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Web Services and Applications Deployment Guide

Installing and Deploying Cassandra 2.2

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Installing and Deploying Cassandra 2.2

Installing Cassandra

Complete this procedure for each Cassandra node.

Prerequisites

- If you are using Web Services and Application v8.5.2.41 or earlier, a 2.1.4 version of the Cassandra distribution needs to be downloaded first. This package includes the cassandra-cli tool that you need to load the schema into your Cassandra 2.2 cluster.
- You have installed the latest Java SE Development Toolkit 8. For more information, refer to the Java documentation.

Start

- 1. Download the latest 2.2.x version of Cassandra.
- 2. Copy the Cassandra archive to the installation directory. For example, /usr/local
- 3. Use a tar utility to extract the files. For example, tar -zxvf apache-cassandra-2.2.7-bin.tar.gz
- Add directories for data, commitlog, and saved_caches. You can create these directories anywhere or in the default locations configured in the *Cassandra_install_dir/conf/cassandra.yaml* file. For example:
 - /var/lib/cassandra/data
 - /var/lib/cassandra/commitlog
 - /var/lib/cassandra/saved_caches
- 5. Add a directory for logging. You can create this directory anywhere, such as /var/log/cassandra/.

End

Configuring Cassandra

The procedures below describe how to create the Cassandra keyspace for the following scenarios:

- Development: 1 Cassandra node (appropriate for a development or lab environment)
- Single Data Center: 1 data center with a minimum of three Cassandra nodes

Important

For more complex Cassandra deployments, please consult with Genesys

Select a tab below for the procedure that matches your deployment scenario.

Development

Configuring Cassandra (1 Cassandra node)

Important

The files modified in this procedure are typically found in the *Cassandra_install_dir/conf* directory.

Prerequisites

• Installing Cassandra

Start

- 1. Modify the cassandra.yaml file:
 - a. Set seeds to the list of host name of the node. For example: -seeds: "127.0.0.1"
 - b. Set listen_address and rpc_address to the host name.
 - c. Set data_file_directories, commitlog_directory, and saved_caches_directory to the directories you created in Step 4 of Installing Cassandra.
 - d. Set the start_rpc parameter to true.
- 5. Save your changes and close the file.
- 6. Open the **log4j-server.properties** file and set the log4j.appender.R.File property to the directory you created in Step 5 of Installing Cassandra.
- 7. Save your changes and close the file.

End

Single Data Center

Configuring Cassandra (1 data center)

Complete the steps below for each node.

Important

The files modified in this procedure are typically found in the **Cassandra_install_dir/conf** directory.

Prerequisites

Installing Cassandra

Start

- 1. Modify the cassandra.yaml file:
 - a. Set the cluster_name. It must be the same name on all nodes.
 - b. Set the initial_token according to the node's place in ring. It must be one of the following:

Node	#1:	-9223372036854775808
Node	#2:	-3074457345618258603
Node	#3:	3074457345618258602

Important

The tokens shown here can be used for a three-node Cassandra cluster in a single data center. If you are using a different topology or cluster size, consult the Cassandra documentation.

- c. Set seeds to the list of host names of all nodes. For example: -seeds: "node1, node2, node3"
- d. Set listen_address and rpc_address to the host name.
- e. Set data_file_directories, commitlog_directory, and saved_caches_directory to the directories you created in Step 4 of Installing Cassandra.
- f. Change endpoint_snitch to PropertyFileSnitch.
- 7. Save your changes and close the file.
- 8. Open the **log4j-server.properties** file and set the log4j.appender.R.File property to the directory you created in Step 5 of Installing Cassandra.
- 9. Save your changes and close the file.
- 10. Open the **cassandra-topology.properties** file and update for your cluster topology. For each node in your cluster, add the following line:

[node]=[datacenter]:[rack]

Where:

- [node] is the IP address of the node.
- [datacenter] is the name of the data center for this node.
- [rack] is the name of the rack for this node.

The following is a sample **cassandra-topology.properties** file for a Single Data Center scenario:

192.0.2.10=datacenter1:rack1
192.0.2.11=datacenter1:rack1
192.0.2.12=datacenter1:rack1

11. Save your changes and close the file.

End

Verifying the Cassandra installation

Prerequisites

Configuring Cassandra

Start

- 1. Start all Cassandra nodes using the following command: Cassandra_install_dir/bin/cassandra
- 2. Use the nodetool utility to verify that all nodes are connected by entering the following command: *Cassandra_install_dir/bin/nodetool -h Cassandra_host ring*

The following is sample output for a Single Data Center scenario with three Cassandra nodes:

/genesys/apache-cassandra-1.2/bin\$./nodetool ring										
Address	DC	Rack	Status	State	Load	Owns	Token			
192.0.2.10	datacenter1	rack1	Up	Normal	14.97 MB	100.00%	-9223372036854775808			
192.0.2.11	datacenter1	rack1	Up	Normal	14.97 MB	100.00%	-3074457345618258603			
192.0.2.12	datacenter1	rack1	Up	Normal	14.97 MB	100.00%	3074457345618258602			

The following is sample output for a Development scenario with a single Cassandra node:

/genesys/apache-cassandra-2.2/bin\$./nodetool ring Address DC Rack Status State Load Effective-Ownership Token 127.0.0.1 datacenter1 rack1 Up Normal 1.89 MB 100.00% 76880863635469966884037445232169973201

End

Next step

Installing Web Services and Applications