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Genesys Rules Authoring Tool Help

Using Split Testing to Compare Business Rule Outcomes

4/22/2025

Important

Certain features on which Split Testing depends were not implemented in the initial 9.0.000.13 release of GRAT. This functionality is implemented in release 9.0.000.17.

Overview

What problem does A/B/C Split Testing solve?

If your organization has a complex set of rules to define business decision-making, and you want to be able to compare alternative outcomes and scenarios, then rather than just changing a condition and hoping for the best you probably want to phase changes in slowly in order to measure the impact over time.

A/B/C Split Testing (hereafter, **Split Testing**) allows you to compare the business outcomes of alternative rule scenarios before rolling out significant changes to the way you make your business decisions. With Split Testing you can make, test and review changes incrementally to test their effects before committing to a particular change set.

For example, you might want to test several subtle changes in the way applications for credit cards are treated, in order to identify which has the best business outcome. You could split test for one income level against another, or one age range against another, or between different customer segments, or indeed any conditions in your rule package.

Flexible Approaches to Split Testing

Split Testing offers several approaches. For example, you can choose to:

- Unconditionally force either path A or B or C.
- Tie Split Testing to certain conditions (whether the customer is from a particular city, of a certain age, not a Gold customer, and so on).
- Weight the paths for A, B and C by percentage. This allows you to take a more statistical approach and use larger test data sets.
- Tie Split Testing to a business calendar (for example only do split testing on Fridays after 5 PM or Saturday morning 9 AM 12 PM).

Split Testing Template

The GRSSplitTest_template.xml template provides some basic Facts (Conditions and Actions) for the Split Testing feature. To implement the feature, GRAT users must import this template (from the **Samples** folder) and attach it to all rules packages for which the Split Test functionality is required.

Important

The template—GRSSplitTest_template.xml—is shipped with type samples. To use this template with other rule package types, you can import the template into GRAT, change the name (for example, GRSSplitTestForMyType) and the type (to match your rule package type) and publish. Then you can use it with another package type.

Split Test Column in Rule Packages

A Split Test column displays at the rule package level.

	General	Rules	Audit Trail	Package Histo	ry	
Ne	w Decision Table	New Linear Rule	Import Rule			
	ID	Name	Description	Phase	Split Test	,
	Rule-100	by default assign to Sales D		classification	•	

When the Split Test template has been imported into GRAT, this drop-down field will show the values imported from the template (A, B and C are the default values in the shipped template). If the template has not been imported, only the wildcard (*) symbol will be available.

Duplicate (copy and paste) the rule change that you wish to test. On the duplicated rule, make your logic change (for example, adjust the income requirement needed to offer a credit card).

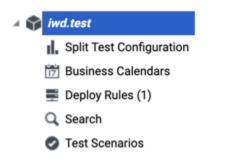
Mark the original rule as "A" and the new rule as "B" by selecting from the "Split Test" column.

Once "A", or "B" is selected, the rows color-code for easier viewing. The wildcard symbol (*) means that the Split Test condition is ignored, so this rule will always fire.

The rules marked as "A" or "B" (or "C") will fire according to the logic in the Split Test Configuration. For example, you can weight the distribution such that "A" fires 75% of the time and "B" fires 25% of the time, etc. See the next section on Split Test Configuration for more options.

Split Test Configuration Node

A Split Test Configuration node appears in the left navigation tree. You can use this node to create (and display existing) Split Test rules that will apply at the rule package level. In rules created under this node, the **Split Test** column is hidden to avoid confusion.



What Can I Do with Split Test Rules?

Unconditionally force either path A or B or C

In rules created under this node, the splitTestValue can be selected as a Parameter for the rule. You can use this simple rule to force the Split Test path to any of the values in the template (the default shipped values in the template are A, B and C, but you can change these in the template if required).

	Rules		Aud	it Trail								
New	Decision Table		New Li	near Rule		Import Rule		More	•			
	ID		Nam	e		Descriptio	n		Phase	,		alendar
6	Rule-100	Set S	olit Path D	efault								
	Rule-102	Distri	oute Split	Test	25%	A, 25% B, 50% C						
Add	Condition	~	Add	Action	¥	Group	~					
Add Section			Add .	Action	~	Group	~					
Sectio				Action	~		~					
Sectio				Action	•		~					
Sectio When		Expr		Action	~		v					
Sectio When	n	Expr		Action			v					
Sectio When	n	Expr		Action			v					

