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Conversation Rules Templates Guide

Working with Composer's Business Rule Block

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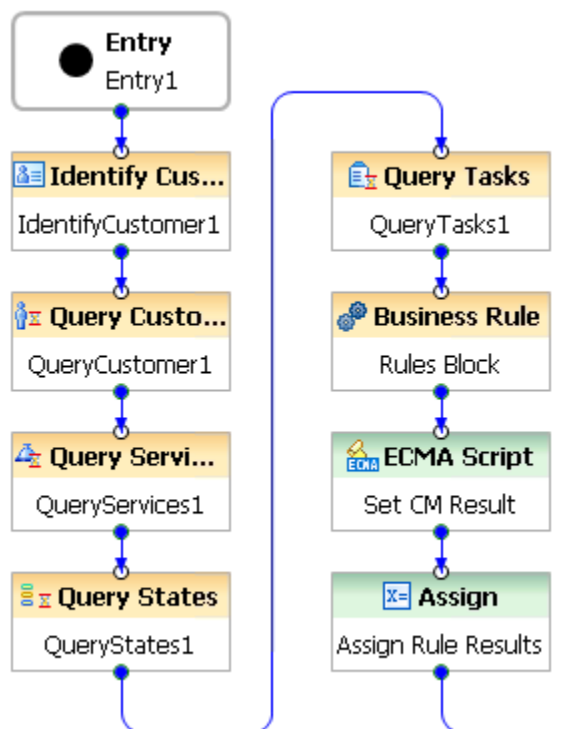
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Summary

Once the Rule Packages (created from Rule Templates) that you want to work with are deployed to the Genesys Rules Engine, you can use the Business Rule block on the Server Side palette to create voice and routing applications that use business rules.

Use this block to have Composer query the Genesys Rules Authoring Tool (GRAT) for deployed packages. For the Rule Package that you specify, Composer will query the GRAT for the Facts associated with the Rule Package. You can then set values for the Facts, call the Genesys Rules Engine for evaluation, and save the results in a variable.

Simple Workflow



In this typical workflow:

1. The **Identify Customer** block is used to identify the customer based on certain search criteria, such as ANI.
2. The **Query Customer** block is used to pull out the customer profile data.
3. The **Query Services** block is called to pull any related services for this customer.

4. The **Query States** block is called to pull the states related to a particular service.
5. The **Query Task** block is called to pull the tasks associated with a particular service or state.
6. The **Business Rule** block may be placed anywhere in the workflow/callflow, assuming the data needed for the rules called by the Business Rule block have already been fetched.
7. The **Assign** block enables the workflow to access all the different decisions of the CM rule package. The decision(s) requested by the Business Rule block and made by the Rules Engine are returned to the workflow/callflow which carries them out. The GRS does not actually execute the decisions (e.g. update the customer profile, transfer to agent, an so on).

User Variables in the Workflow

In this example workflow, the following user variables have been defined to retrieve data necessary for, as well as demonstrate the various decisions made by, the CM rules.

