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Genesys Intelligent Automation Help

Message Block

Contents

- [1 Message Block](#)
 - [1.1 Adding this block to the callflow](#)
 - [1.2 Using variables](#)
 - [1.3 Using shock absorbers](#)
 - [1.4 Using rich media with this block](#)

Message Block



You use **Message** blocks to play a message to the caller. These messages consist of one or more prompts, using either prerecorded audio or Text To Speech (TTS).

Adding this block to the callflow

To add and configure **Message** blocks to a callflow:

1. Drag and drop the **Message** block onto the appropriate position in the callflow.
2. Double-click the **Message** block to open its properties.
3. In the **Prompts** tab, add a message to be played to callers, either by:
 - Entering TTS text in the **Prompt Wording** text box.
 - Clicking **Upload an Audio File** to select a prerecorded audio file. After the file uploads, you can click **Preview Prompt** to listen to the audio file.
4. Click **Update**.

New message 1 edit title

▶ Add Description

Prompts Shock Absorber Preferences

Prompt Wording

This is my message.

Prompt Ref: 0035

Upload an Audio File

Preview Prompt

Add Another Prompt

Update Cancel

When configuring the prompts, enter Standard Responses, defined in UCS, in the following format:

StandardResponse:<text of response as defined in UCS>:Any fallback text

Important

The **fallback** field for the Standard Response is mandatory. See [Standard Responses](#) for configuring Standard Responses.

Using variables

You can configure prompts to reference variables that store dynamic data, such as account summaries or customer names. When you deploy the application, these variables are replaced with call-specific data.

Variables are created automatically by some prebuilt modules. For example, Payment Capture modules create variables such as **PaymentAmount** to store dynamic data about how much money the customer has chosen to pay.

You might also see variables when data is returned from a web service, or if you choose to set variables manually by using **Script** blocks.

To add a variable to a prompt, you must enter it using square-bracket notation. For example: Your account number is [digits:AccountNumber].

Important

For more information on using variables, refer to the [Script](#) block page or the [dynamic data](#) section on the Prompts page.

Using shock absorbers

You can also add a Shock Absorber rule to a **Message** block, in which you state the message is only played to a particular subset of callers, or only played for a limited period of time. In other words, a Shock Absorber enables you to only play this message if the call meets specific conditions.

For example, if your contact center becomes unexpectedly busy, you can use a Shock Absorber to notify callers that wait times might be longer than usual.

Important

The ability to add a Shock Absorber depends on your license. Contact your Genesys representative for more information.

To add a Shock Absorber to a **Message** block:

1. Click a **Message** block to open its properties.
2. Click the **Shock Absorber** tab.
3. Enable the **Make this Message Conditional** check box to enable the Shock Absorber.
4. In the **Only play the message if** menu, select and then configure one of the following conditions:
 - **Variable** - Enable the Shock Absorber based on whether the specified variable (including attached

data fields) has a specified value.

- **Dialled Number** - Enable the Shock Absorber based on the number that the caller dialed (DNIS).
 - **CLI** - Enable the Shock Absorber based on the number from which the caller has dialed.
 - **Test Call Flag** - Enable the Shock Absorber based on whether this is a test call or a production call.
 - **Recent Failure Flag** - Enable the Shock Absorber based on whether there has been a recent failure in the callflow.
 - **Random Percentage** - Enable the Shock Absorber for a specified percentage of callers. For example, you can direct 50 percent of callers down a particular path to help split the call volume between two phone transfer points.
 - **Last Result** - Enable the Shock Absorber based on the result from the block previous to this **Message** block (for example, success or error).
 - **Number of Calls** ... - Enable the Shock Absorber based on the number of calls made by this CLI today or in the last one, two, or four weeks.
 - **Date** - Enable the Shock Absorber for a specific date.
 - **Time** - Enable the Shock Absorber for a specific time.
 - **Date and Time** - Enable the Shock Absorber for a specific date and time.
 - **Current Day of the Week** - Enable the Shock Absorber for a specified day of the week.
5. (Optional) Select the **Enable Automatic Expiration for this Message** check box to specify the length of time for which you want this message to be played. For example, you might configure the Shock Absorber to play this message only if this is the fourth call today from this CLI *and* to only play it for the next week. After a week, the message stops playing, regardless of how many calls come from this CLI. See the graphic below for an example.
 6. Click **Update**.

The screenshot shows a configuration window titled "New message 1" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. Below the title bar, there is a blue header with the text "Add Description" and three tabs: "Prompts", "Shock Absorber" (which is selected), and "Preferences".

Below the tabs, there is a text block: "Use the settings below to turn this message into a conditional Shock Absorber. This means that the message will only be heard by certain callers and/or for a certain length of time."

The "Shock Absorber" section is highlighted with a grey bar and contains the following settings:

- Make this Message Conditional
- Only play the message if is value Add a Condition

The "Automatic Expiration" section is also highlighted with a grey bar and contains the following settings:

- Enable Automatic Expiration for this Message
- Only play this message for the next

At the bottom of the window, there are two buttons: "Update" and "Cancel".