Tie Split Testing to a Condition

To add more flexibility and precision to your use of Split Test rules, you can add to your rule any other condition available from the template(s) attached to the rule package. The example below has lower and upper age limits:

Add Cor	ndition v	Add Action	~	Group	~
Section	Expres	sion	Pa	rameters	
When					
	Age is between		21		and
Then					
	Set Split Path to		A		

Weight the paths for A, B and C by percentage

You could add a condition to perform Weighted Distribution Split Testing. In this example the Split Test rule distributes the incoming rule evaluation requests across the A, B and C paths in the percentage proportions 25/25/50. This should look something like this:

Add Con	dition ~	Add Action	√ Grouj	· ·
Section	Exp	ression	Paramete	5
When				
Then				
	Split weight distribut	ution:	25	3.4

Tie Split Testing to a Business Calendar

You can also tie Split Testing to a Business Calendar. For example, you might prefer to keep Split Testing outside normal business hours, or maybe run Split Testing in response to specific customer offers or other commercial events. To do this you can either use an existing Business Calendar or create a new one for your specific purpose. You then add this calendar to the rule to which you want to apply Split Testing.

So, when the parameters set for the Business Calendar apply, the weighted Split Testing begins and ends automatically.

	Rules	Audit Trail						
New	Decision Table	New Linear Rule	Import Rule	More	~			
	ID	Name	Description		Phase	Calendar	Pending Sr	napshot
	Rule-100	Set Split Path Default					0	
2	Rule-102	Distribute Split Test	25% A, 25% B, 50% C	·		WeekendSplitTest	0	
Add (Condition	✓ Add Action	~ Group	v				
Add C Section		Add Action Expression	Group Parameters	~				
				•				
Section	•			•	/			
Section	•	Expression		•				

Using Test Scenarios to Check Your Split Test Logic

GRAT's Test Scenario feature allows you to run pre-deployment checks on the logic of any rule package that you want to deploy. Because A/B/C Split Testing enables an additional level of logic to be built into a rule package, it's advisable to run more complex Split Test logic through a Test Scenario before deploying it to a production rules engine.

Example

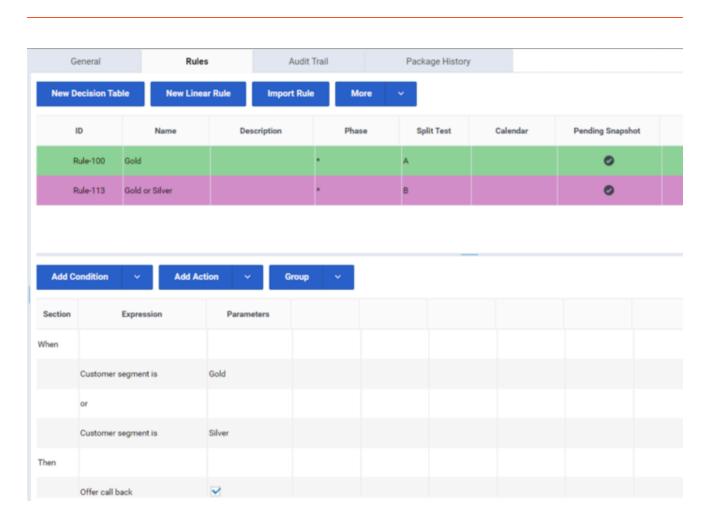
1. You have a simple Call Treatment rule which states that only Gold customers will be offered a callback.

General		Rule	5	Aud	lit Trail	Pa	ckage History		
New Decisio	n Table	New Lines	r Rule	Import R	ule Ma	ore ~			
ID		Name	De	scription	Phas	e :	Split Test	Calendar	Pending Snapshot
Rule-10	0 Gold				•	•			0
Add Condition			lon					_	
Add Conditio					p v				
Add Condition		Add Act		Grou	p v				
					p v				
Section		ession			p ~				
Section	Expr	ession	Paran		p ~				

2. You want to test what would happen if you started offering callback to Gold and Silver customers. You decide you want to test this change by integrating it in for only 50% of the calls. So, you make the standard rule split test \mathbf{A} :

G	eneral		Rules	1	Au	dit Trail		Package H	istory			
New D	ecision Tat	ble	New Lines	r Rule	Import F	Rule	More	~				
	ID		Name	De	scription	1	hase	Split Test	t (Calendar	Pending Snap	shot
F	Rule-100	Gold				•		A			0	
Add C	ondition	~	Add Act	ion ~	Gro	up Y						
	ondition	• Express			Grow	up V						
Section	ondition					up V						
Add Co Section hen	ondition Customer	Expres	sion			up V						

3. The next step is to copy and paste the rule. Make the second rule split test **B**, then change the rule logic to allow **Gold** or **Silver**:



4. Next, create a simple Split Test rule, which will determine when to use rule **A** and when to use rule **B**. In this use case, you want this distributed 50% **A** and 50% **B**. So, select the action Split weight distribution 50% A, 50% B and 0% C. This action is provided in the Split Test example template.