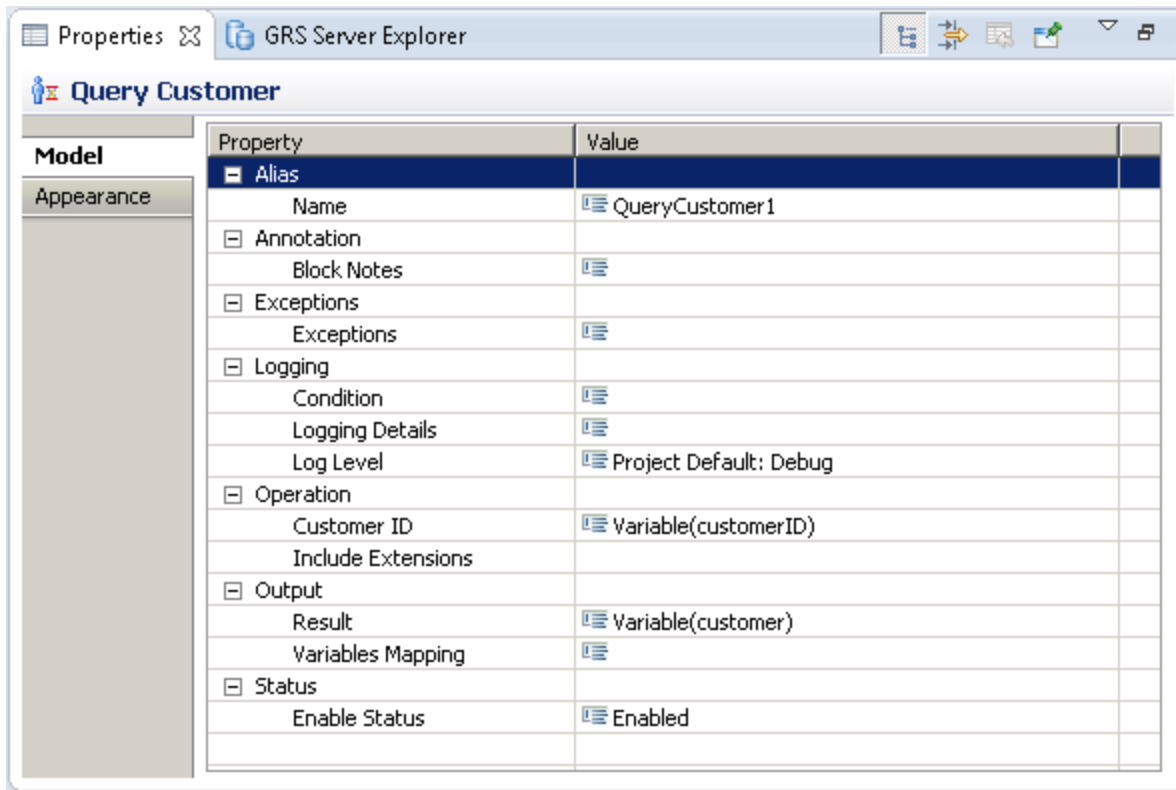
Variable Name	Default Value	Expected Type	Description
customer	undefined	JSON object	Customer profile data as returned by Query Customer block.
services	undefined	JSON array	Services of the customer as returned by Query Services block.
states	undefined	JSON array	States of a particular service as returned by Query States block.
tasks	undefined	JSON array	Tasks of a particular service or state as returned by Query Tasks block. (In Context Services, Tasks may be associated with service or state.)
contractEndDate	undefined	String	Contract end date timestamp string in the format of 2014-07-14T13:23:35.392Z.
mediaType	undefined	String	Media type of the current interaction.
businessRulesResultObject	undefined	JSON object	Output of Business Rules block.
customerID	undefined	String	ID of the customer as returned by Identify Customer block.
serviceID	undefined	String	ID of a service of the customer to use in Query States and Query Tasks blocks.
stateID	undefined	String	ID of a state of a service

Variable Name	Default Value	Expected Type	Description
			of the customer to use in Query Task block. (Not used when querying tasks associated with service.)
cmResults	undefined	JSON object	Results from CM rules. This is extracted from businessRulesResultObject for easier access.
updatedFields	undefined	JSON object	CM Rules decision: Customer profile fields to update. Each key-value pair of this object correspond to a contact attribute. This is extracted from cmResults for easier access later in the workflow.
offerServiceResumption	false	Boolean	CM Rules decision: Whether to offer service resumption to customer. This is extracted from cmResults for easier access later in the workflow.
offerSurvey	false	Boolean	CM Rules decision: Whether to offer survey to customer. This is extracted from cmResults for easier access later in the workflow.
blockCommunication	false	Boolean	CM Rules decision: Whether to block further communication to customer. This is extracted from cmResults for easier access later in the workflow.
sendCommunication	undefined	String	CM Rules decision: Which media type to use for further communication with customer. This is extracted from cmResults for easier access later in the workflow.
requestedAgent	undefined	String	CM Rules decision:

Variable Name	Default Value	Expected Type	Description
			Which particular agent to route this customer to. This is extracted from cmResults for easier access later in the workflow.
requestedAgentGroup	undefined	String	CM Rules decision: Which agent group to route this customer to. This is extracted from cmResults for easier access later in the workflow.
requestedPlaceGroup	undefined	String	CM Rules decision: Which place group to route this customer to. This is extracted from cmResults for easier access later in the workflow.
requestedSkill	undefined	String	CM Rules decision: Which skill to route this customer to. This is extracted from cmResults for easier access later in the workflow.

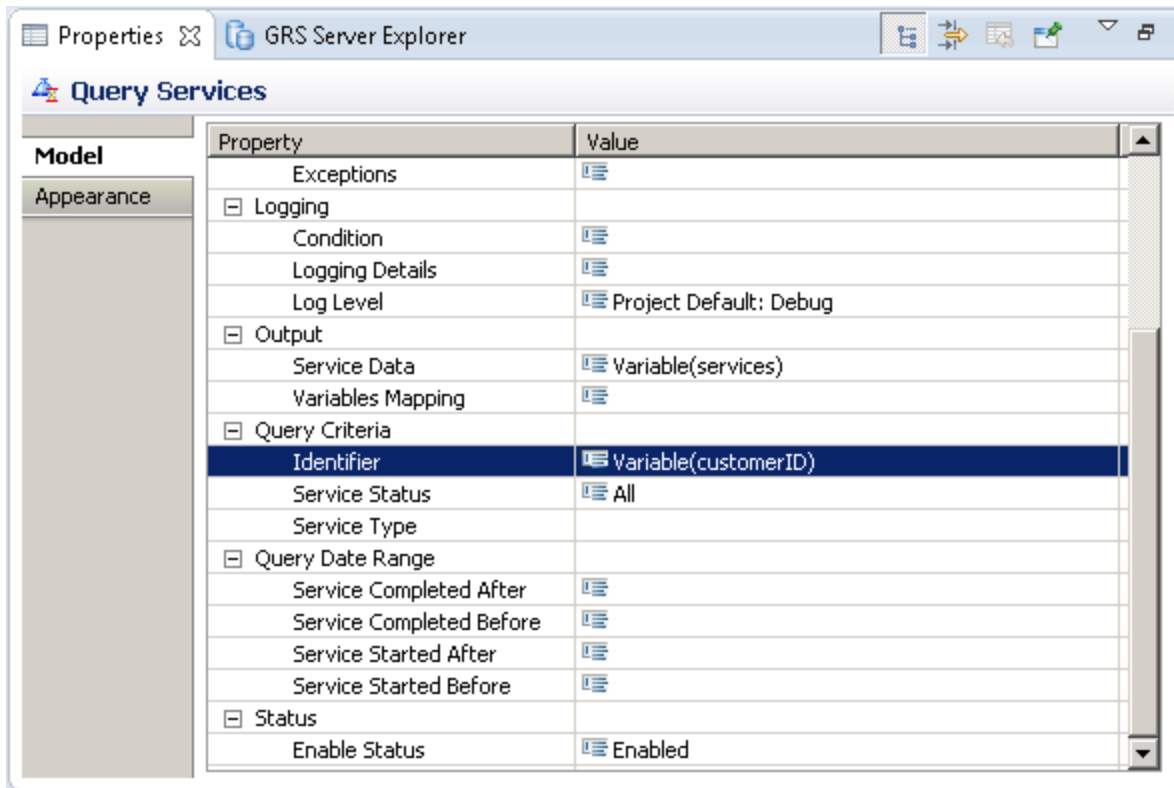
Query Customer Block

This is the Query Customer block. Note the Output: Result is stored in the user variable customer.