Using rich media with this block

If you are using a chat-based **Persona**, you can add rich media elements to this block by selecting the **Show Rich Media Editor** checkbox, which displays a new section called **Rich Media Editor** below the **Initial** prompt.

Enter the following information:

- **Image**—Enter a URL for an image, or click **Upload a File** to upload an image from your computer.
- **Video**—Enter a URL for a video, or click **Upload a File** to upload a video from your computer. To display a static image before the user plays the video, you must also enter a URL in the **Image** field.

Important

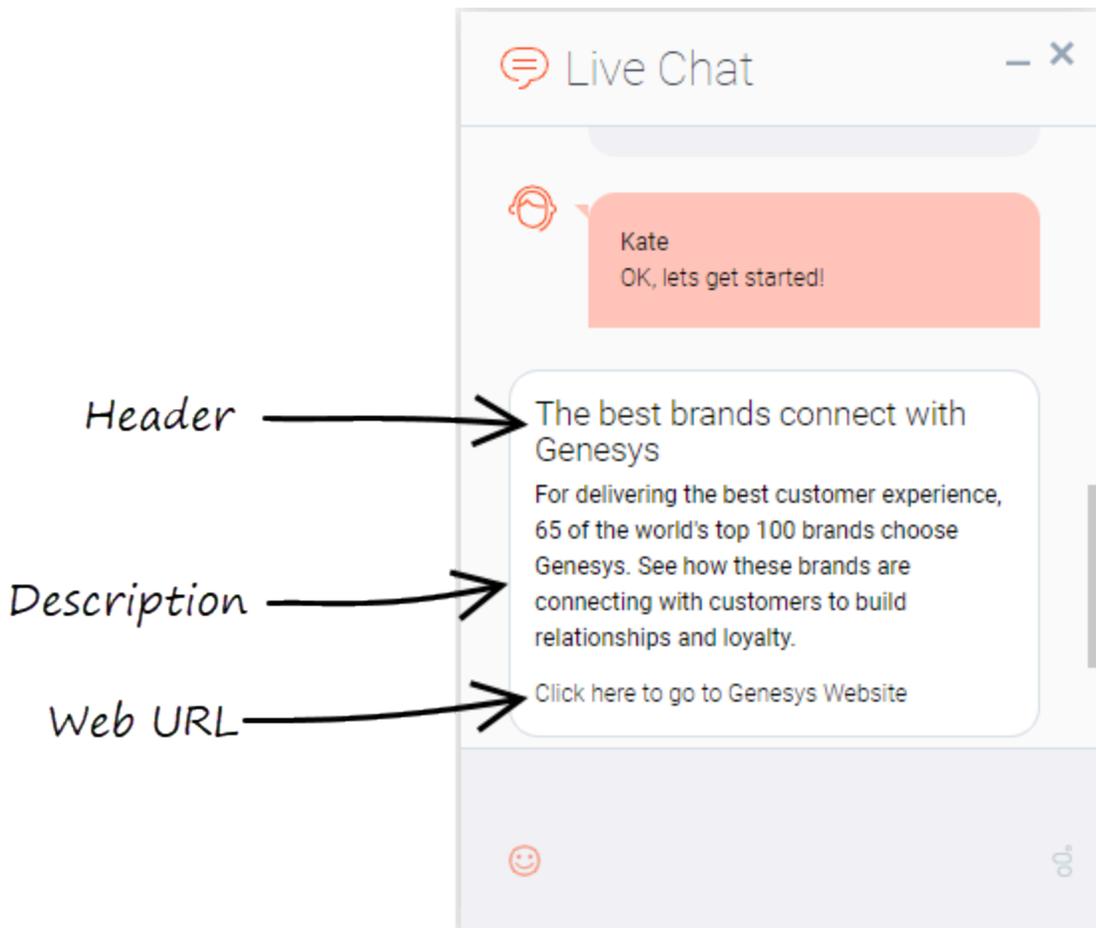
You must click **Update** to preview the image or video that you attached to this rich message.

- **Header**—Enter title text for the rich media message.
- **Description**—Enter description text that appears below the **Header** text.
- **Web URLs**—Enter a web URL that the customer can select to get more information. It must be in this format: [link:URL;Description]. For example: [link:https://www.genesys.com;Genesys]. In the preceding example, *https://www.genesys.com* is the URL that opens if the button is selected, and *Genesys* is the name of the button or link that the customer must select to open the URL.

Important

The appearance of certain elements, such as **Web URL**, depends on the **Rich Media Format** *callflow preference*. For example, the **Text Only** format displays links as text, but **Text and Buttons** displays links as buttons.

The following graphic shows how each element might appear in a typical chat widget. Your chat widget might appear differently, depending on your environment's configuration and style rules.



Important

Some users can also set callflow preferences and default server settings to configure how Intelligent Automation processes rich media. See the [Setting Callflow Preferences](#) page for more information.

For more information about rich media functionality, refer to the [Rich Media](#) page in this manual.