	Rules		Audit Tra	ail							
New D	Decision Tab	ole	New Linear	r Rule	Import Rul	e M	ore ~				
	ID	N	lame	Descri	ption	Pha	50	Calenda	ar	Pending Snapshot	Start Date
1	Rule-107	Split Test	Rule			•				0	
Add C	Condition	×	Add Acti	on v	Group	~					
Section		Expression	n	Paramet	ers						
When											
Then											
	Split weigh	t distributio	in:	50	%A		50	%B		0	%C

5. Now, create a test scenario to test the changes. In this case, if the customer is **Gold**, you expect to always offer a callback. If the customer is **Silver**, you expect to offer a callback 50% of the time:

				_								
	Test Se	cenario	s									
New	Test Scenari	io	Run Test Sc	enario	Run All	1	mport T	est Scenario		More 🗸		
	ID		Name		Description			Phase	Bus	iness Hierarchy	Simulated Date	Simulated Time
TS-10	03	Test							•			
Add G	Given	~	Add Expectat	tion	∽ Add i	Row						
ID	Name		Results		pCustomerSeg	ment	۰	pOfferCallBac	k 🔾			Actio
TSR-104				G	old					$\circ \circ \circ$		
TSR-105				s	ilver			•		$\circ \circ \circ$		

6. If you now run the test scenario multiple times, you will see that 50% of the time you get a green light on the Silver (indicating that you offered a callback) and 50% of the time you get a red light (indicating that you did not offer a callback):

First run

	Test S	cenario	5										
New T	'est Scenar	io	Run Test Sc	enario	Run All	Import	Test Scenario	More	*				
	D		Name		Description		Phase	Business Hierarchy	Simulated Date	Simulated Time	Time Zone	Result	Action
TS-10	3	Test									(UTC+0) Greenwich Mean Time : GN	0	•
Add G	iven	~	Add Expecta	ion 🔻	Add Ro			_			u	ndo	Redo
Add G	iven Name		Add Expecta Results		Add Ro pCustomerSegme		pOfferCallBac	ik O Actions			th	udu	Redo
							pOfferCallBac	ck O Actions			U.	do	Redo

Second run

	Test Sc	enarios											
New To	est Scenari		Run Test Sc	enario	Run All	Import 1	Test Scenario	More	~				
1	D		Name		Description		Phase	Business Hierarch	Simulated Date	Simulated Time	Time Zone	Result	Actions
TS-103	3	Test									(UTC+0) Greenwich Mean Time : GR	•	•
Add Gi	iven v		Add Expecta	ion	~ Add Ro	w					U	ndo	Redo
	iven -		Add Expectat	ion	 Add Ro pCustomerSegme 		pOfferCallBac	ck 🗢 Actions			u	ndo	Redo
Add Gr ID R-104				lon Gold	pCustomerSegme		pOfferCallBac	ck O Actions	5		U	ndo	Redo

7. After testing that the A/B/C split logic is correct, you can deploy your rule package. At this point, the A/B/C split logic will run as you have it configured during normal rule evaluation. To adjust the A/B/C configuration (for example, make the **A** path 25% instead of 50% and the **B** path 75% instead of 25% and so on), you must make the changes in GRAT and then redeploy the rule package.

Allowing an Application to Override Split Test Configuration Rules

In addition to setting the A/B/C path in the Split Test Configuration section, it is possible for the invoking application (GVP, IVR, ORS and so on) to set the value. This can either be used as a default, or can be used to override the logic in the Split Test Configuration.

The application can pass in the split test value in the **_GRS_Environment** fact (field name: **splitTestPath**).

If you want the invoking application to be able to override the normal logic in Split Test Configuration, then you can simply add the Split Test Path is not set condition to your rule.

Add Cor	ndition	~	Add Action	*	Group	*
Section		Expr	ession		Parameters	
When						
	Split test	path is not	set			
Then						
	Set Split I	Path to		A		

This condition will check whether the value has already been passed in by the invoking application. If it has been passed in, then the Split Test logic will be bypassed. If not, then the normal Split Test rule logic will apply.