Query Services Block

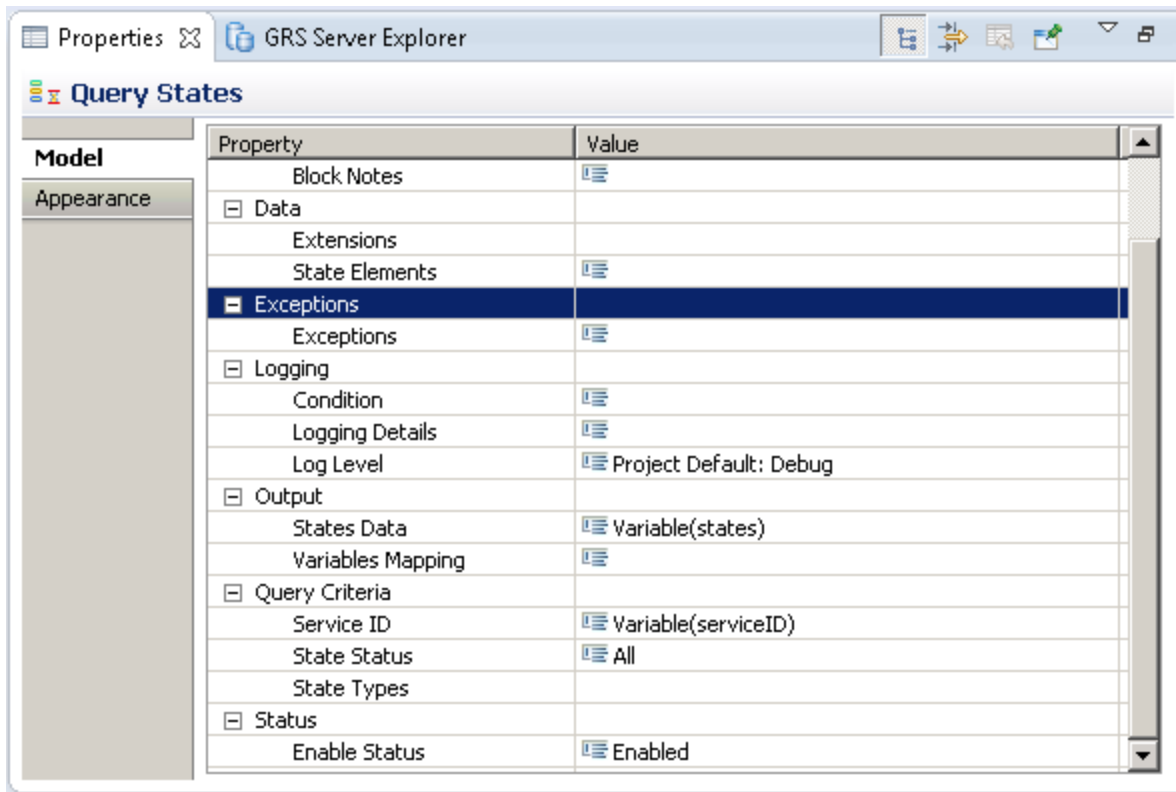
The following is the **Query Services** block.

**Notes:**

- The result Output—Service Data is stored in user variable services.
- Query Criteria—Identifier is set to customerID, meaning we are querying services of the identified customer.
- Query Criteria—Service Status is set to All to ensure both conditions for active services and completed services can be correctly checked.
- Query Criteria—Service Type is not set, ensuring services of all service types are returned for service type-related rule conditions.
- No Query Date Range is set, which is needed for date checking service conditions.

