIEWS WHERE
OWNER=UPPER('&&PLATFORM USERNAME')
   AND (VIEW NAME IN (SELECT VIEW NAME FROM DBA VIEWS WHERE OWNER=UPPER('&&AGA USERNAME')) OR VIEW NAME LIKE '%REAL TIME%' OR VIEW NAME
LIKE '%LOGICAL CONTROLLER%' OR VIEW NAME LIKE '%DS SERVICE MEMBER%'
   OR VIEW NAME LIKE 'AGENT SKILL GROUP REAL TIME%' OR VIEW NAME LIKE 'INTERACTION QUEUE REAL TIME%' OR VIEW NAME LIKE 'SKILL GROUP%' OR
VIEW NAME LIKE 'CALL TYPE%'
   OR VIEW NAME LIKE 'SERVICE%' OR VIEW NAME LIKE 'INTERACTION QUEUE%' OR VIEW NAME LIKE 'PERIPHERAL%' OR VIEW NAME LIKE
'CONTROLLER TIME%'OR VIEW NAME LIKE 'QUEUE SET%')
   UNION
   SELECT DISTINCT 'GRANT EXECUTE ON '||OWNER||'.'||OBJECT_NAME||' TO &&PLATFORM_DATABASE_ROLE;' FROM DBA_PROCEDURES WHERE
OWNER=UPPER('&&PLATFORM USERNAME')AND OBJECT_TYPE='PACKAGE'
   SELECT 'GRANT EXECUTE ON '||OWNER||'."'||OBJECT NAME||'" TO &&PLATFORM DATABASE ROLE;' FROM DBA PROCEDURES WHERE
OWNER=UPPER('&&PLATFORM USERNAME') AND OBJECT TYPE<>'PACKAGE' AND OBJECT TYPE<>'TYPE' AND OBJECT TYPE<>'TRIGGER'
   AND UPPER(OBJECT NAME) NOT LIKE 'SPBLK%'
   UNION
   SELECT 'GRANT SELECT ON 'IIOWNERII'.'IIOBJECT NAMEII' TO &&PLATFORM DATABASE ROLE:' FROM DBA OBJECTS WHERE
OWNER=UPPER('&&PLATFORM USERNAME') AND OBJECT TYPE='SEQUENCE';
   - - 5
   GRANT &&PLATFORM DATABASE ROLE TO &&PLATFORM APPLICATION ROLE;
   GRANT &&AGA DATABASE ROLE TO &&AGA APPLICATION ROLE;
   GRANT &&MG DATABASE ROLE TO &&MG APPLICATION ROLE;
```

#### Reusing Application and Database Roles

If you plan to have several Advisors installations that will use the same Oracle database, you can reuse the roles. You can also reuse the roles in application upgrades.

If you reuse the roles, then the following part can be omitted from section 1.

```
EXEC SYS.XS_PRINCIPAL.CREATE_ROLE(NAME => '&&PLATFORM_APPLICATION_ROLE', ENABLED => TRUE);
EXEC SYS.XS_PRINCIPAL.CREATE_ROLE(NAME => '&&AGA_APPLICATION_ROLE', ENABLED => TRUE);
EXEC SYS.XS_PRINCIPAL.CREATE_ROLE(NAME => '&&MG_APPLICATION_ROLE', ENABLED => TRUE);

CREATE ROLE &&PLATFORM_DATABASE_ROLE;
CREATE ROLE &&AGA_DATABASE_ROLE;
CREATE ROLE &&MG_DATABASE_ROLE;
```