Query States Block

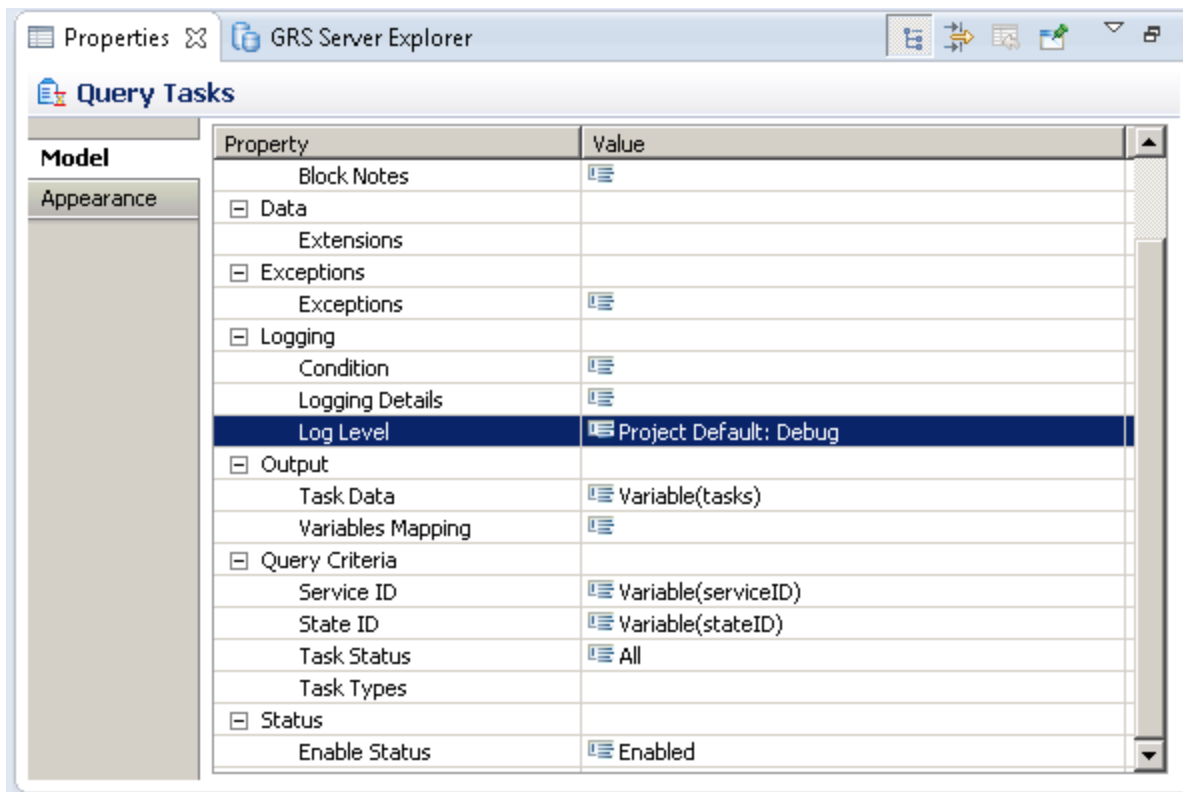
The following is the **Query States** block.

**Notes:**

- The result Output—States Data is stored in user variable states.
- Query Criteria—Service ID is set to serviceID, which should be previously extracted from **Query Services** results.
- Query Criteria—State Status is set to All to ensure both conditions for active states and completed states can be correctly checked.
- Query Criteria—State Types is not set, ensuring states of all state types are returned for state type-related rule conditions.
- Since Query States may only fetch states of a single service, the current CM template expects all states supplied are associated with a single service. If states of multiple services are aggregated to a CM rule package, the rules may not behave as expected.

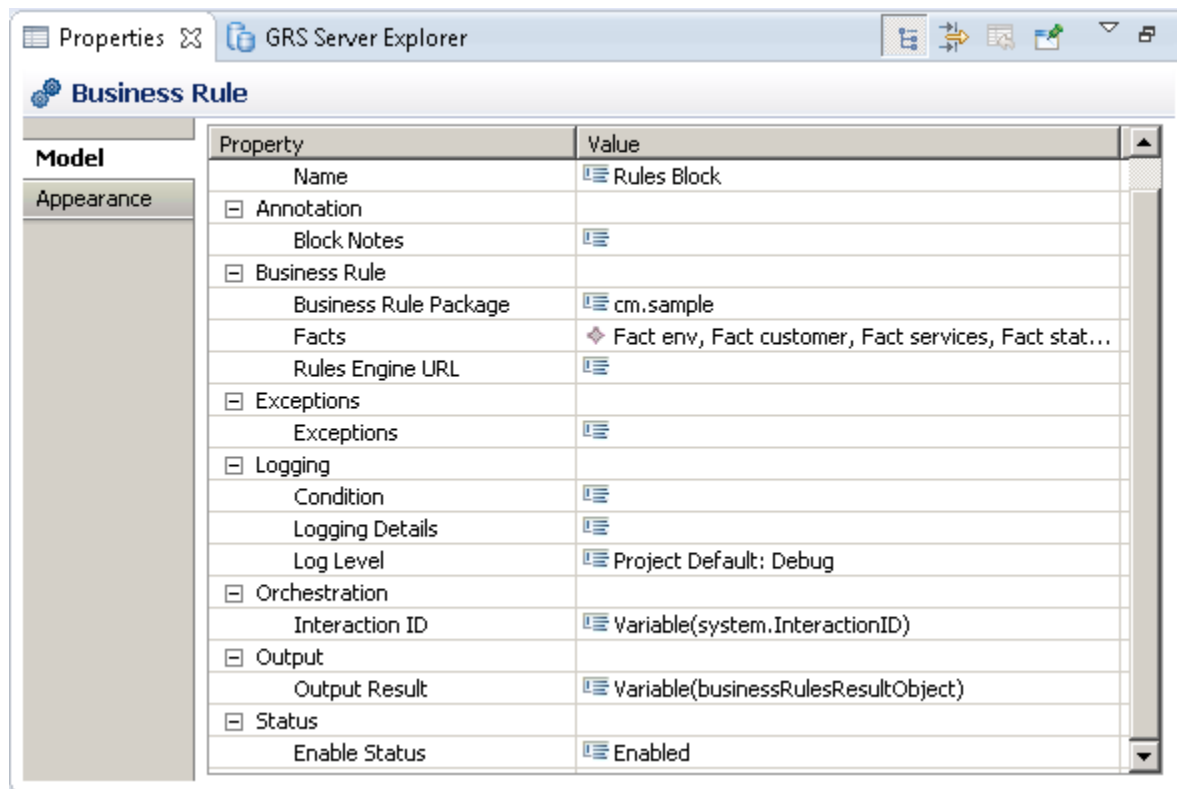
Query Tasks Block

The following is the **Query Tasks** block.

**Notes:**

- The result Output—Task Data is stored in user variable tasks.
- Query Criteria—Service ID is set to serviceID, which should be previously extracted from **Query Services** results.
- Query Criteria—State ID is set to stateID, which should be previously extracted from **Query States** results. This field may be omitted when querying tasks associated with a service.
- Query Criteria—Task Status is set to All to ensure both conditions for active tasks and completed tasks can be correctly checked.
- Query Criteria—Task Types is not set, ensuring tasks of all task types are returned for task type-related rule conditions.
- Since **Query Tasks** may only fetch tasks of a single service or state, the current CM template expects all tasks supplied are associated with a single service or state. If tasks of multiple services/states are aggregated to a CM rule package, the rules may not behave as expected.

Business Rules Block



Notes:

- The **Business Rule** block is where GRS is invoked in the workflow/callflow. Before configuring this block, a rule package using the CM template should already be authored and deployed to GRE.
- Business Rule Package is the name of the rule package. This is chosen from a list of all deployed rule packages on the GRE specified in **Windows -> Preferences**.
- Output Result is copied to user variable businessRulesResultObject.
- Facts brings up a list of all facts to send to GRE. See below for further detail.

Facts

_GRS_Environment

Facts
Create a list of facts to pass to the rule package execution.

Fact Name: env

Fact Class: _GRS_Environment

Name	Data Type	Value
phase	string	
businessContext_Level1	string	
businessContext_Level2	string	
businessCalendarId	string	

Test >> OK Cancel

The `_GRS_Environment` fact class is available to rules packages of all types, this fact class is for storing global environment variables.

com.genesys.brs.api.RulesResults

Fact class `com.genesys.brs.api.RulesResults` is a placeholder for storing results from GRE. It is required for CM rule packages. No value should be set for the data field.

Fact Name: results

Fact Class: com.genesyslab.brs.api.RulesResults

Name	Data Type	Value
data	custom	

Test >> OK Cancel

com.genesyslab.brs.api.CustomerProfile

Fact class `com.genesyslab.brs.api.CustomerProfile` provides the customer profile from **Query Customer** block to GRE. It is required only if customer-related conditions are used; otherwise it is ignored. If it is not provided, all customer-related conditions are considered failed.

In this example, the value of `JSONObject` is set to the user variable `customer`, which was previously

populated by **Query Customer** block.

Fact Name	customer	
Fact Class	com.genesyslab.brs.api.CustomerProfile	
Name	Data Type	Value
JSONObject	custom	customer

com.genesyslab.brs.api.Services

Fact class com.genesyslab.brs.api.Services provides services from **Query Services** block to GRE. It is only required if service-related conditions are used; otherwise it is ignored. If it is not provided, all service-related conditions are considered failed.

In this example, the services field is set to the user variable services, which was previously populated by **Query Services** block.

Fact Name	services	
Fact Class	com.genesyslab.brs.api.Services	
Name	Data Type	Value
services	custom	services

com.genesyslab.brs.api.States

Fact class com.genesyslab.brs.api.States provides the states from **Query States** block to GRE. It is required only if state-related conditions are used; otherwise it is ignored. If it is not provided, all state-related conditions are considered failed. In this example, the states field is set to the user variable states, which was previously populated by **Query States** block.

Fact Name	states	
Fact Class	com.genesyslab.brs.api.States	
Name	Data Type	Value
states	custom	states

com.genesyslab.brs.api.Tasks

Fact class `com.genesyslab.brs.api.Tasks` provides the states from **Query Tasks** block to GRE. It is required only if task-related conditions are used; otherwise it is ignored. If it is not provided, all task-related conditions are considered failed. In this example, the `tasks` field is set to the user variable `tasks`, which was previously populated by **Query Tasks** block.

Fact Name tasks		
Fact Class com.genesyslab.brs.api.Tasks		
Name	Data Type	Value
task	custom	tasks

Interaction

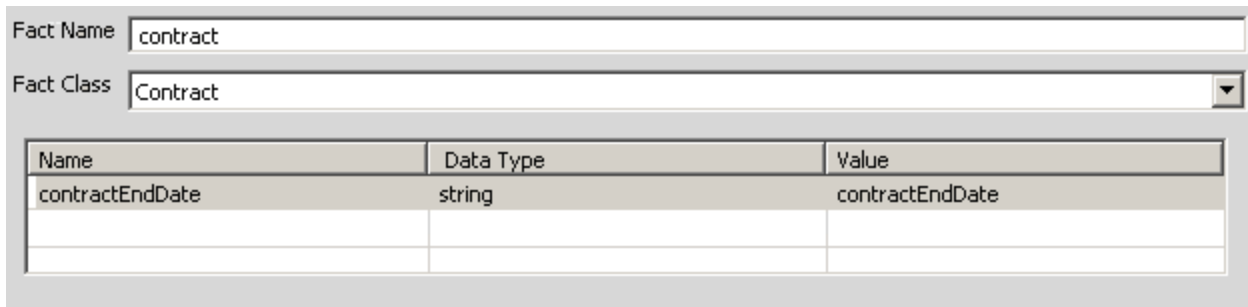
Fact class `Interaction` provides the media type of the current interaction to GRE. It is required only if media type-related conditions are used; otherwise it is ignored. If it is not provided, all media type-related conditions are considered failed. In this example, the `mediaType` field is set to the user variable `mediaType`, which is not actually populated in previous blocks in the current workflow. In normal usage, the user variable for providing media type to this fact should either be pre-populated in a previous block, or hard-coded based on the workflow (for example, if this workflow is only executed for voice).

Fact Name interaction		
Fact Class Interaction		
Name	Data Type	Value
mediaType	string	mediaType

Contract

Fact class **Contract** provides the contract end date of the user to GRE. It is only required if contract-related conditions are used; otherwise it is ignored. If it is not provided, all contract-related conditions are considered failed.

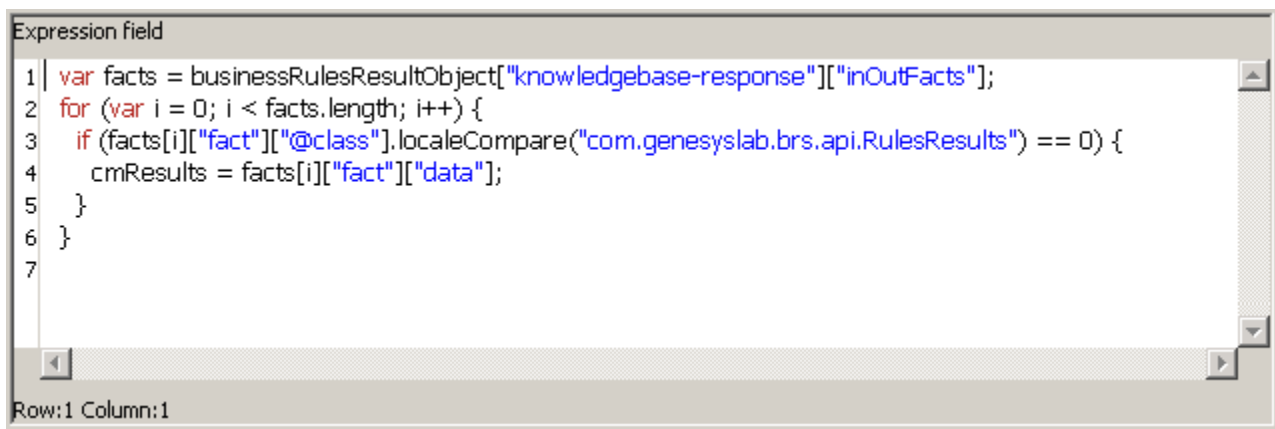
In this example, the `contractEndDate` field is set to the user variable `contractEndDate`, which is not actually populated in previous blocks in the current workflow. In normal usage, the user variable for providing contract end date to this fact should be pre-populated in a previous block (for example, calculated based on service start date and pre-configured contract length, fetched from external services).



Name	Data Type	Value
contractEndDate	string	contractEndDate

ECMA Script Block

The purpose of this ECMA Script block is to extract the decisions/recommendations of the CM rule package from `businessRulesResultObject` (output of Business Rule block) into the user variable `cmResults`. It is not absolutely necessary, but as `businessRulesResultObject` contains all the input to the Business Rule block, and actual results of the CM rule package are buried in deep.



```
1 | var facts = businessRulesResultObject["knowledgebase-response"]["inOutFacts"];
2 | for (var i = 0; i < facts.length; i++) {
3 |   if (facts[i]["fact"]["@class"].localeCompare("com.genesyslab.brs.api.RulesResults") == 0) {
4 |     cmResults = facts[i]["fact"]["data"];
5 |   }
6 | }
7 |
```

Row:1 Column:1

Assign Block

The purpose of this block is to demonstrate how to access all the different decisions of the CM rule package. Notice all results are in the `rule_results` field of `cmResults`, and the `updated_fields` field of `cmResults` stores any customer profile updates.

In this example, the Boolean values are assigned either true or false even if the rule package did not make any decision. If the `=== true` part is removed, the value would be undefined if no decision was made by the rule package one way or another, which, depending on the situation, could be a valid branch for a **Branching** block.

